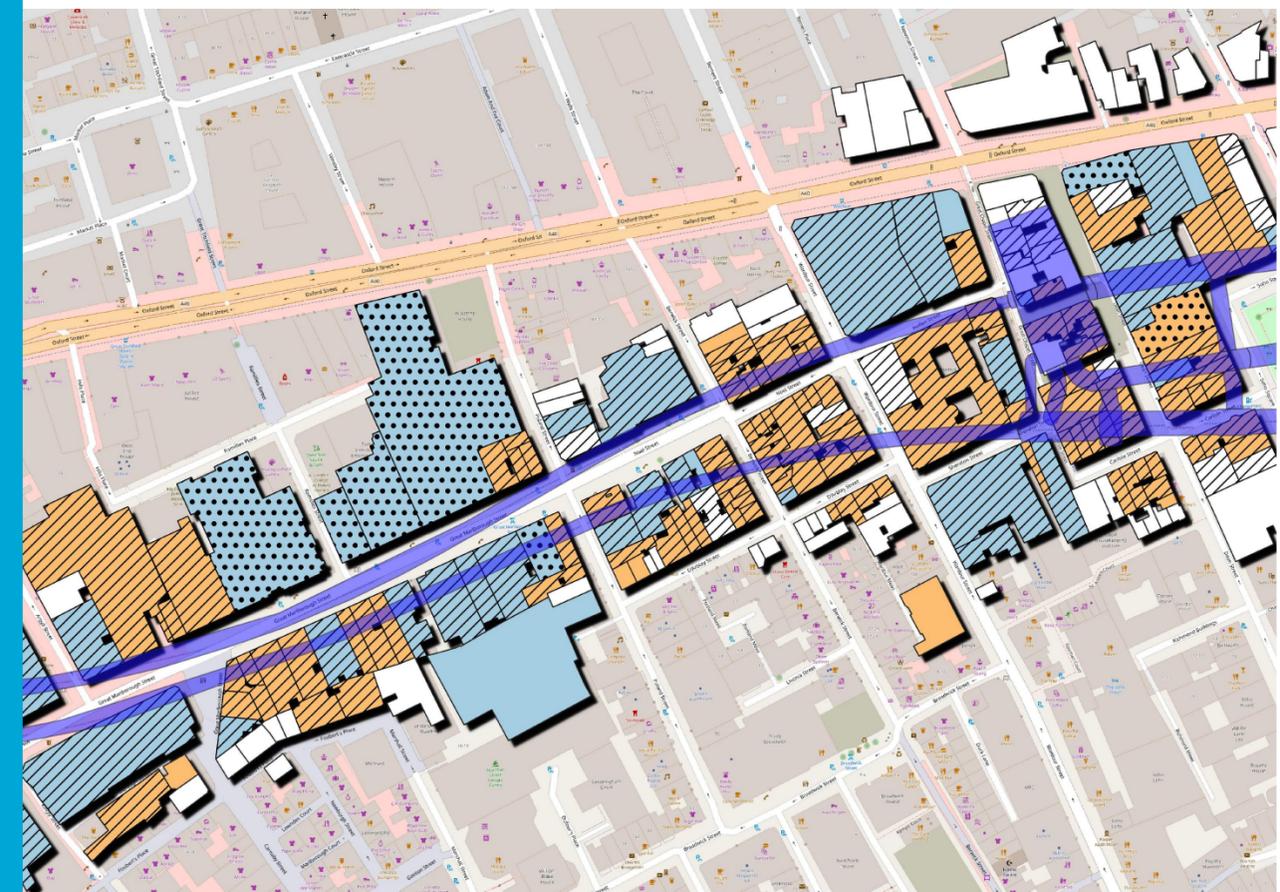
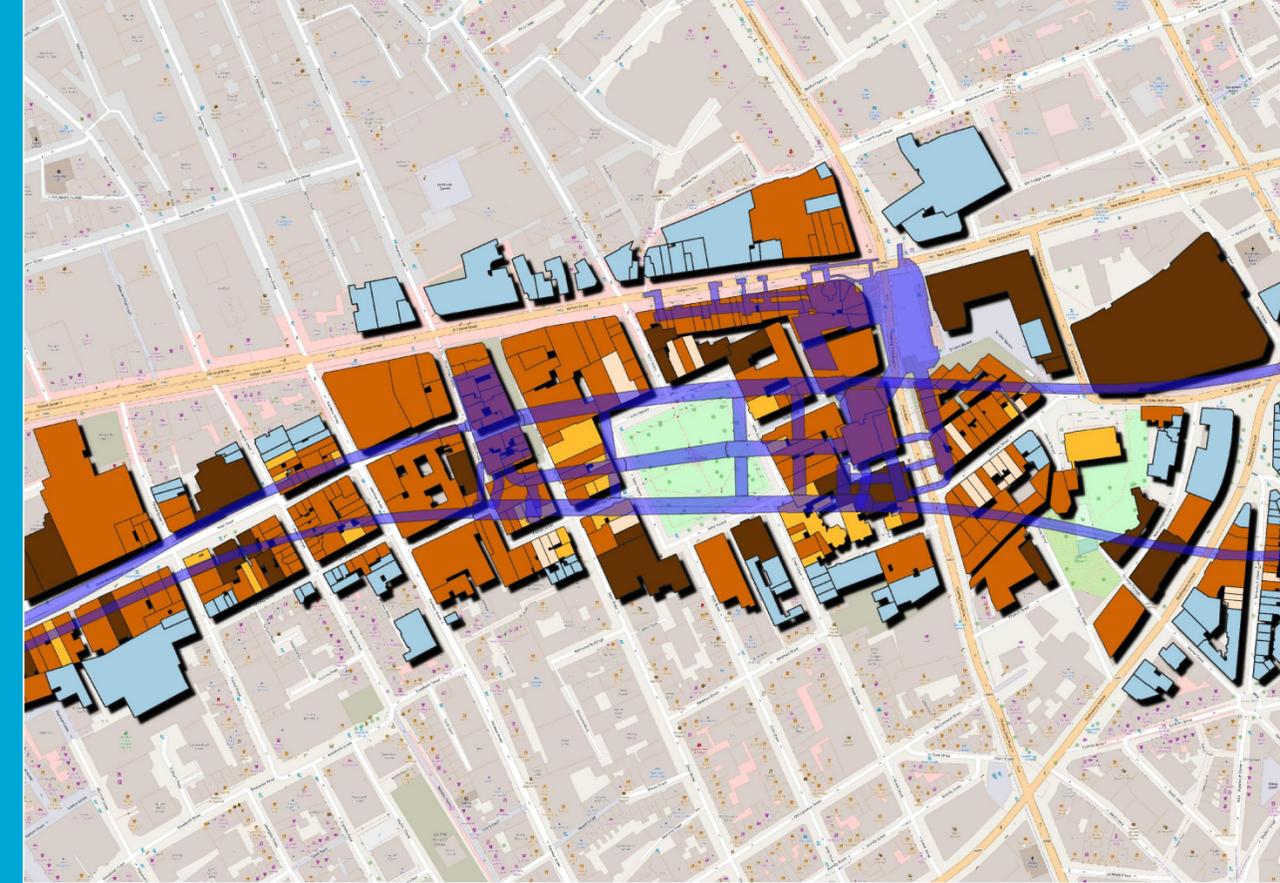
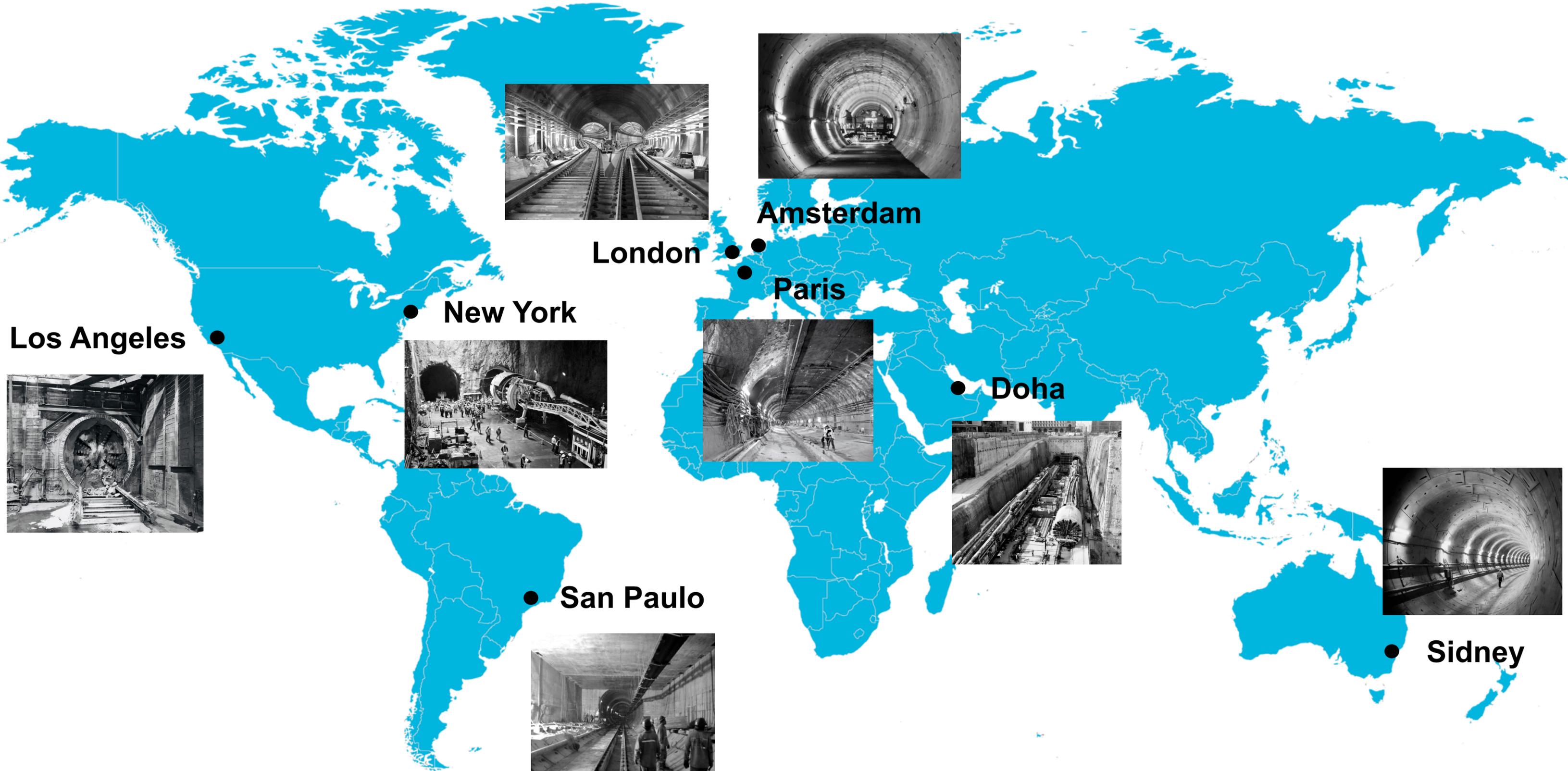


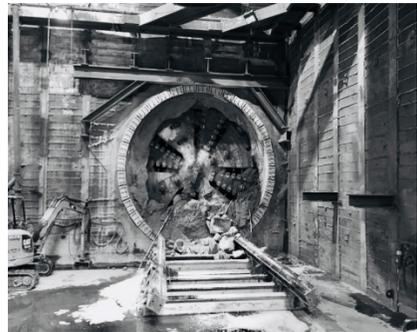
# City-scale assessment of tunnelling-induced building deformations

Giorgia Giardina  
Delft University of Technology





**Los Angeles**



**New York**



**San Paulo**



**London**



**Amsterdam**



**Paris**



**Doha**



**Sidney**





Royal Oak  
Portal

Paddington

Bond Street

Tottenham  
Court  
Road

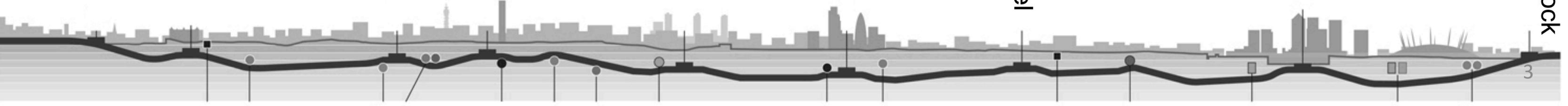
Farrington

Liverpool  
Street

Whitechapel

Canary  
Wharf

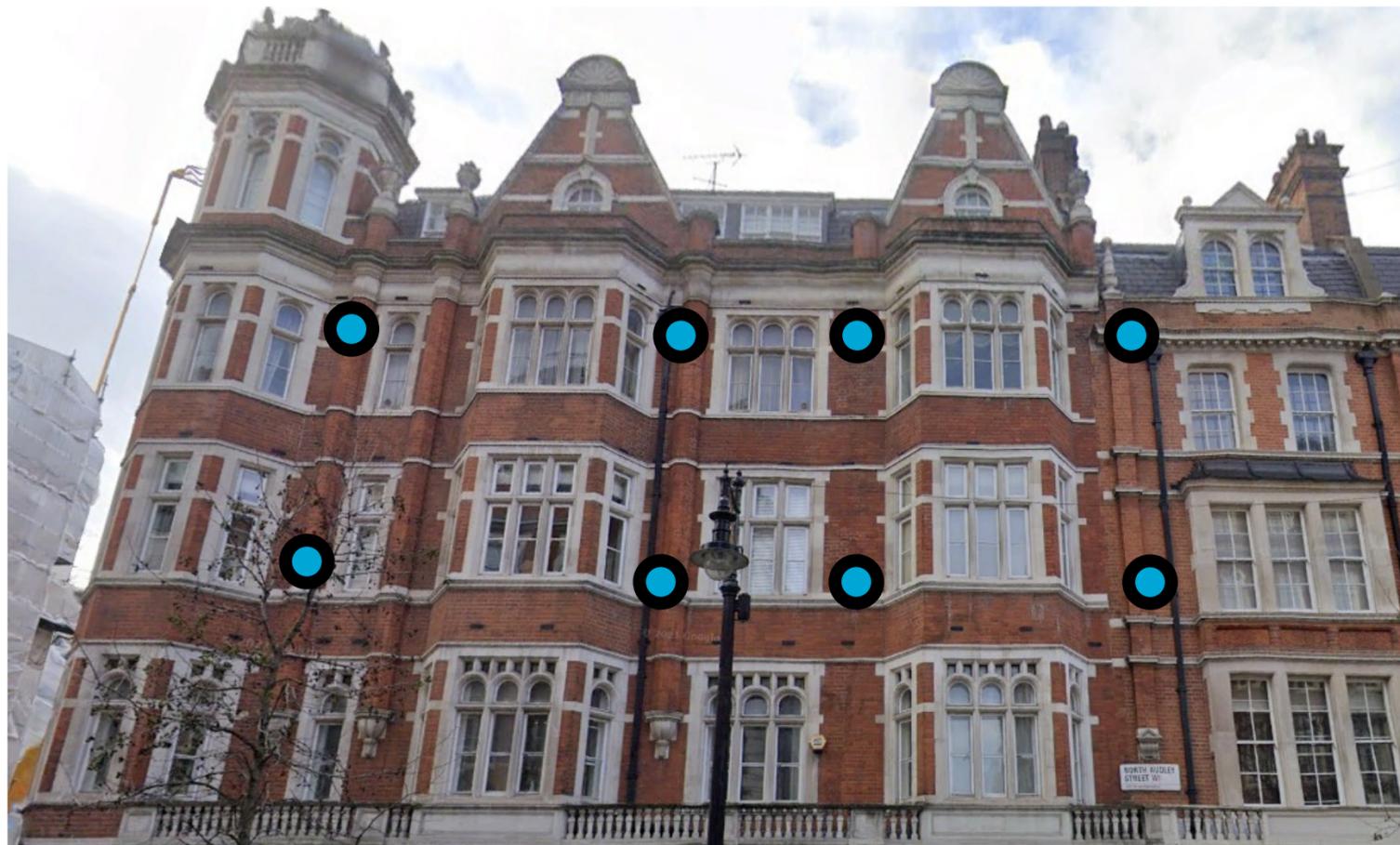
Victoria Dock  
Portal



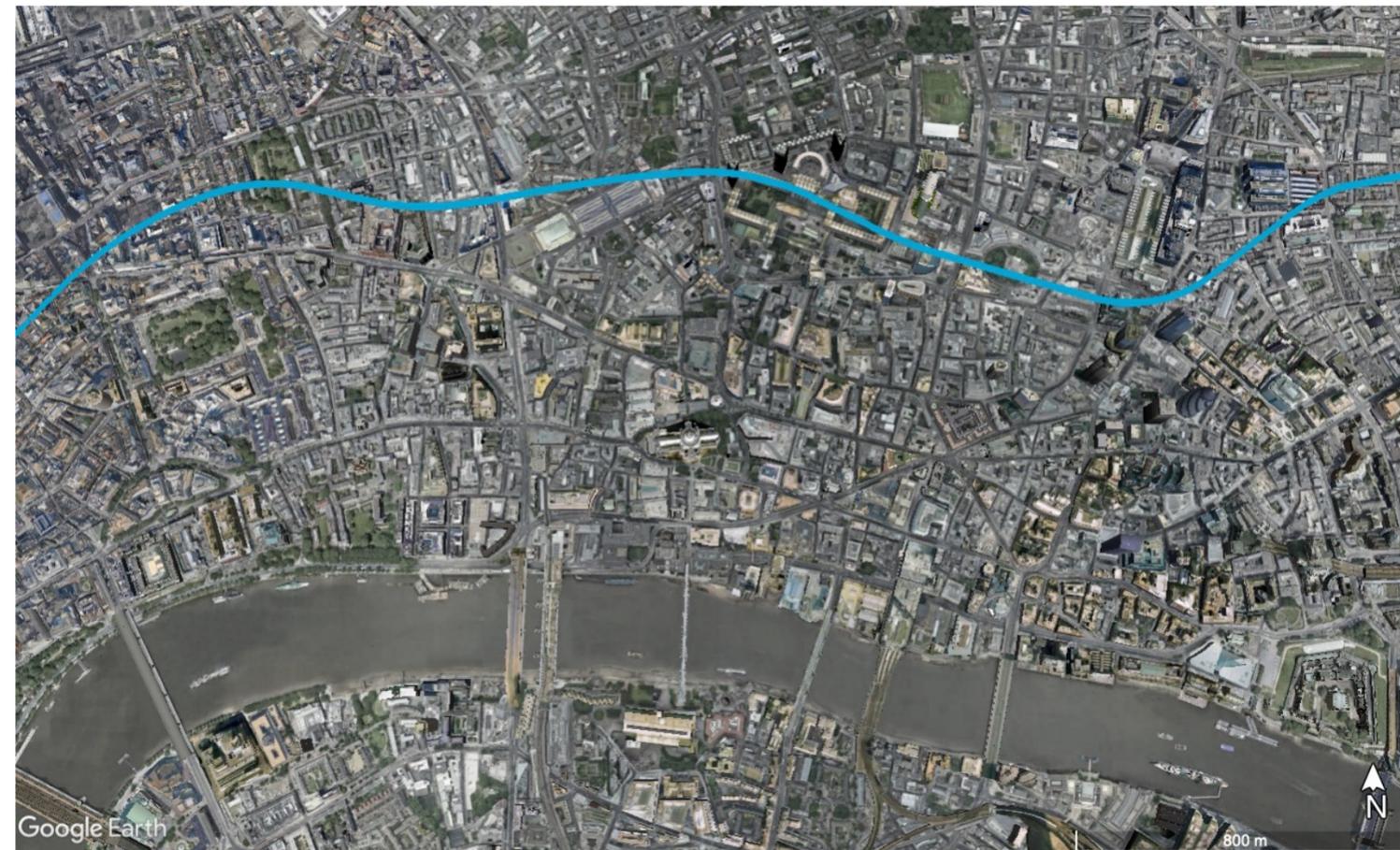
# Building deformation monitoring

- Post-tunnelling damage assessment
- Building damage prediction

# Current data availability

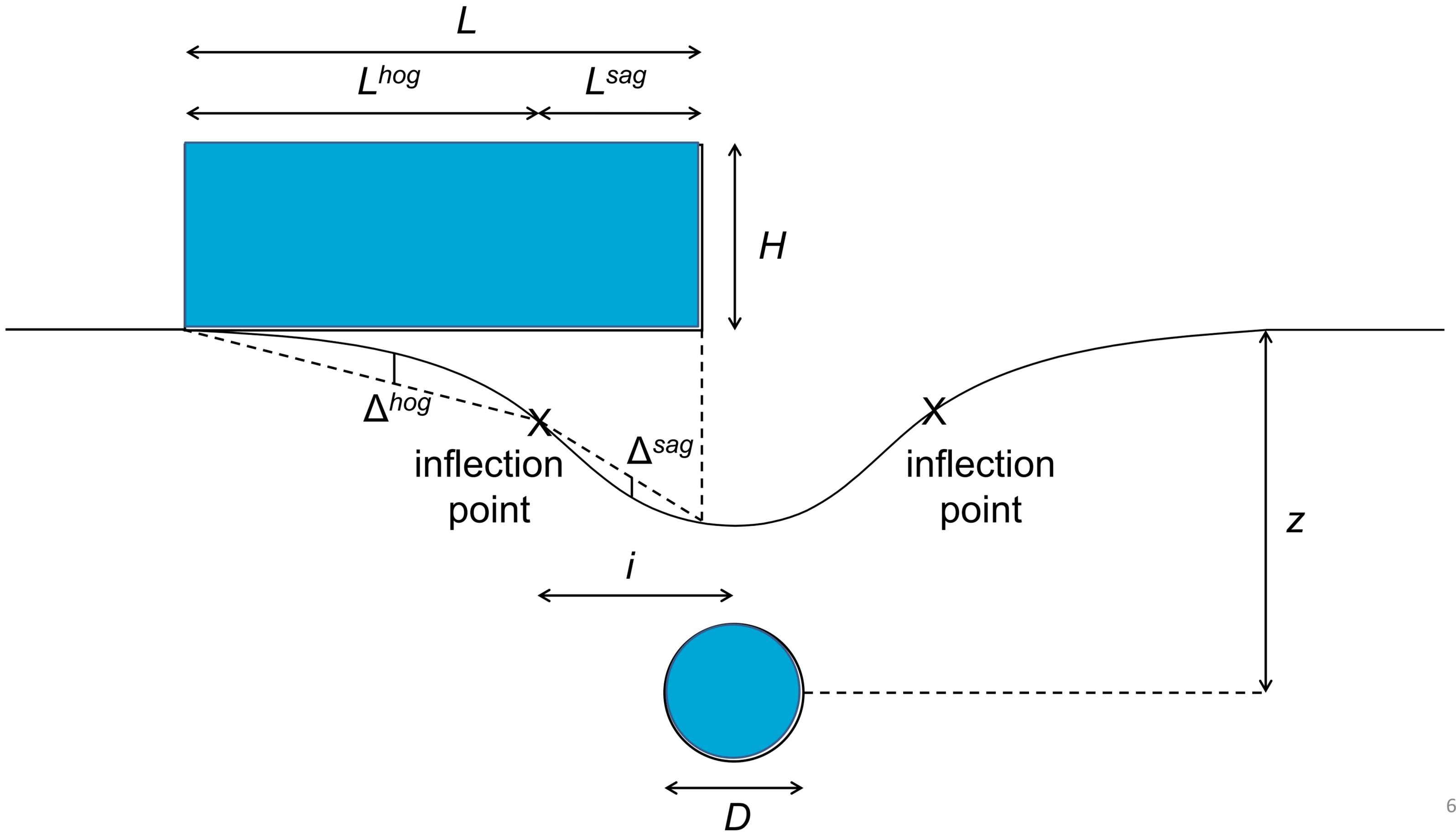


Many points on few buildings



Few points on many buildings

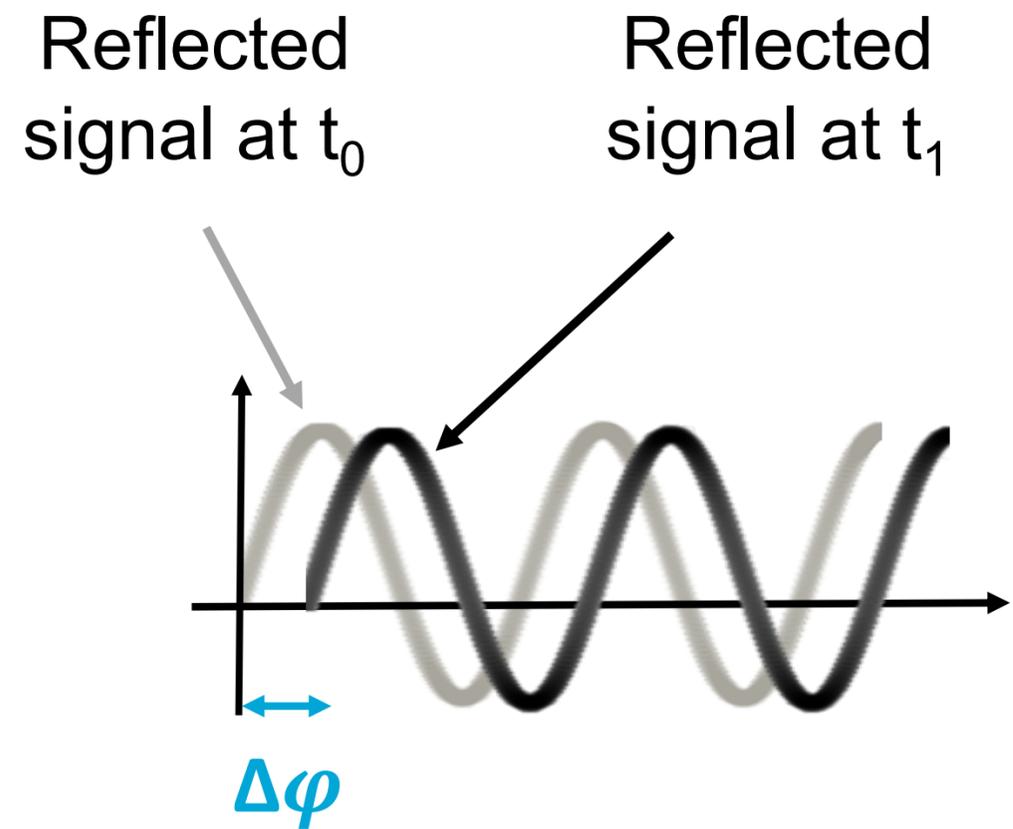
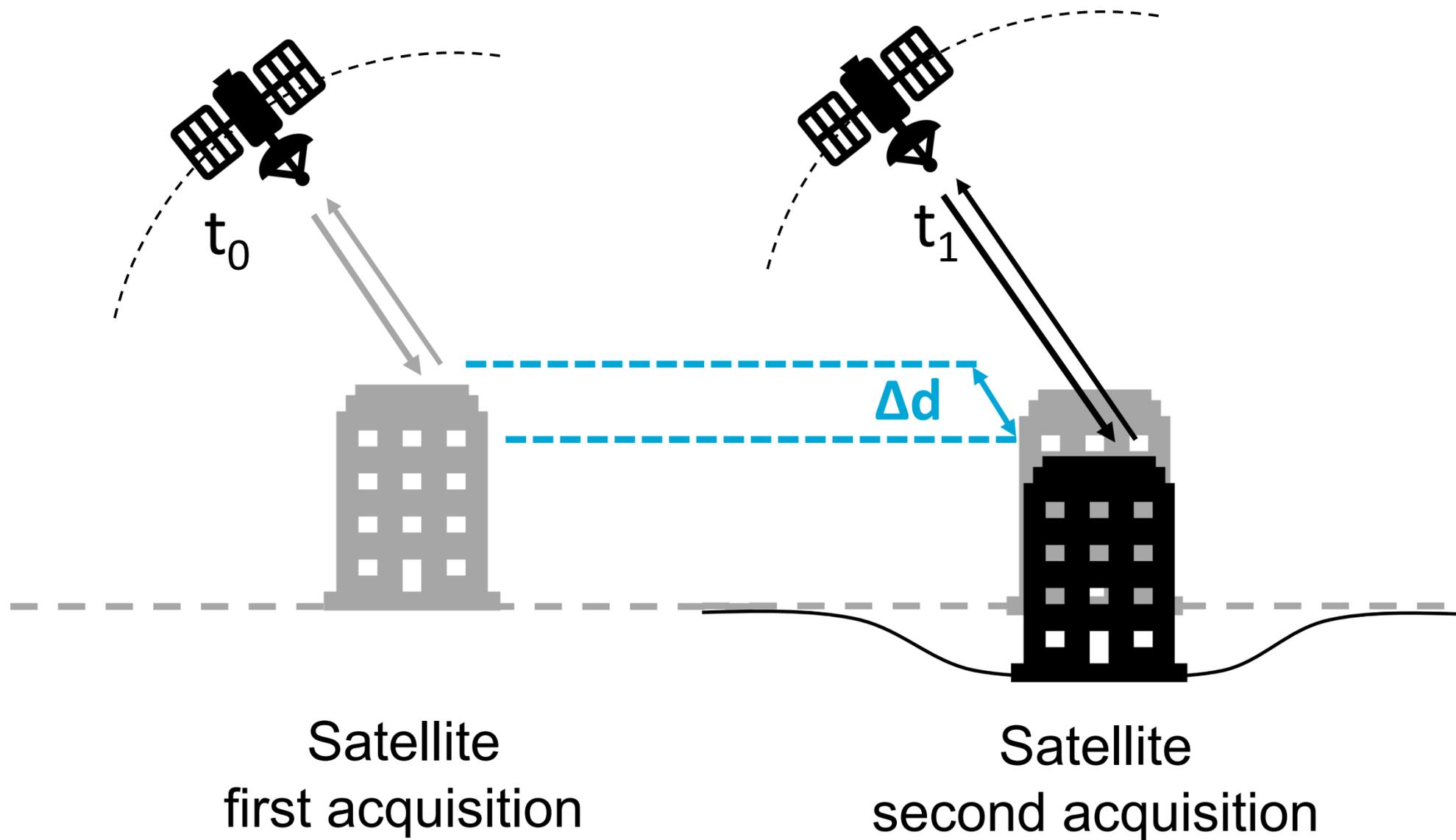
**OR**



# Building deformation monitoring

- Post-tunnelling damage assessment
- Building damage prediction

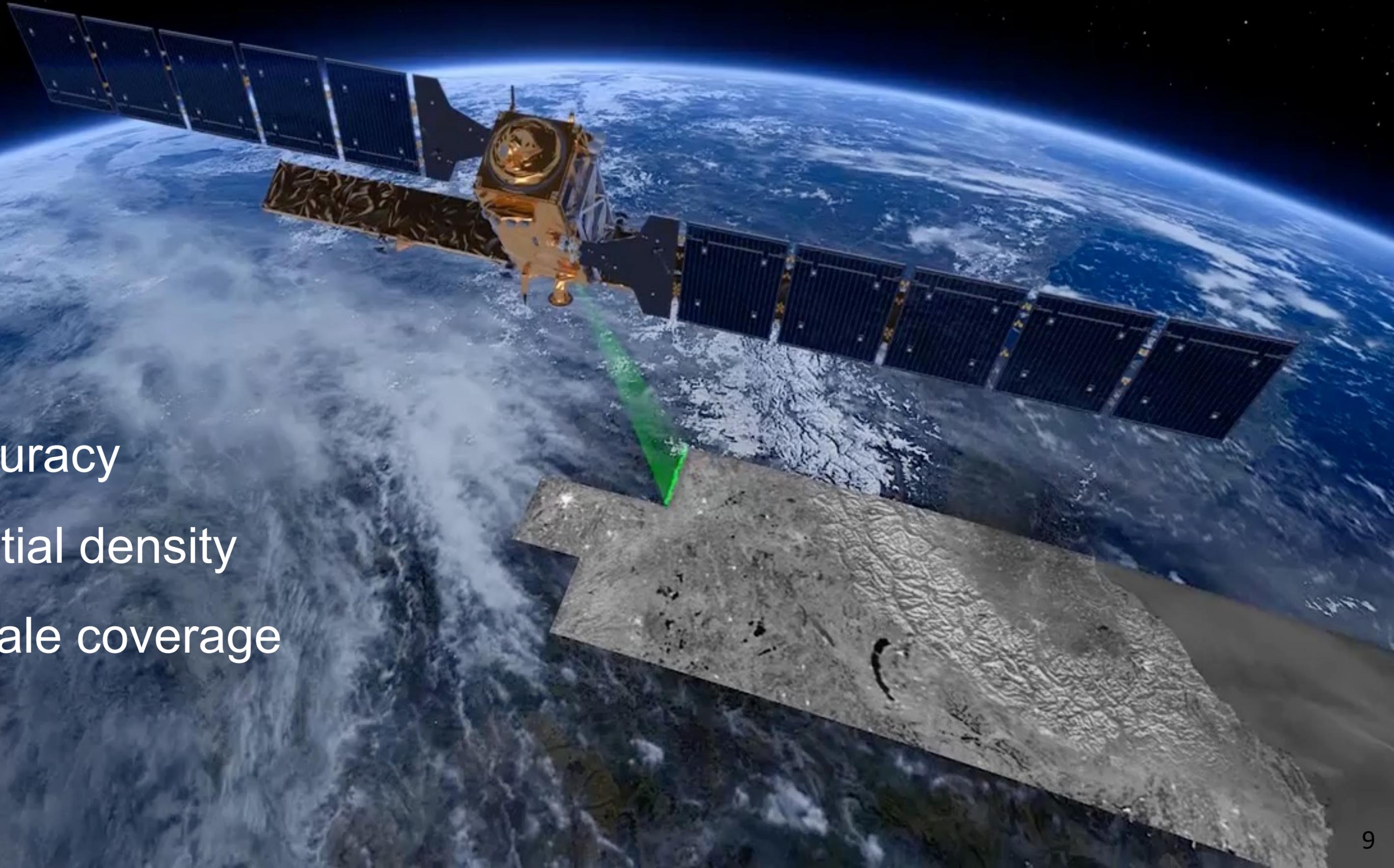
# Satellite Radar (InSAR)



Phase difference



**MILLIMETRIC DISPLACEMENT**



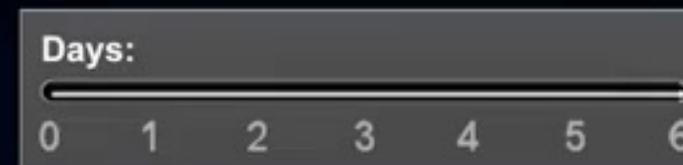
High accuracy

High spatial density

Large scale coverage



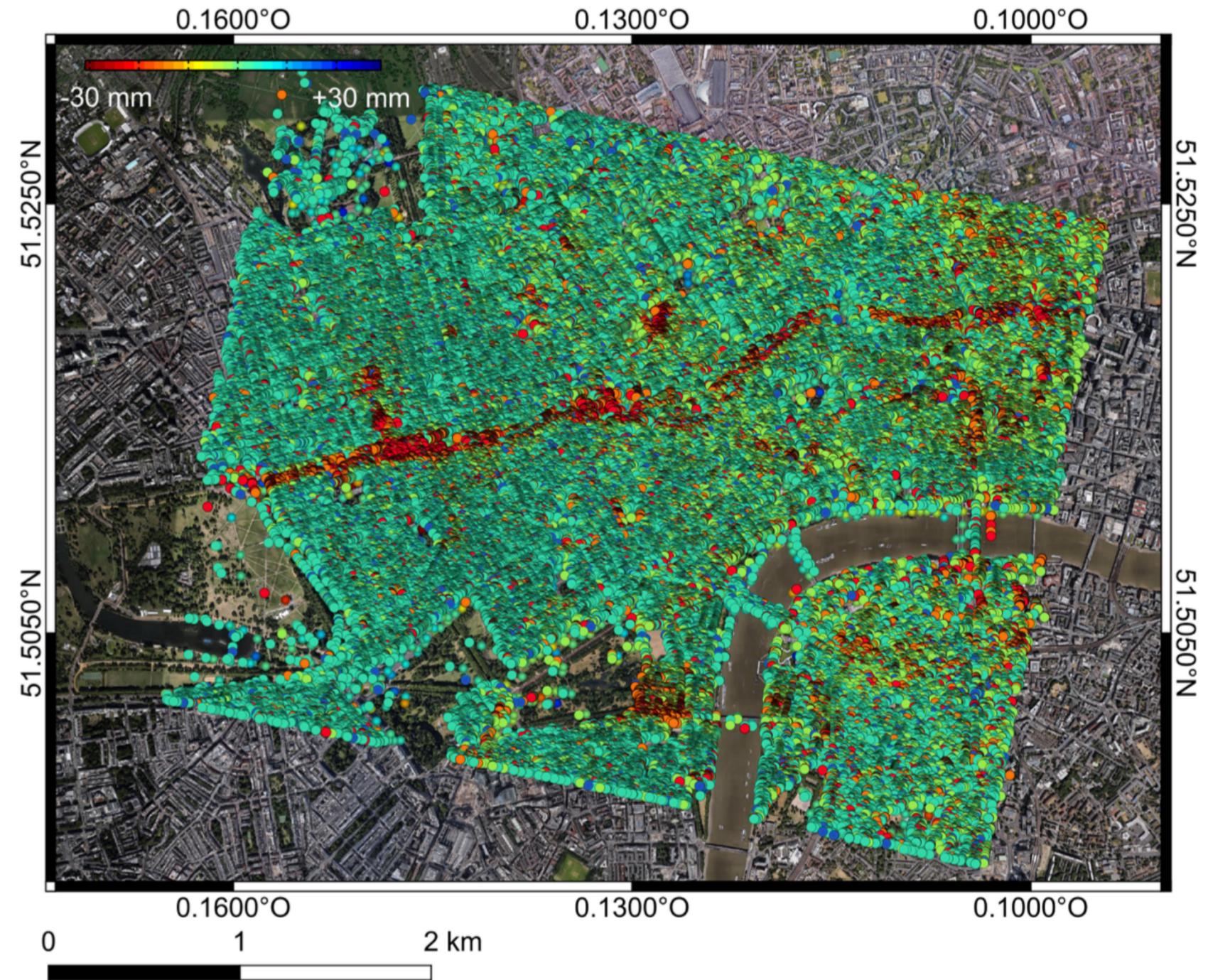
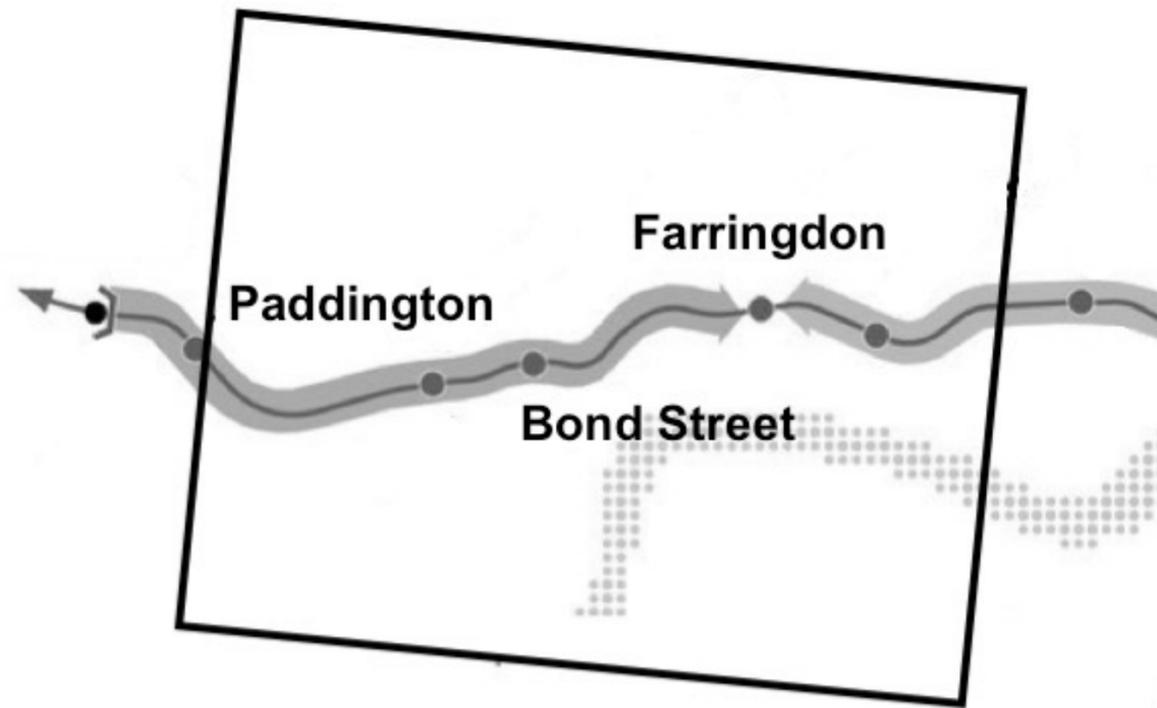
Short revisit time



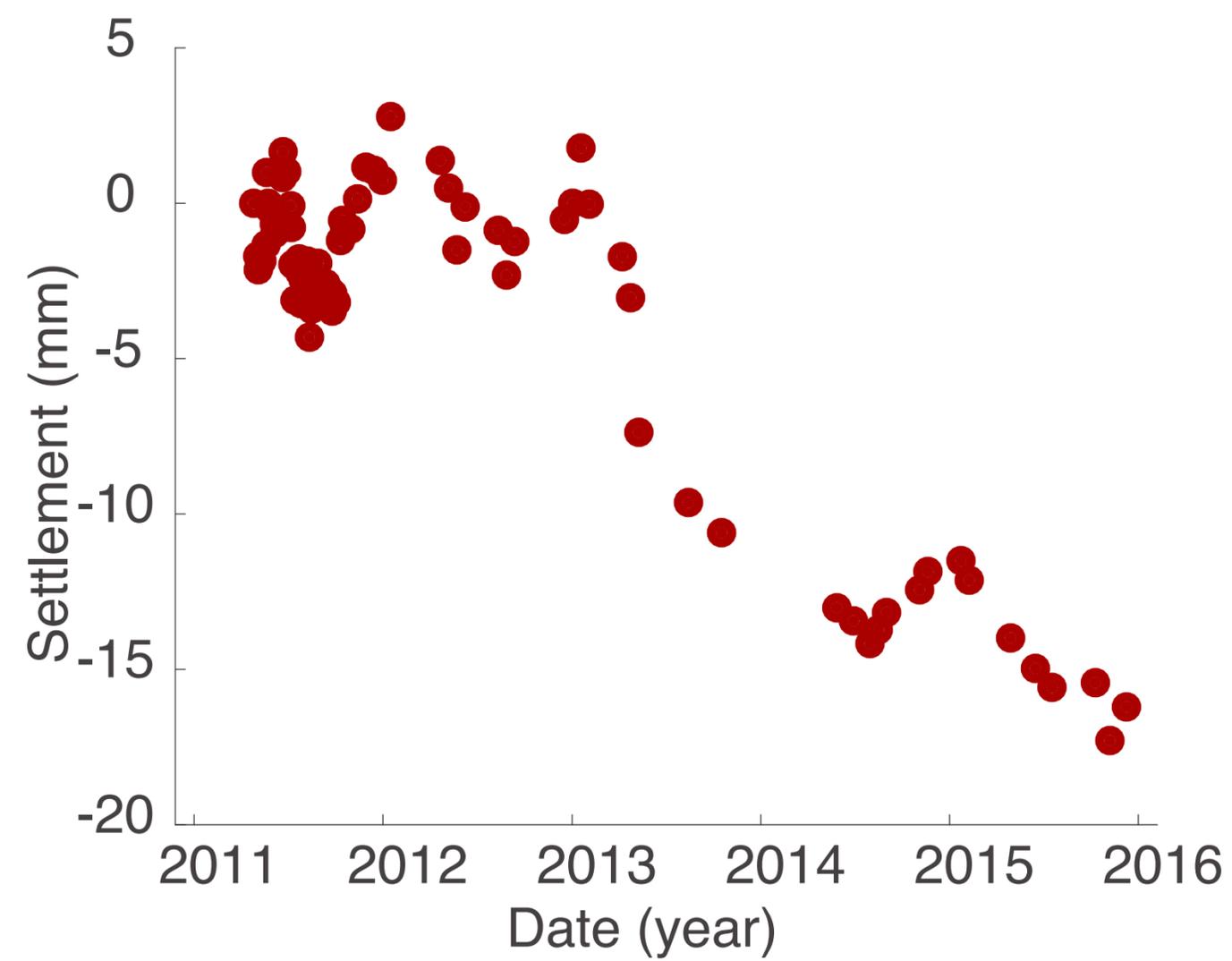
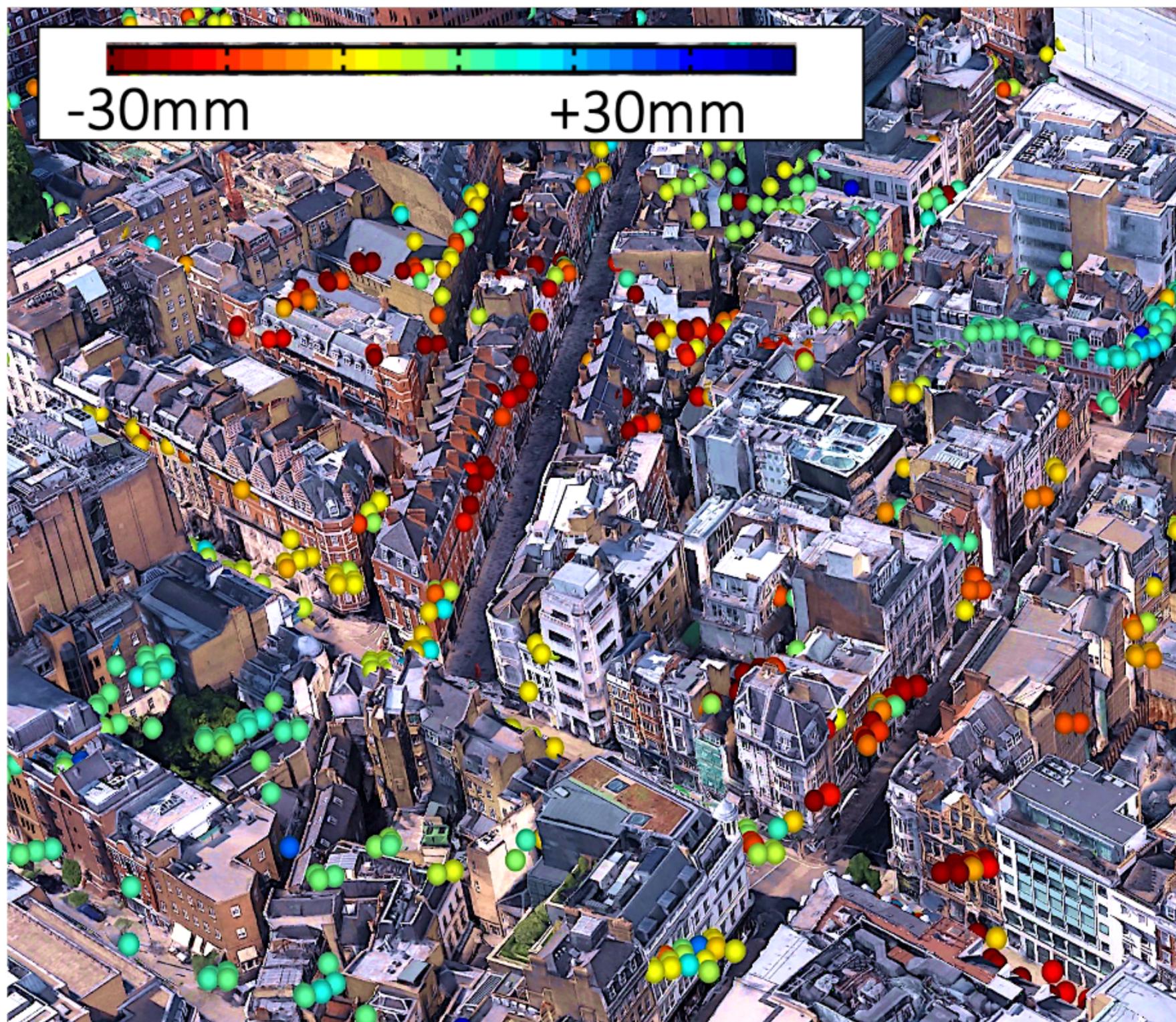
# Objective

**New automated methodology integrating InSAR-based building deformations and assessment procedures to evaluate settlement-induced damage to buildings adjacent to tunnel excavations on city-scale.**

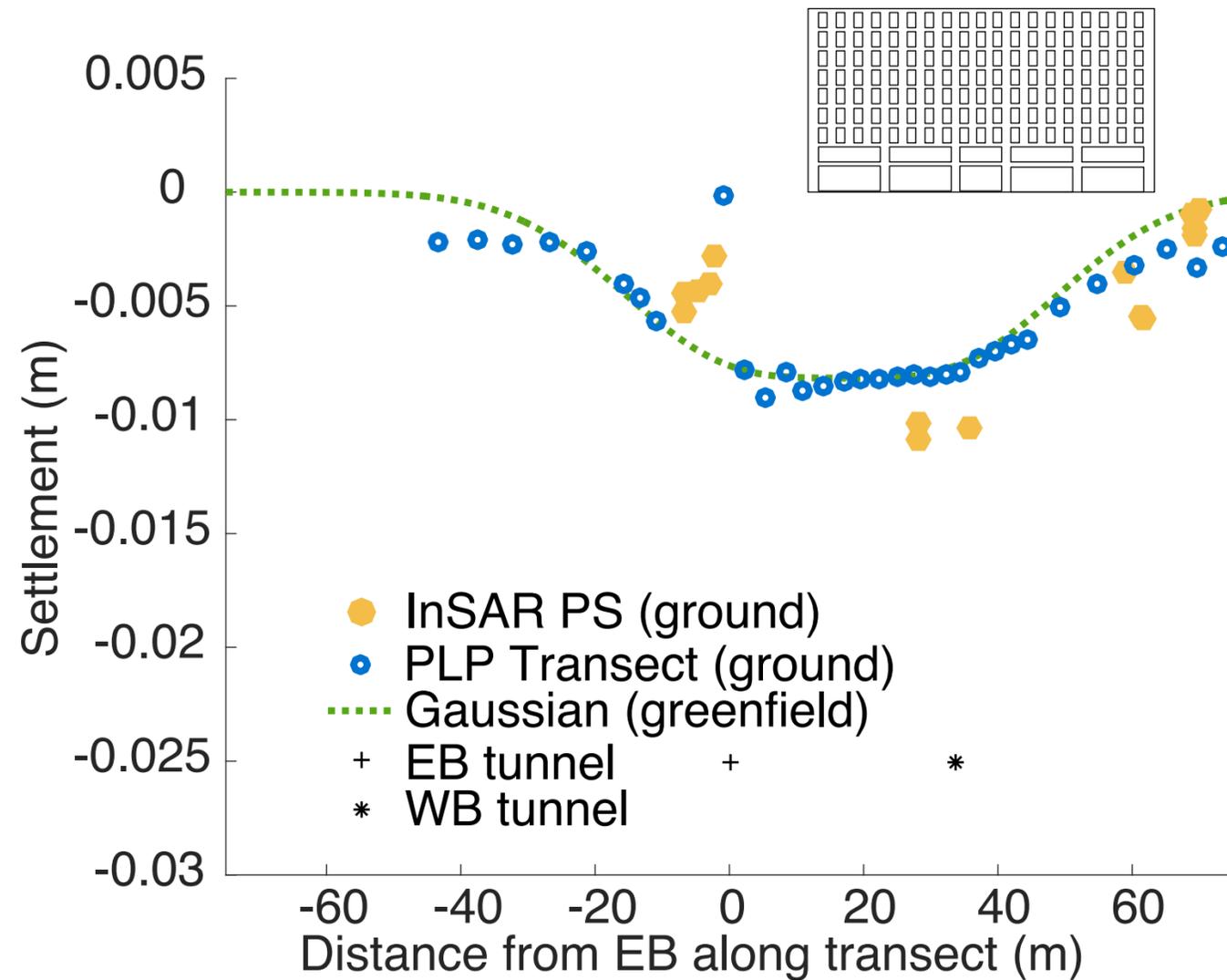
# Crossrail tunnels, London



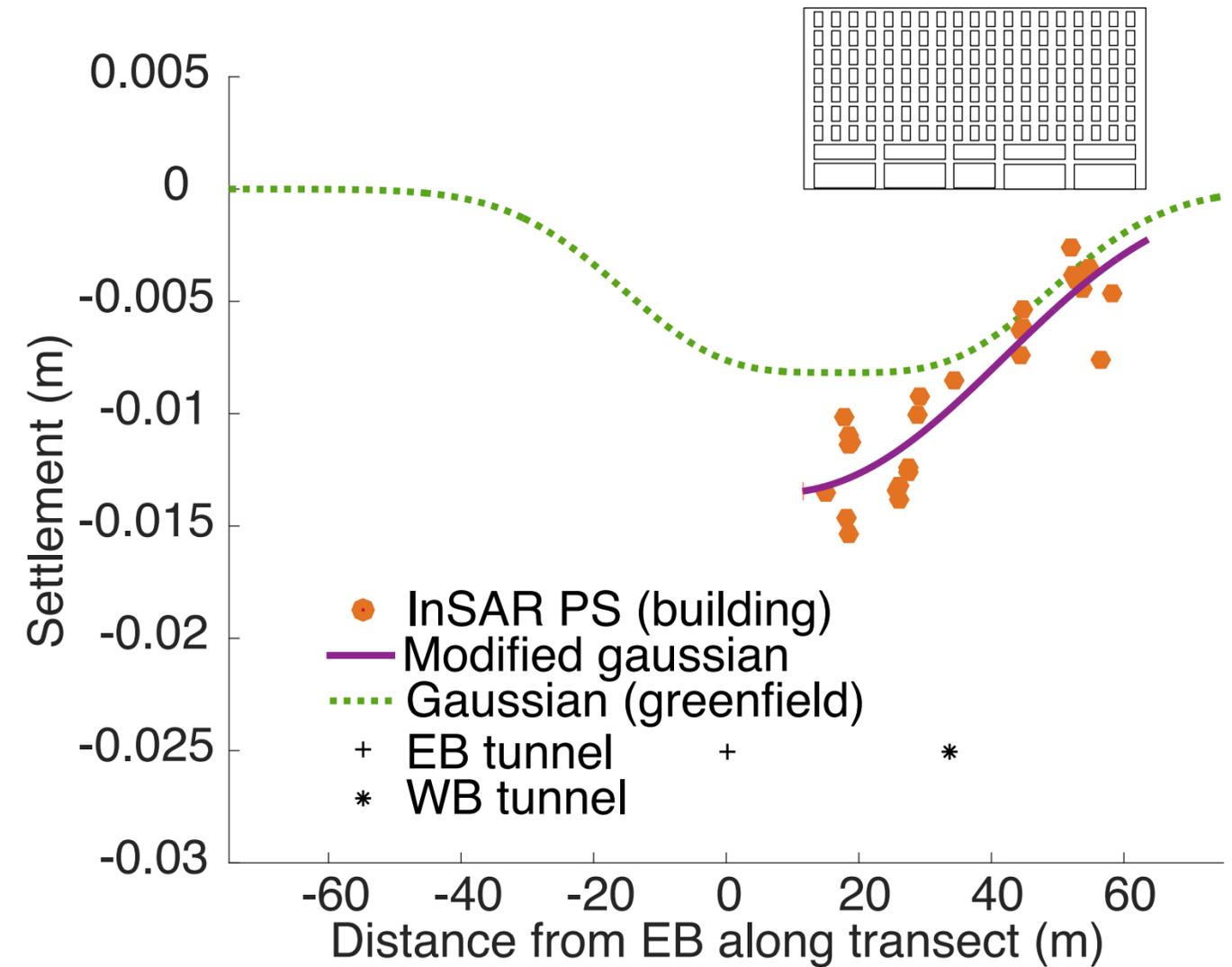
Giardina, G, Milillo, P, DeJong, MJ, Perissin, D and Milillo, G 2019, Evaluation of InSAR monitoring data for post-tunnelling settlement damage assessment, *Structural Control and Health Monitoring*

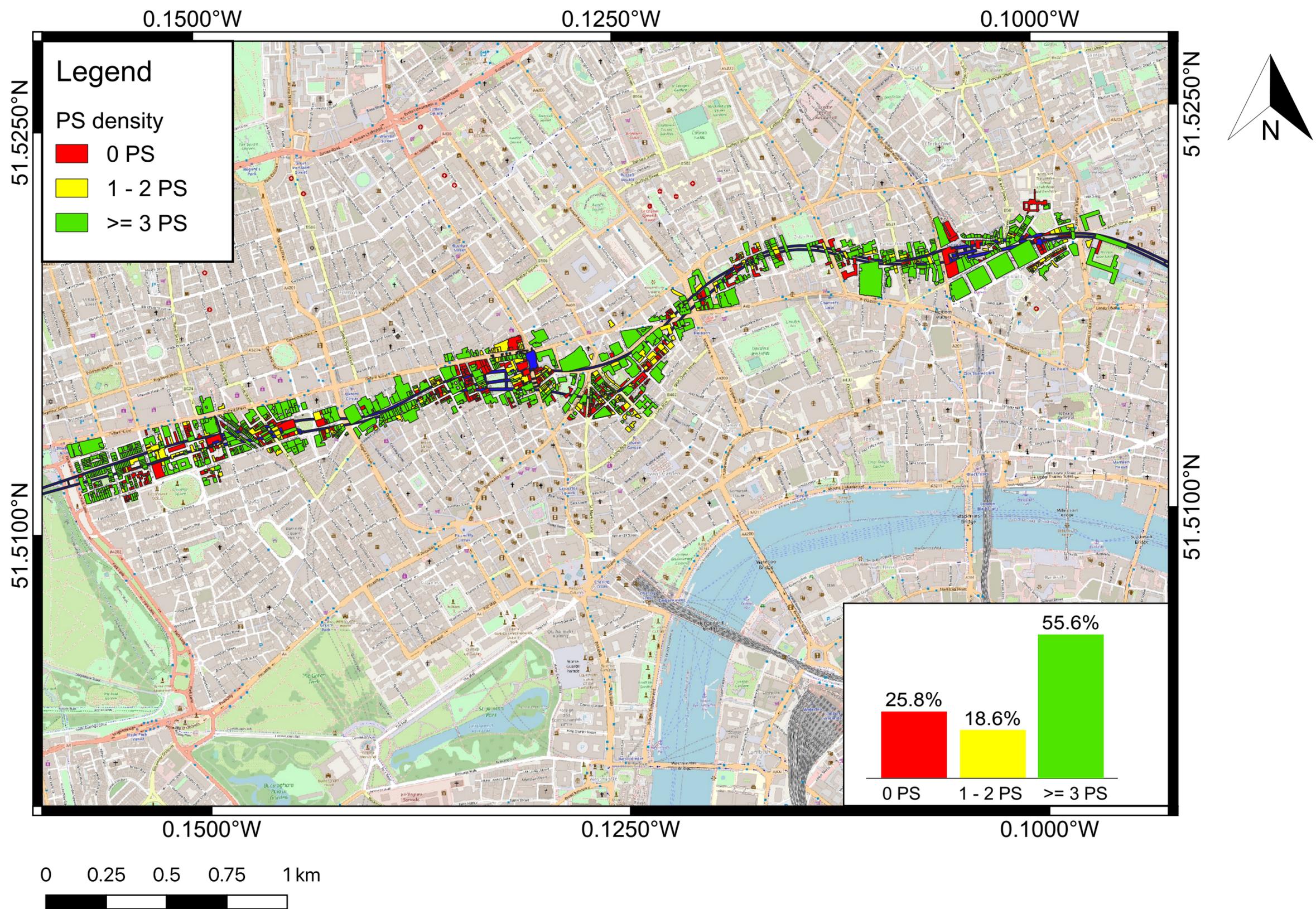


## Ground settlement



## Building settlement

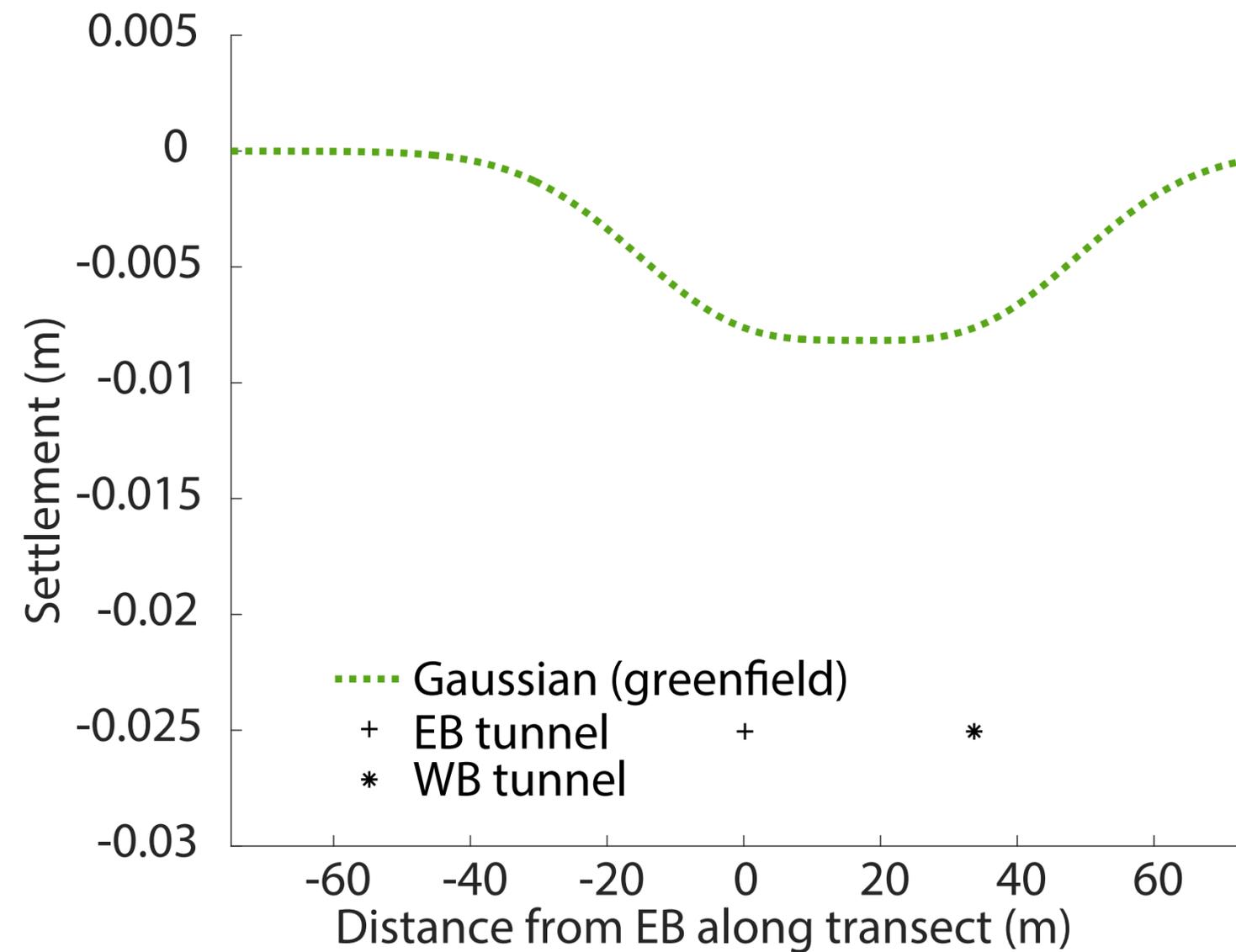




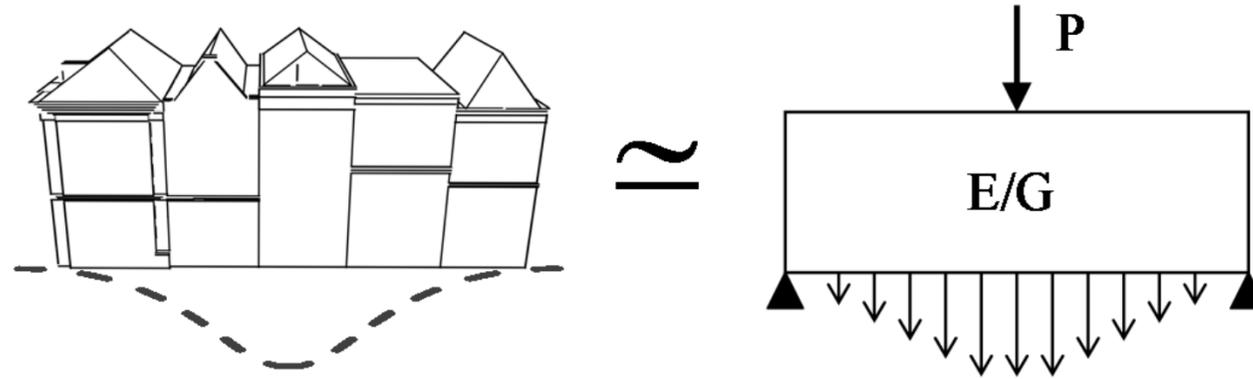
Macchiarulo, V, Milillo, P, DeJong M, Gonzalez Marti, J, Sanchez, J and Giardina, G 2021, Integrated InSAR monitoring and structural assessment of tunnelling-induced building deformations, *Structural Control and Health Monitoring*

1. Tunnelling-induced settlement profile in the absence of surface structures:

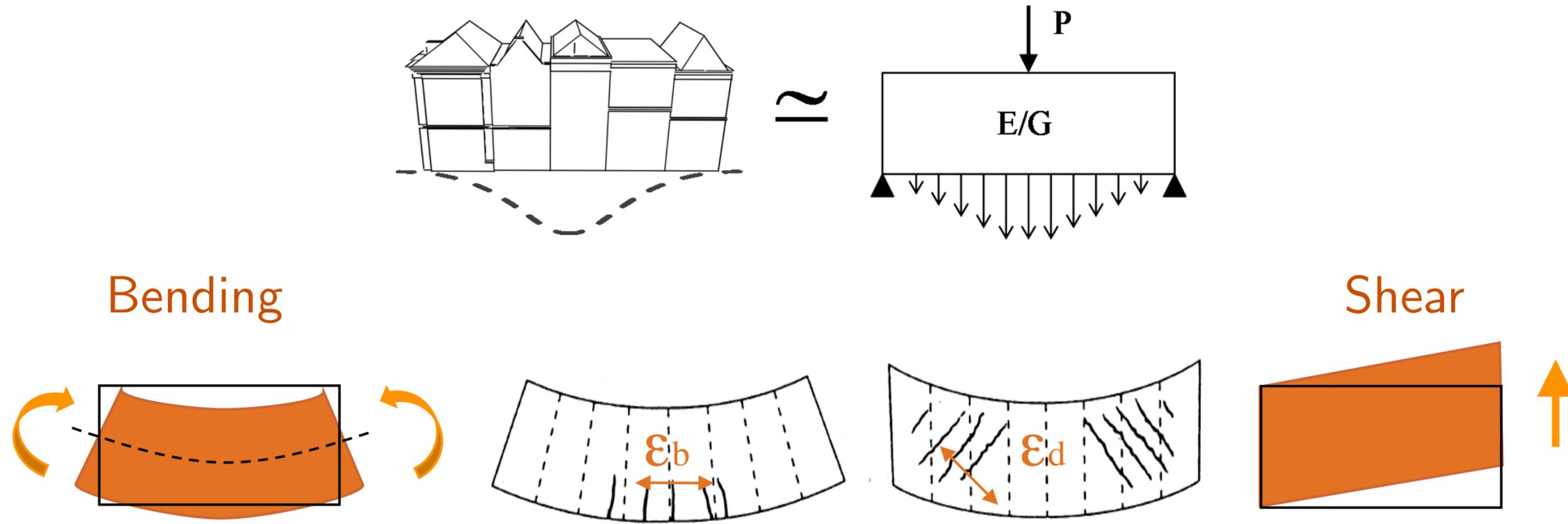
$$S(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{V_L D^2}{4i} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2i^2}}$$



2. Maximum bending strain  $\varepsilon_{b,\max}$  and diagonal strain  $\varepsilon_{d,\max}$ :

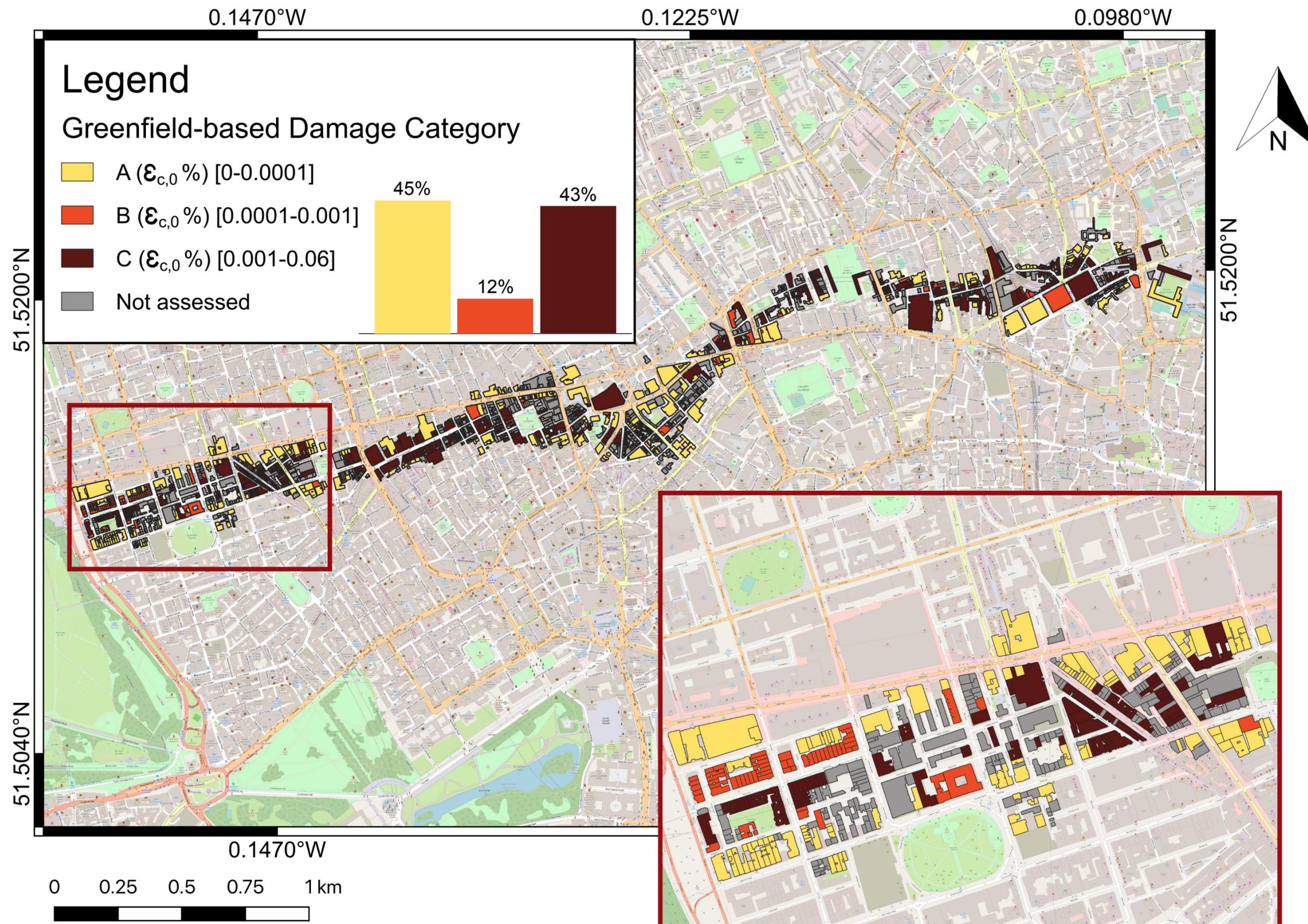


2. Maximum bending strain  $\epsilon_{b,\max}$  and diagonal strain  $\epsilon_{d,\max}$ :

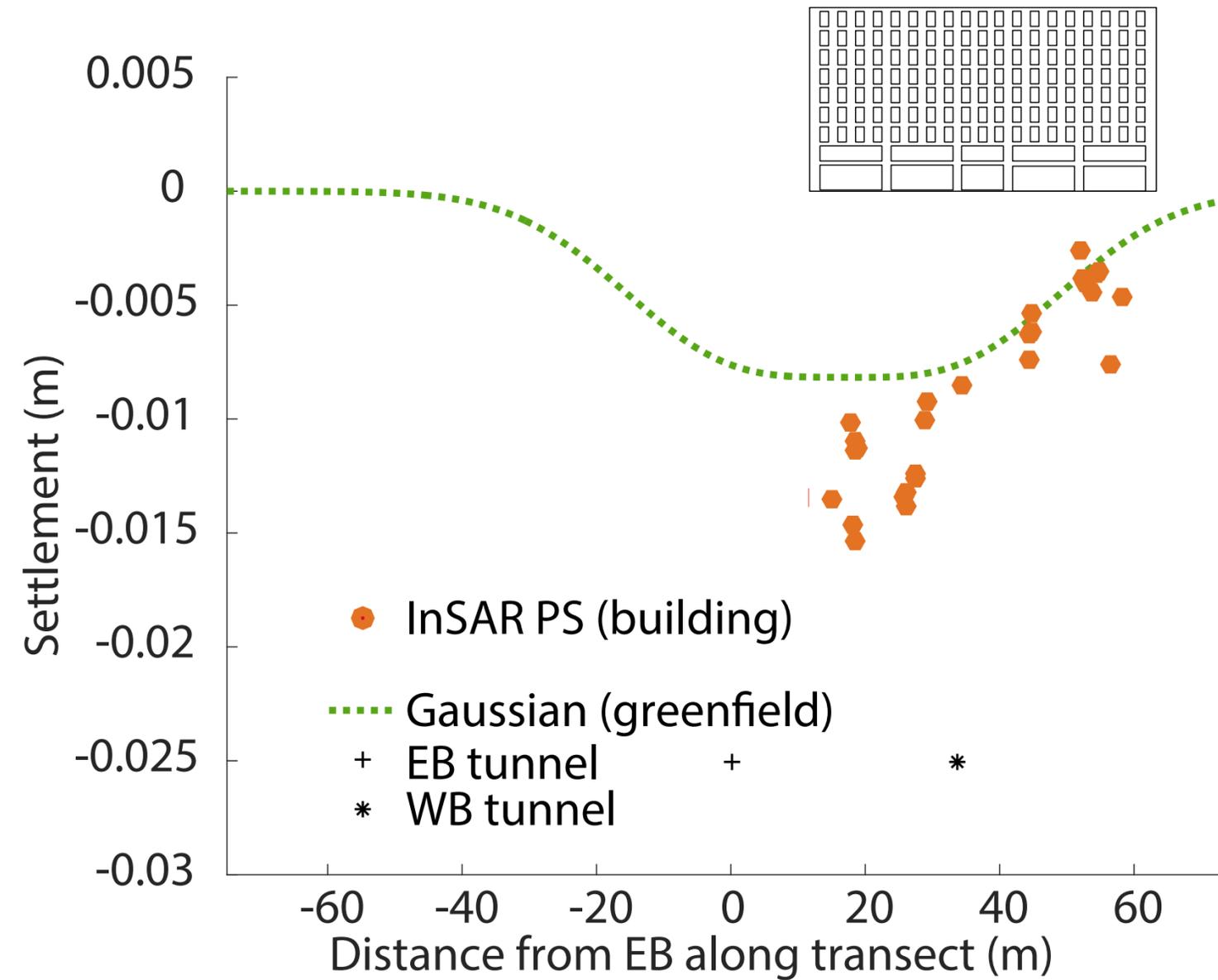


$$\epsilon_{b,\max} = \frac{\Delta/L}{\frac{1}{12} \frac{L}{t} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{I}{tLH} \frac{E}{G}}$$

$$\epsilon_{d,\max} = \frac{\Delta/L}{1 + \frac{1}{18} \frac{HL^2}{I} \frac{G}{E}}$$

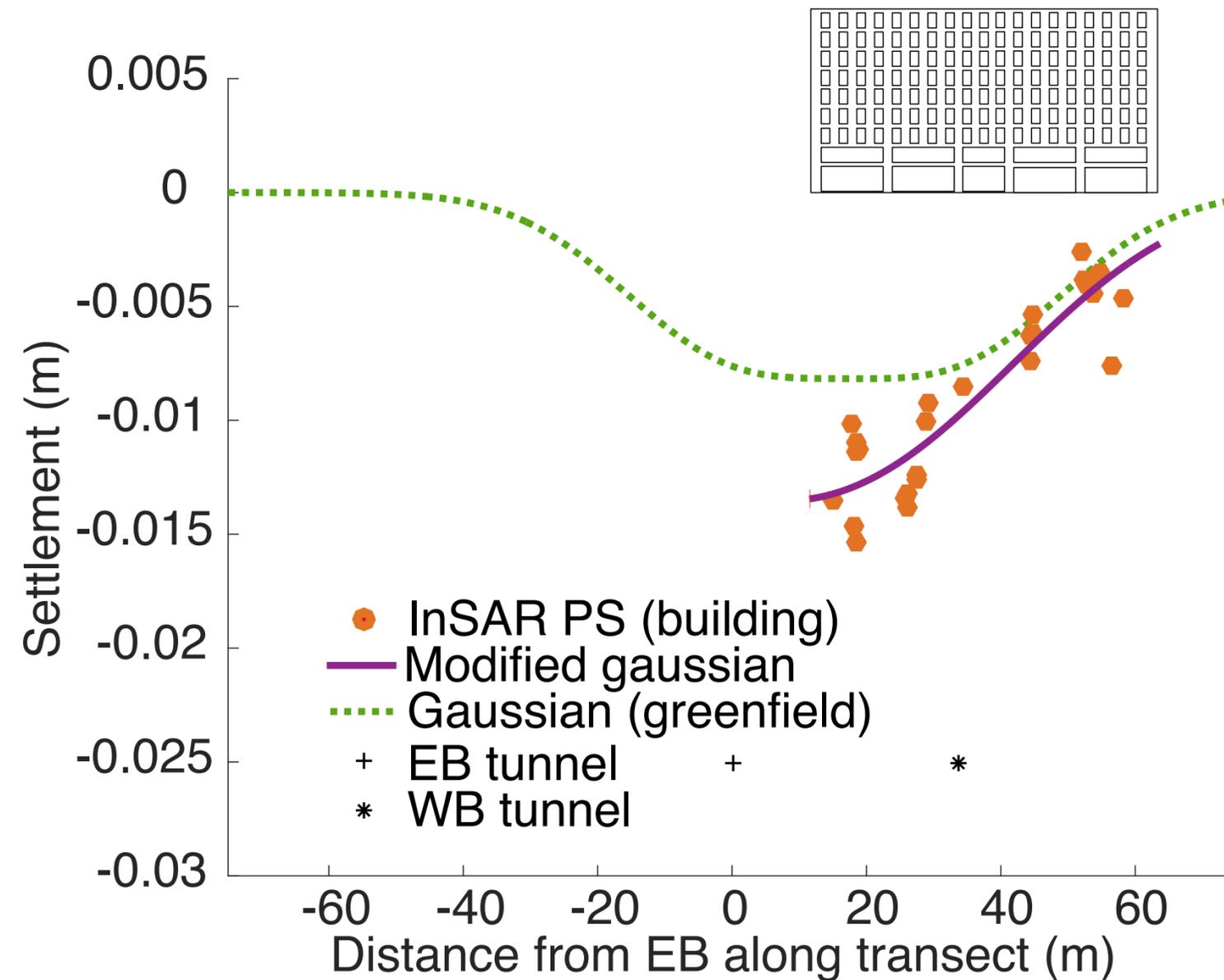


### 3. Actual (InSAR) building displacements

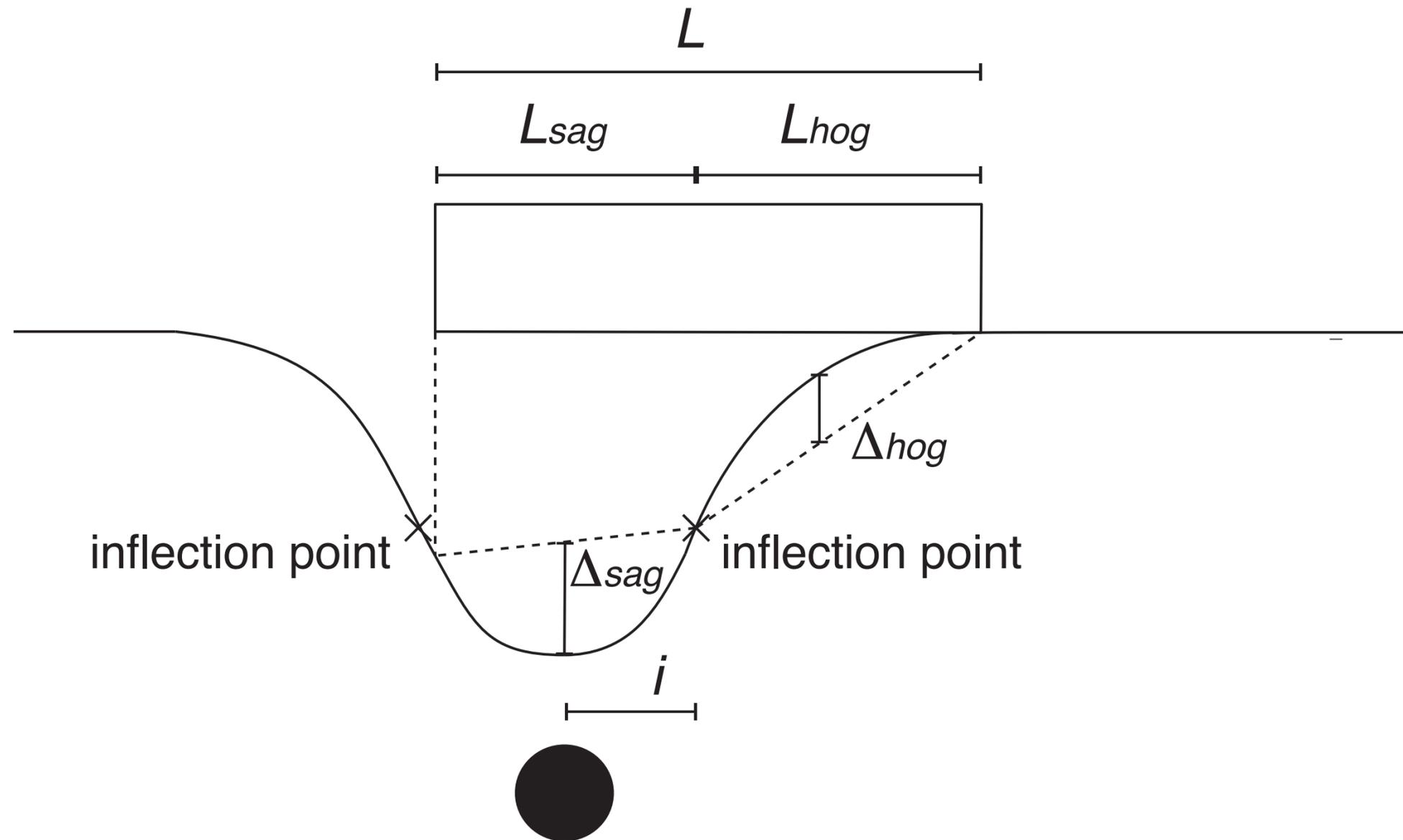


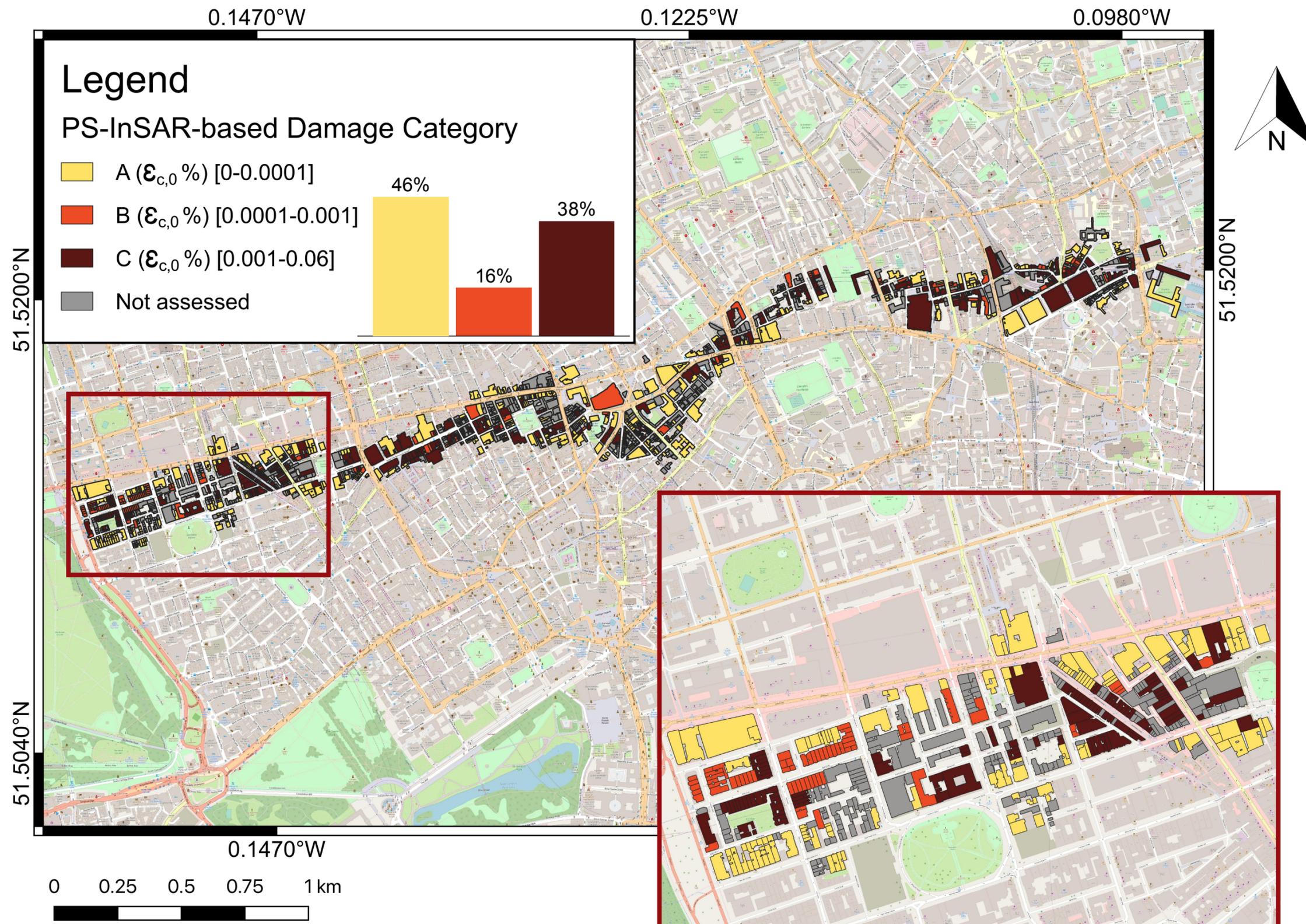
#### 4. Fitting with a modified Gaussian function

$$S(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{V_{Lm} D^2}{4i_m} e^{-\frac{x_m^2}{2i_m^2}} \quad \text{where} \quad x_m = \alpha + x, \quad V_{Lm} = \beta V_L, \quad i_m = \gamma i$$

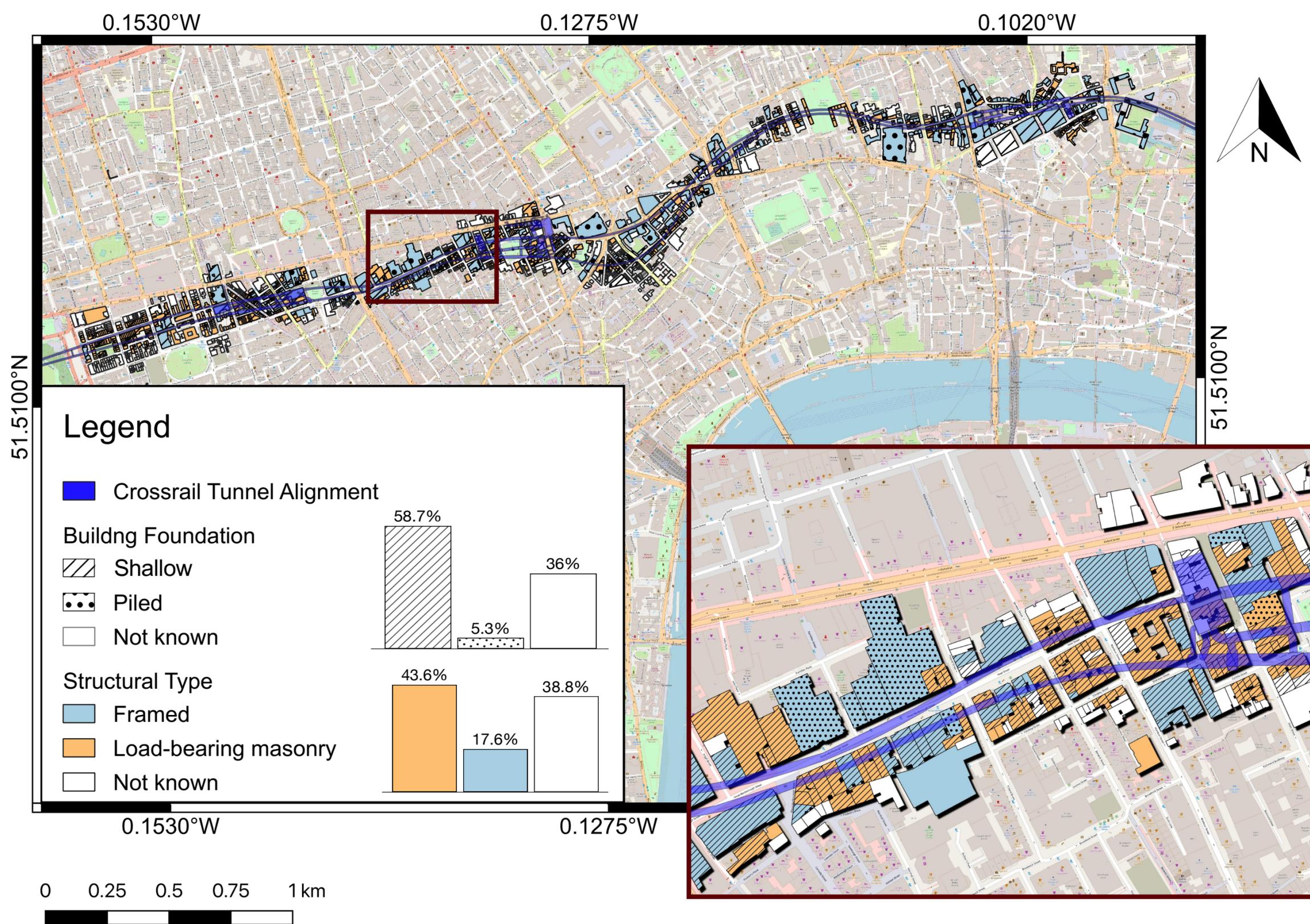


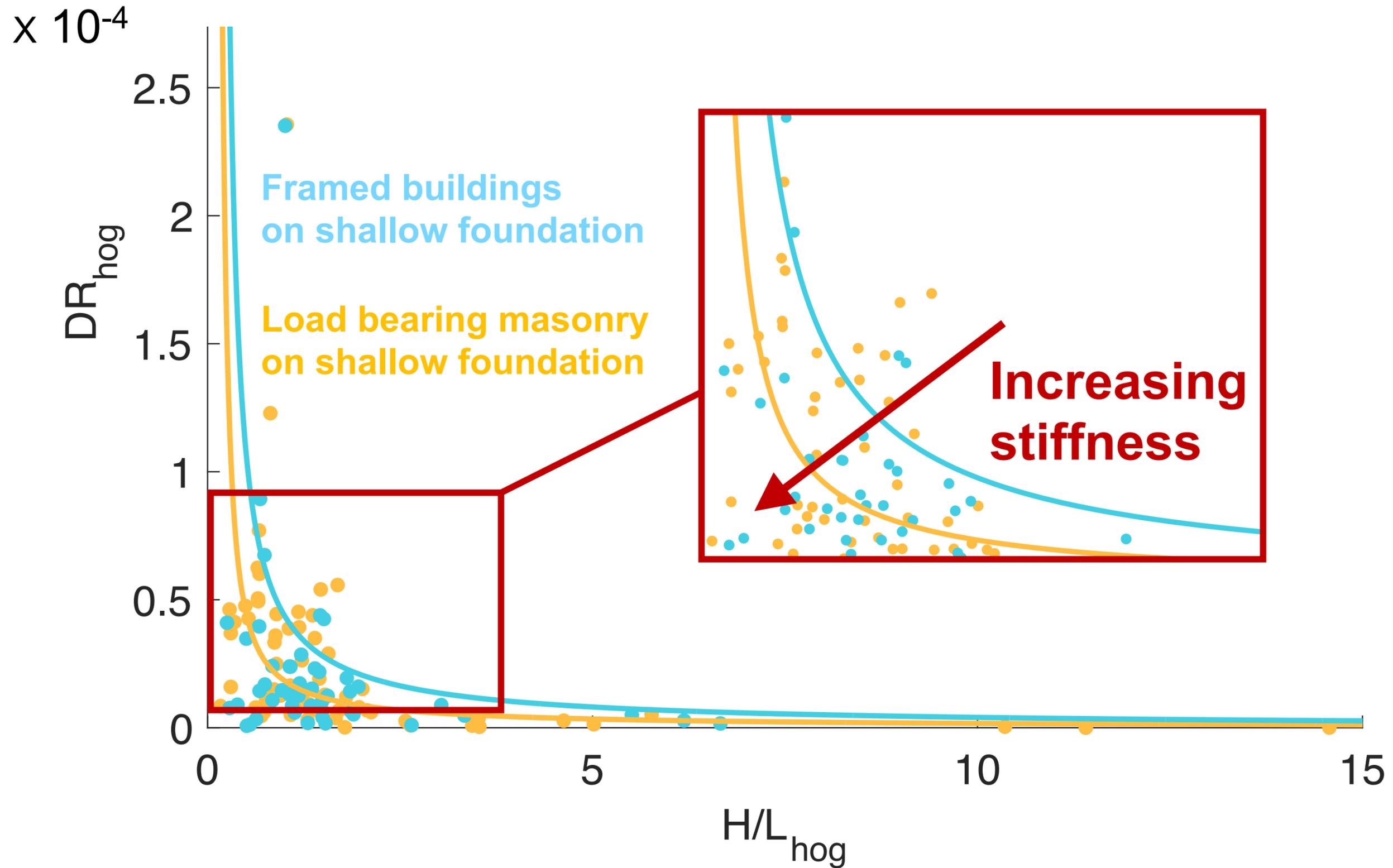
5. Maximum bending and diagonal strains from actual deflection ratio  $\Delta/L$

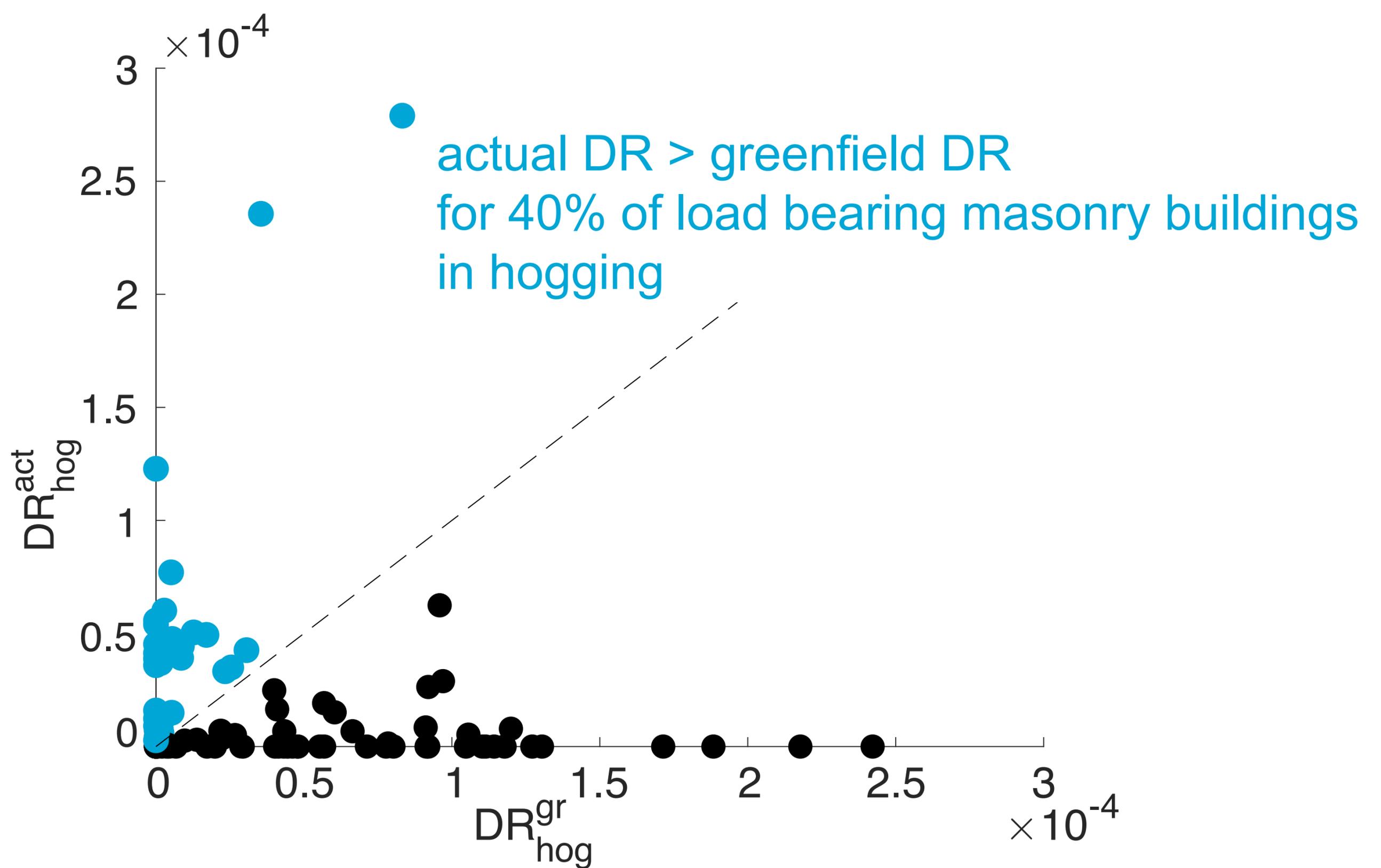




Macchiarulo, V, Milillo, P, DeJong M, Gonzalez Marti, J, Sanchez, J and Giardina, G 2021, Integrated InSAR monitoring and structural assessment of tunnelling-induced building deformations, *Structural Control and Health Monitoring*







# Conclusions

- New automated integration of InSAR monitoring and damage assessment procedures
- Large amount of high-quality building measurements at city scale
- Possibility to investigate the structural response to tunnelling for different classes of buildings

# Thanks!

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