

New Approach to Deep Sea Dredging

Mark Winkelman

KIVI, 8 september 2011

RECENT IMPRESSIVE DREDGING PROJECTS



KIVI, Delft, 2011



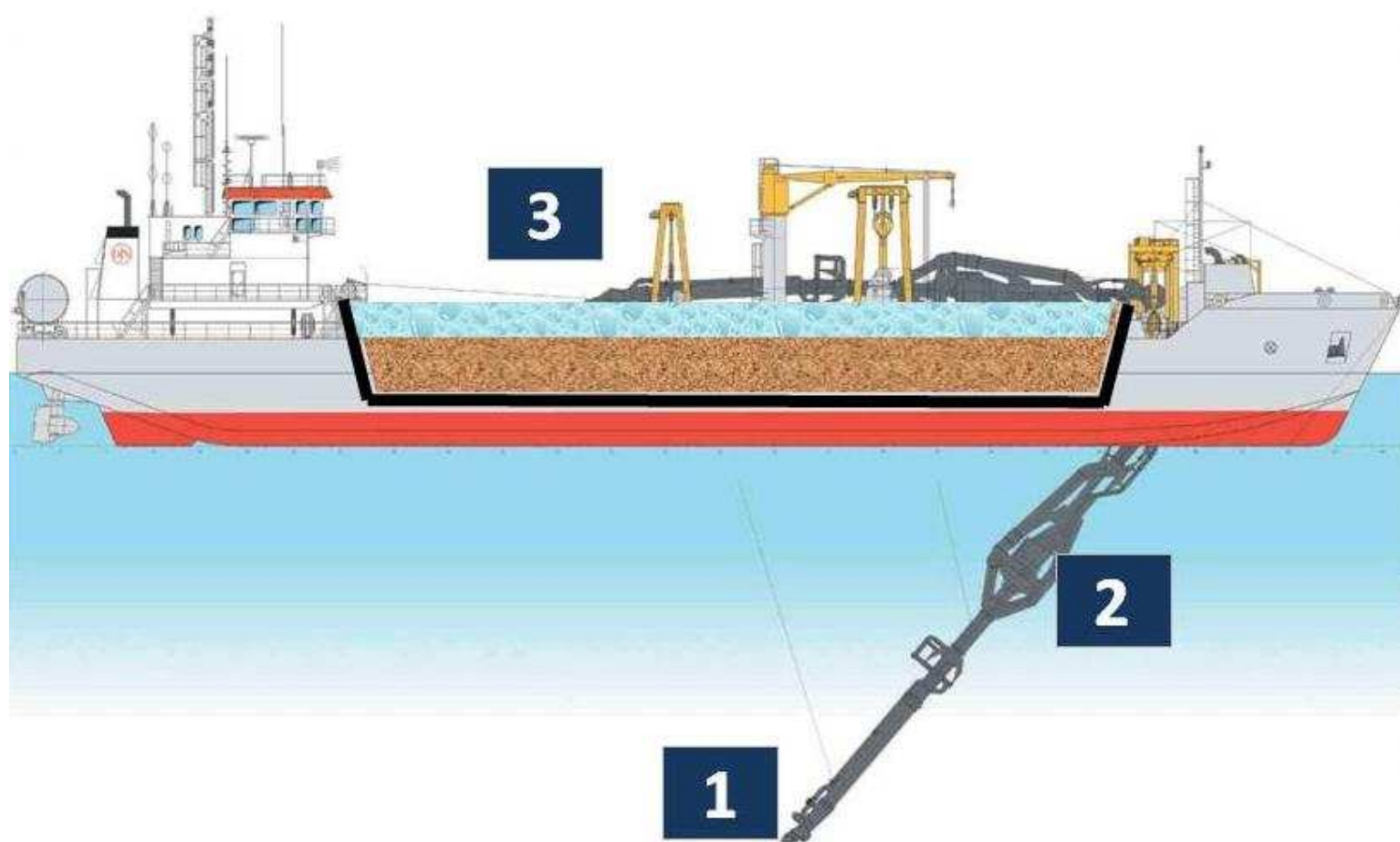
New Approach of Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

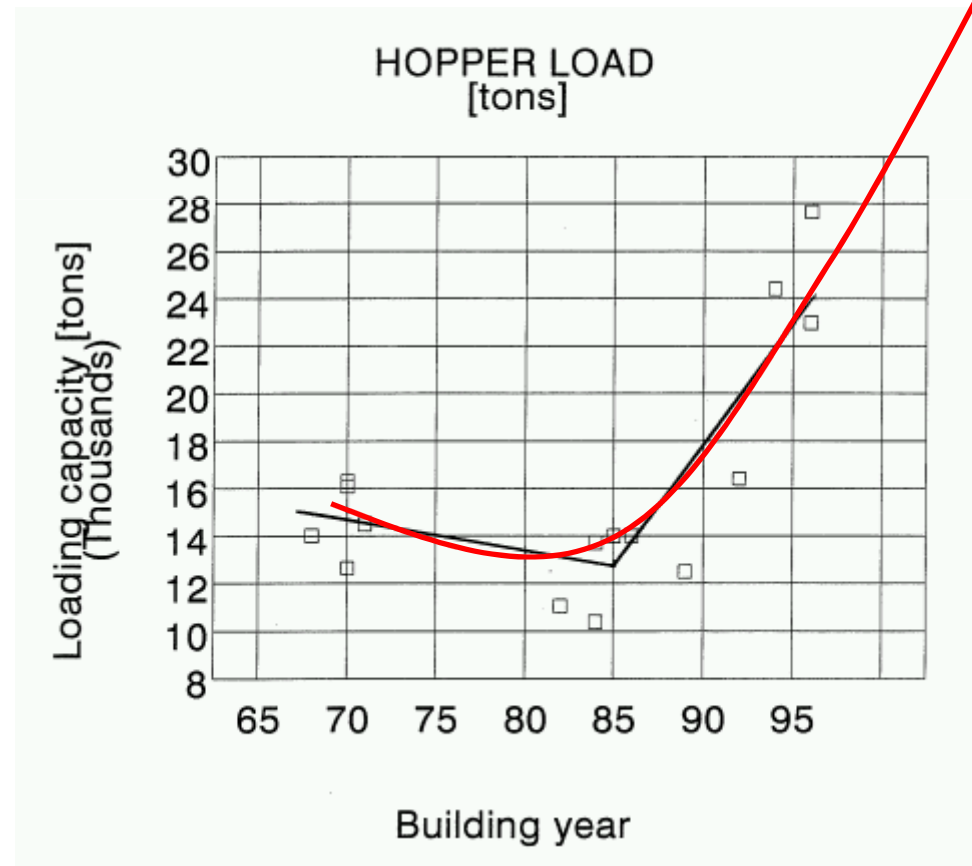
SIZE INCREASE HOPPER DREDGES



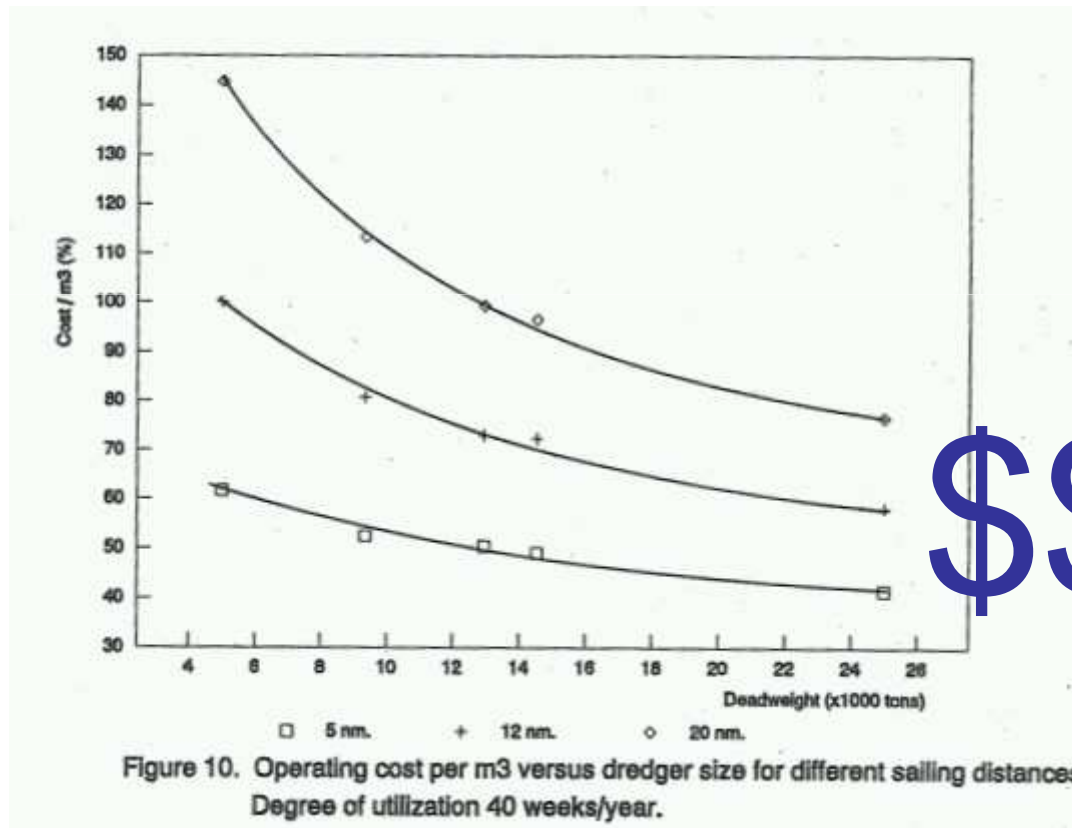
KIVI, Delft, 2011



Koert (IHC), 1995



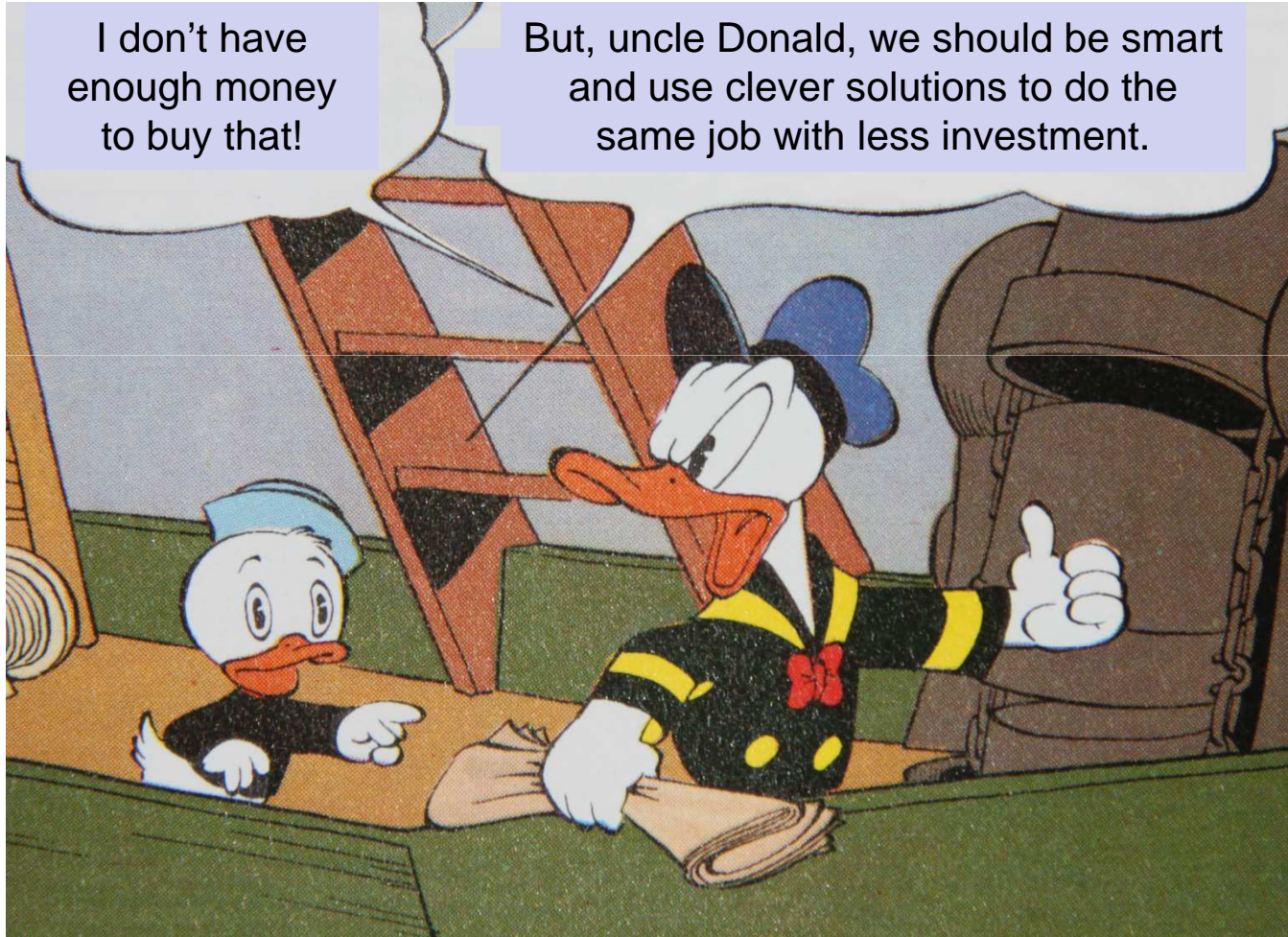
2010

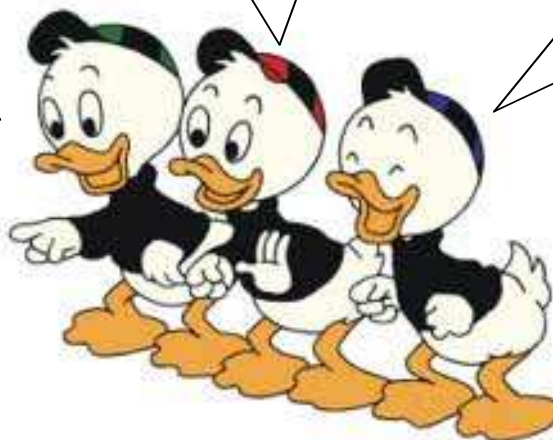


\$\$\$

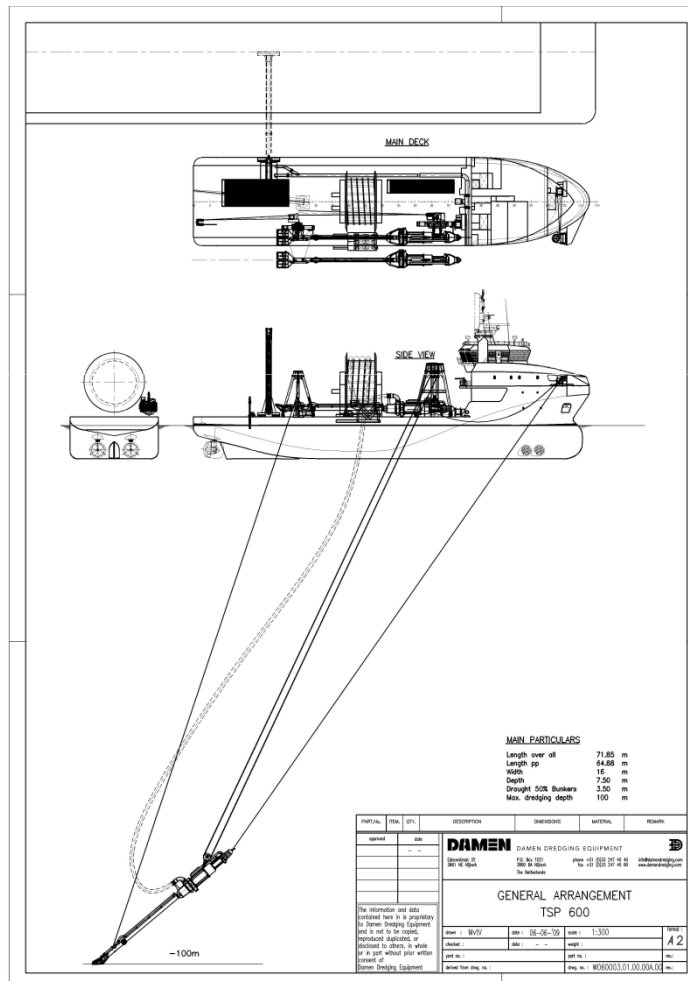
I don't have enough money to buy that!

But, uncle Donald, we should be smart and use clever solutions to do the same job with less investment.









Roll on
Roll of

Dredge hose
on a reel

And ease of
installation

Showcase Ø600 hose

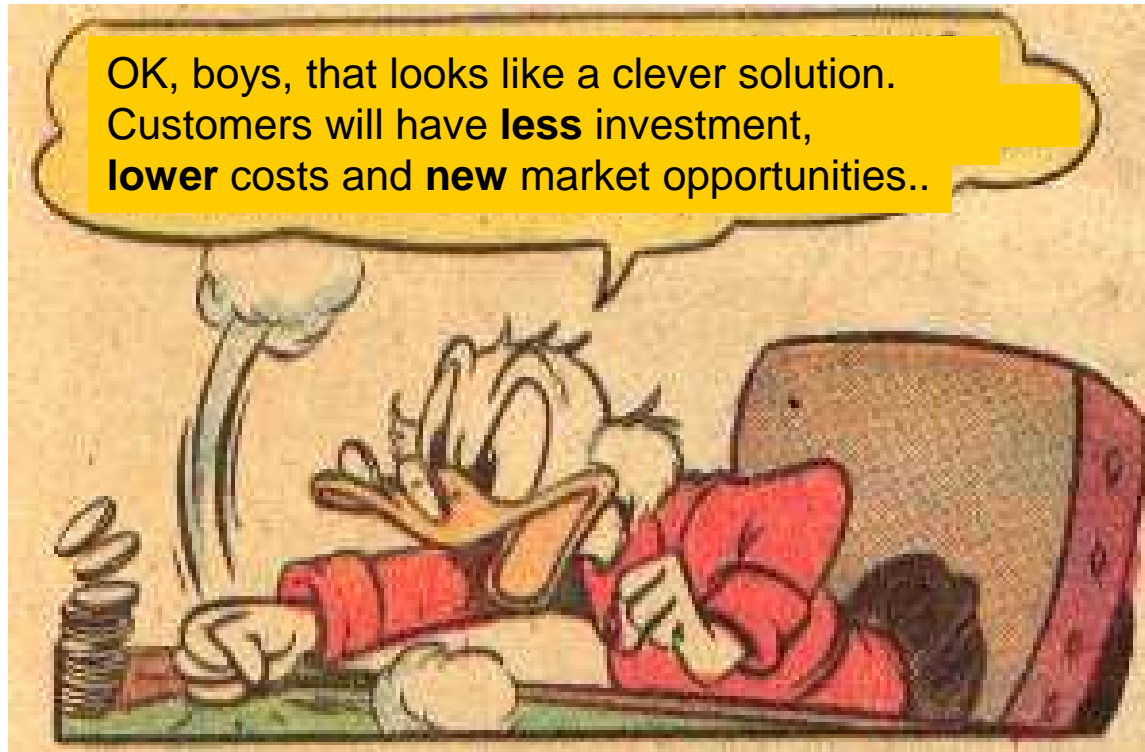


New Approach of Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

NEW MARKET OPPORTUNITY AND ENGINEERING CHALLENGE





- Overall development & project management, DAMEN DREDGING EQUIPMENT
- Development subsea dredging hose, TRELLEBORG VELP B.V.
- Research transport of sediment in infinite loop / reel, TU-DELFT
- Numerical modelling/simulations of systems, IMOTEC
- Feasibility model tests for a flexible pipe deep water dredging system, MARIN
- Offloading tests, barge alongside dredger, MARIN

DAMEN

DAMEN DREDGING EQUIPMENT



TRELLEBORG

Trelleborg Velp

MARIN**TU Delft**

Technische Universiteit Delft

motec

DAMEN

New Approach to Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

DAMEN DREDGING EQUIPMENT PRODUCT RANGE



DAMEN

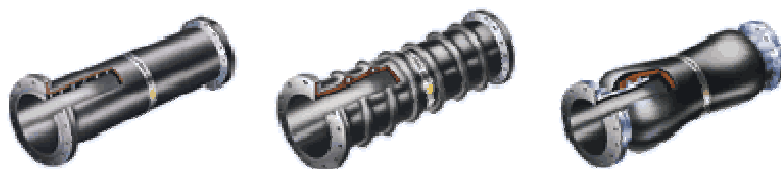
DAMEN DREDGING EQUIPMENT

KIVI, Delft, 2011

Dredging Equipment



TRELLEBORG VELP PRODUCT RANGE



Does it work?

Mixture flow on reel

WEDA 2011

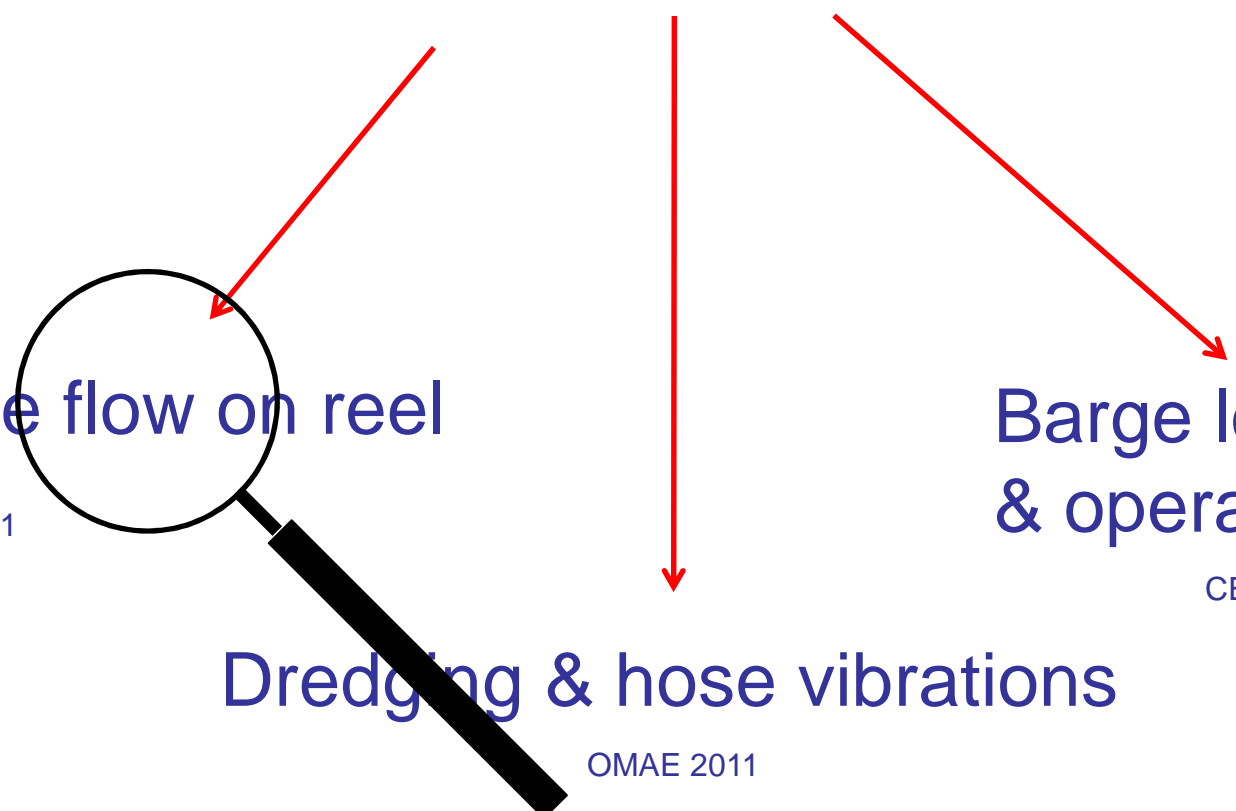
Barge loading
& operations

CEDA 2011

Dredging & hose vibrations

OMAE 2011

KIVI, Delft, 2011



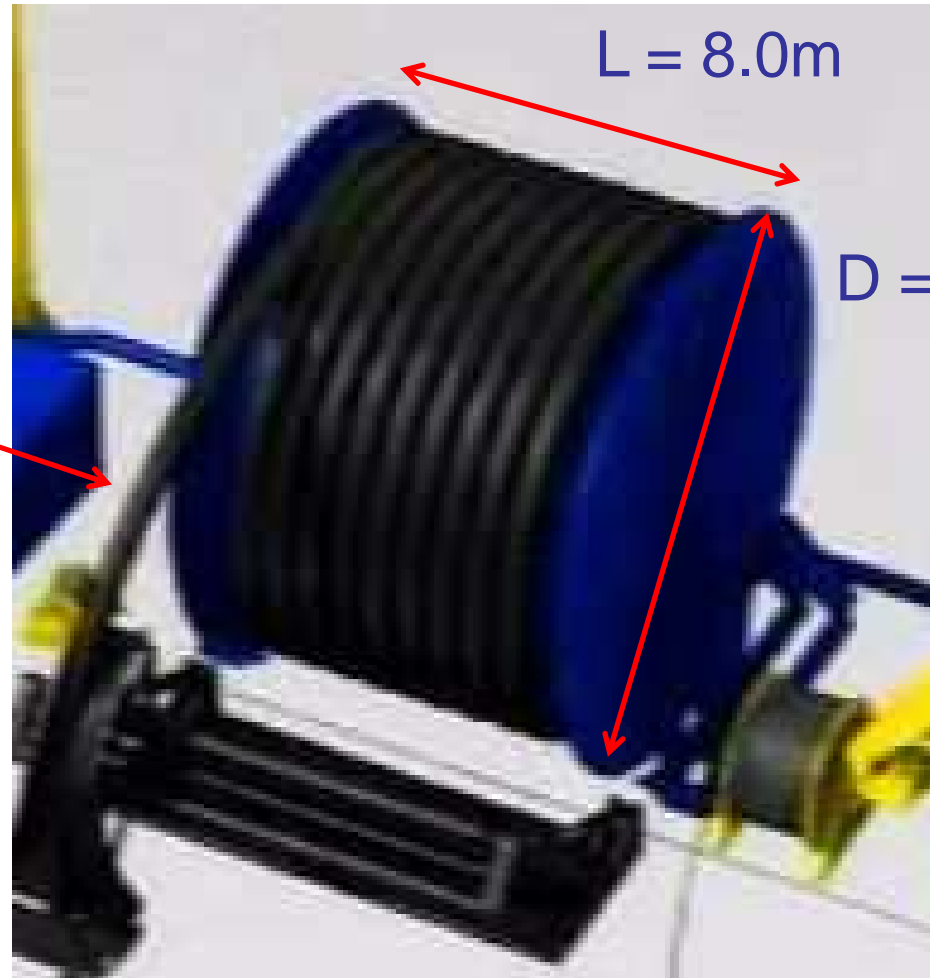
Topics to be investigated in a drum flow

- Engineering parameters
- Flow behaviour
- Critical velocity determination
- Resistance calculation
- Power requirements
- Calamity mitigation



$d = \text{Ø}0.6\text{m}$

$L_{\text{tot}} = 225\text{m}$



$L = 8.0\text{m}$

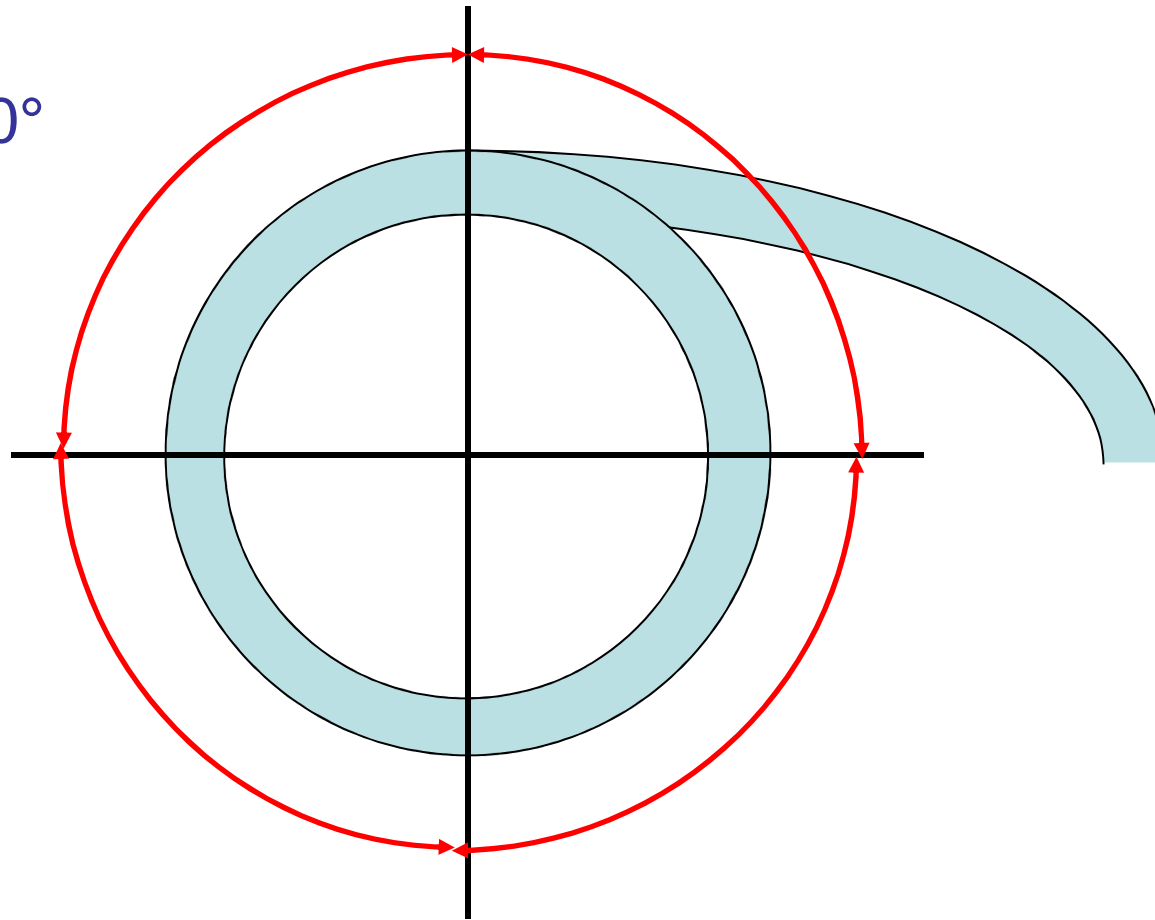
$D = \text{Ø}9.0\text{m}$

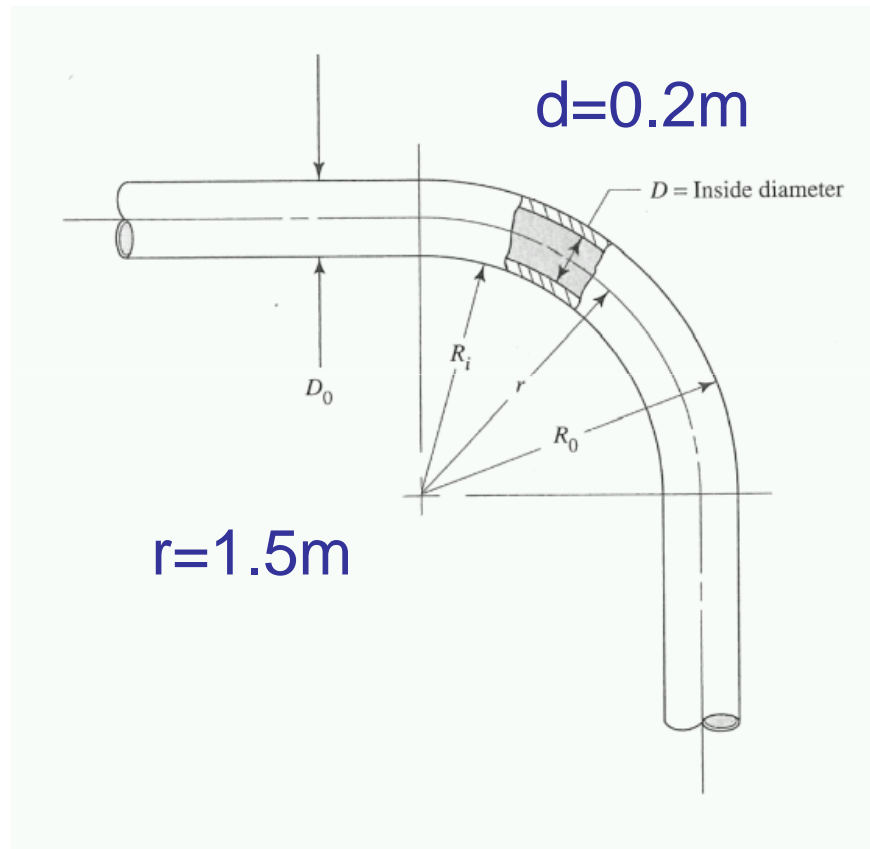
Scale 1:3

$d = \text{Ø}0.2\text{m}$

$D = \text{Ø}3.0\text{m}$

$360^\circ = 4 \times 90^\circ$

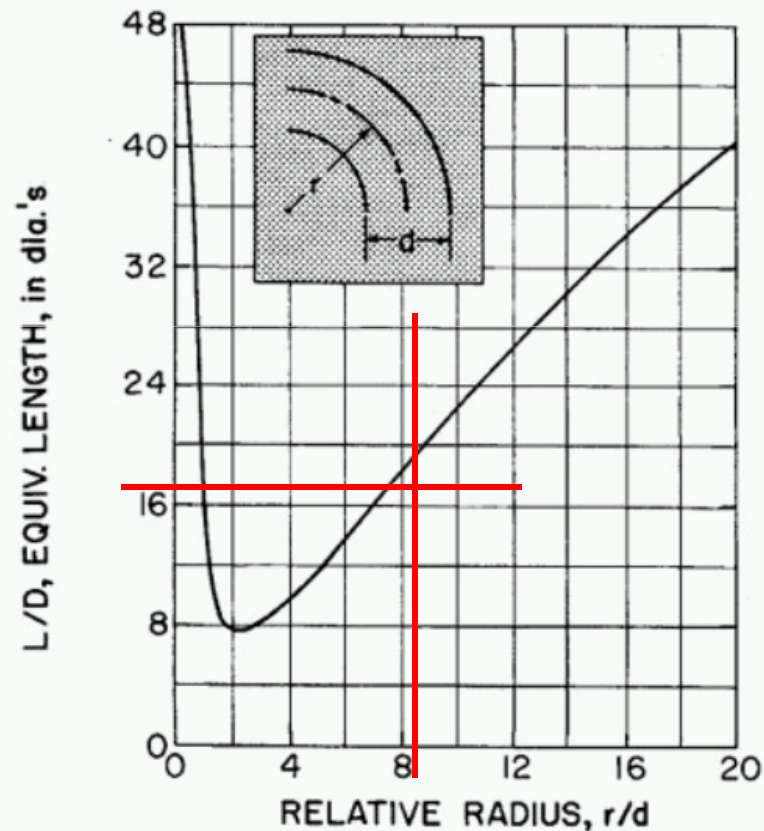




$$r/d = 7.5$$

$$L = 2.35\text{m}$$

$$L/d = 11.8d$$



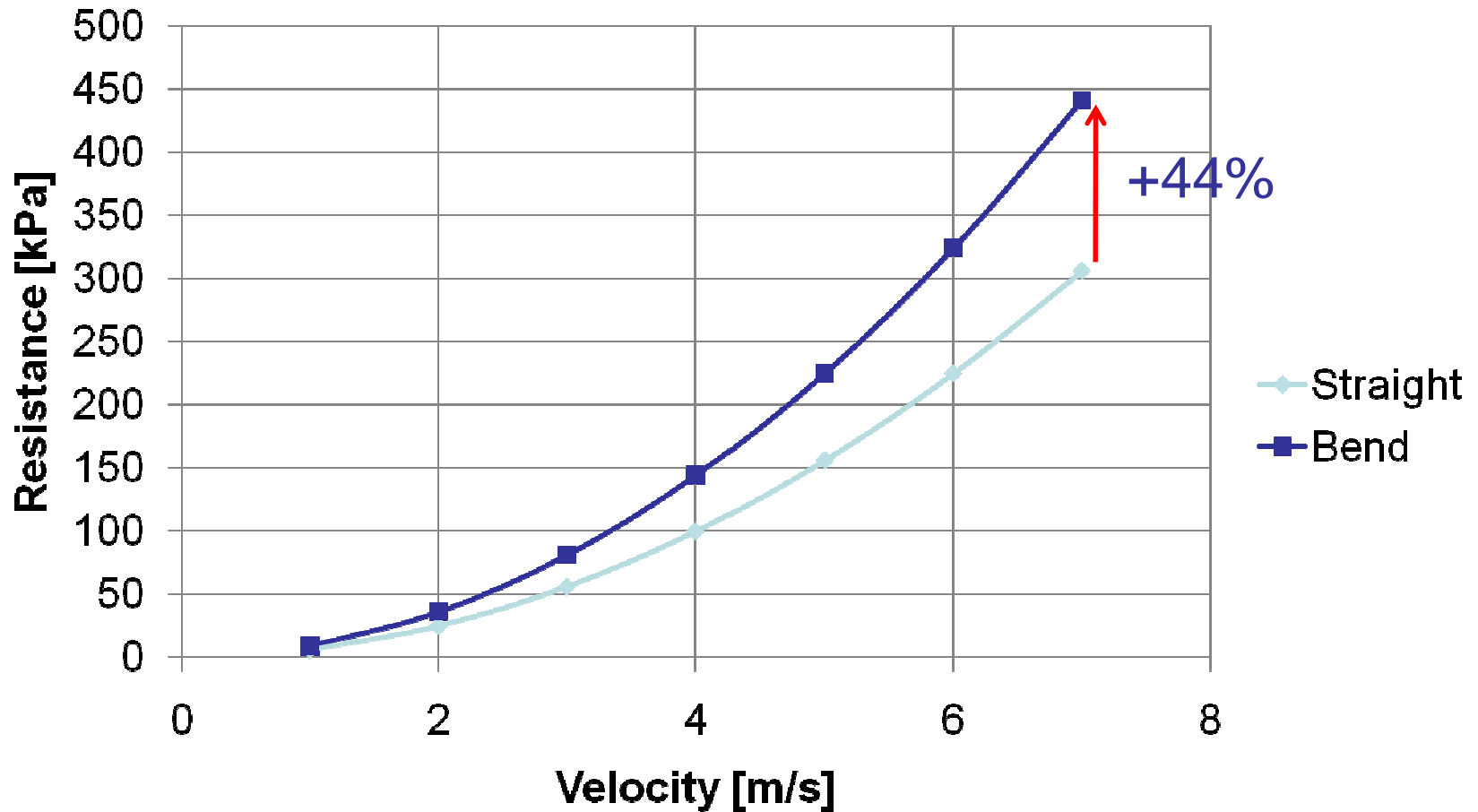
$$r/d=7.5$$

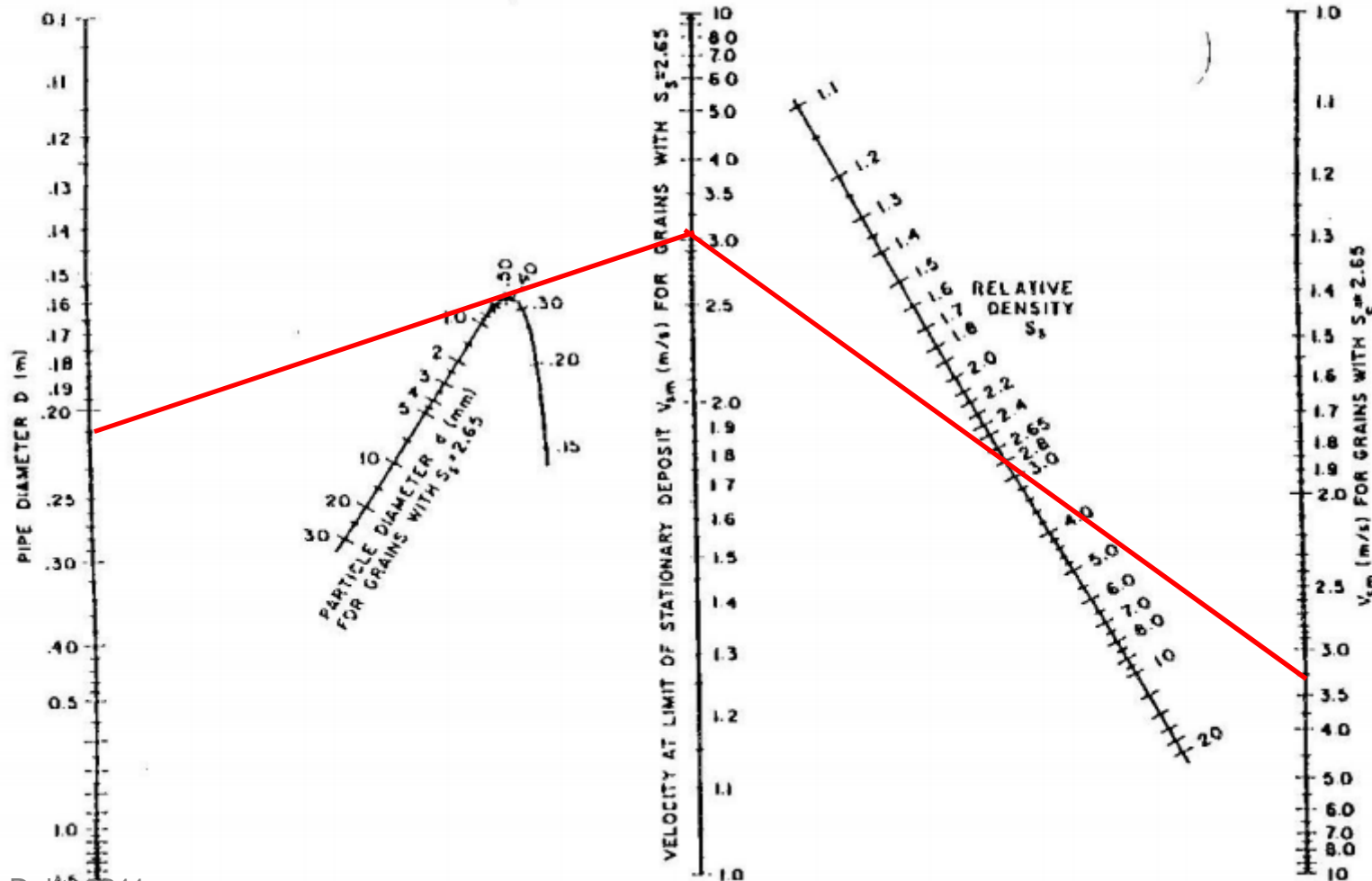
$$L/d=11.8d \text{ (straight)}$$

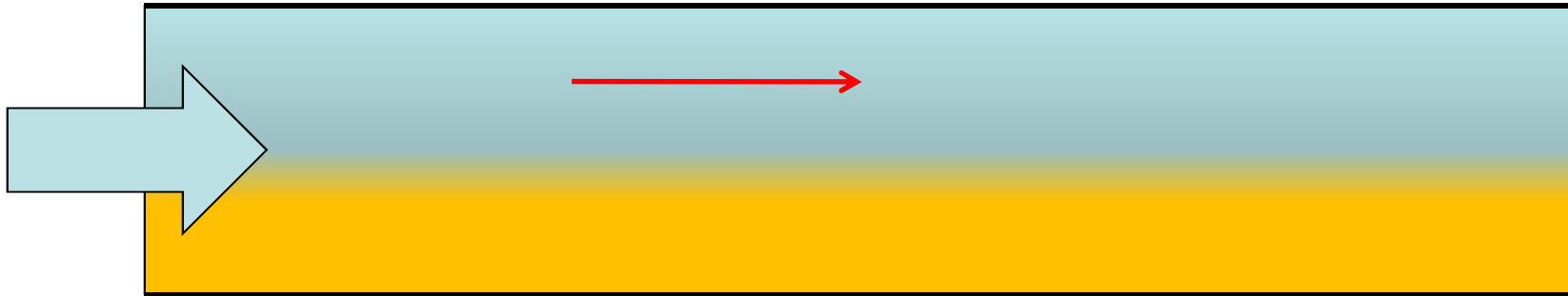
$$L/d=17.0d \text{ (90° bend)}$$

44% increase in resistance

RESISTANCE CHANGE DUE TO ROLLING UP OF HOSE







Increase of resistance due to:

-Settling of the particles

-Wall – particle interaction



Influence of gravity

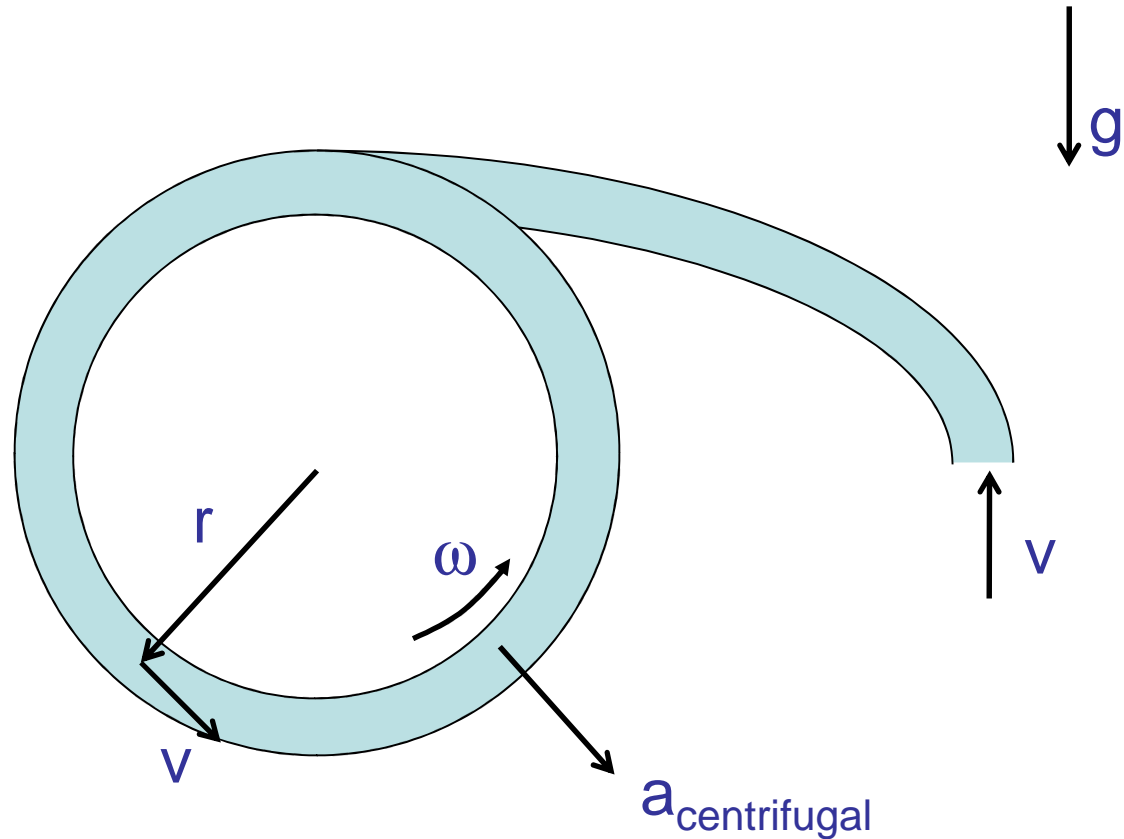
$$v = 5 \text{ m/s}$$
$$r = 1.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\omega = v/r$$

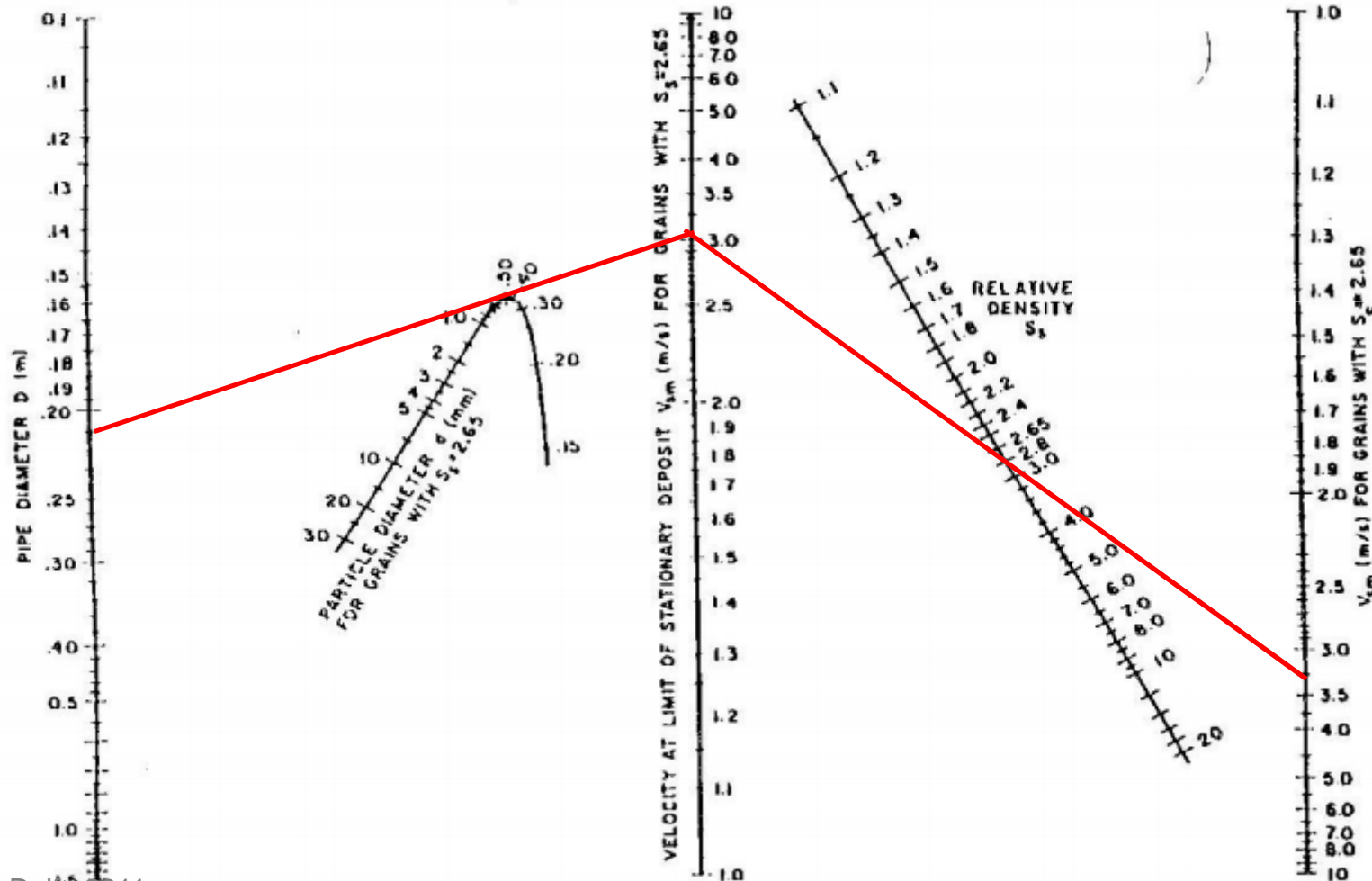
$$\omega = 3.33 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$a_{\text{centrifugal}} = r\omega^2$$

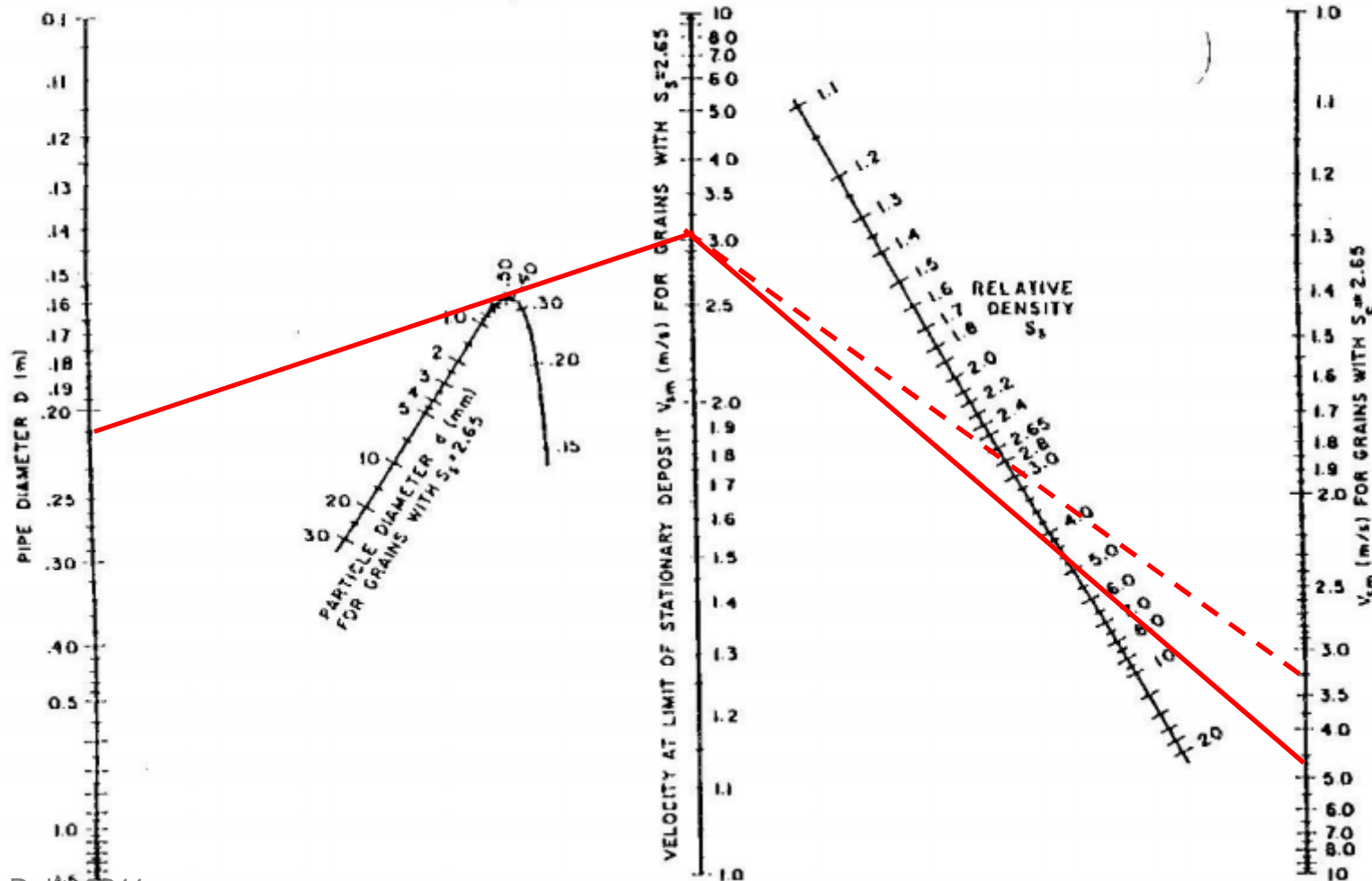
$$a_{\text{centrifugal}} = 16.7 \text{ m/s}^2$$

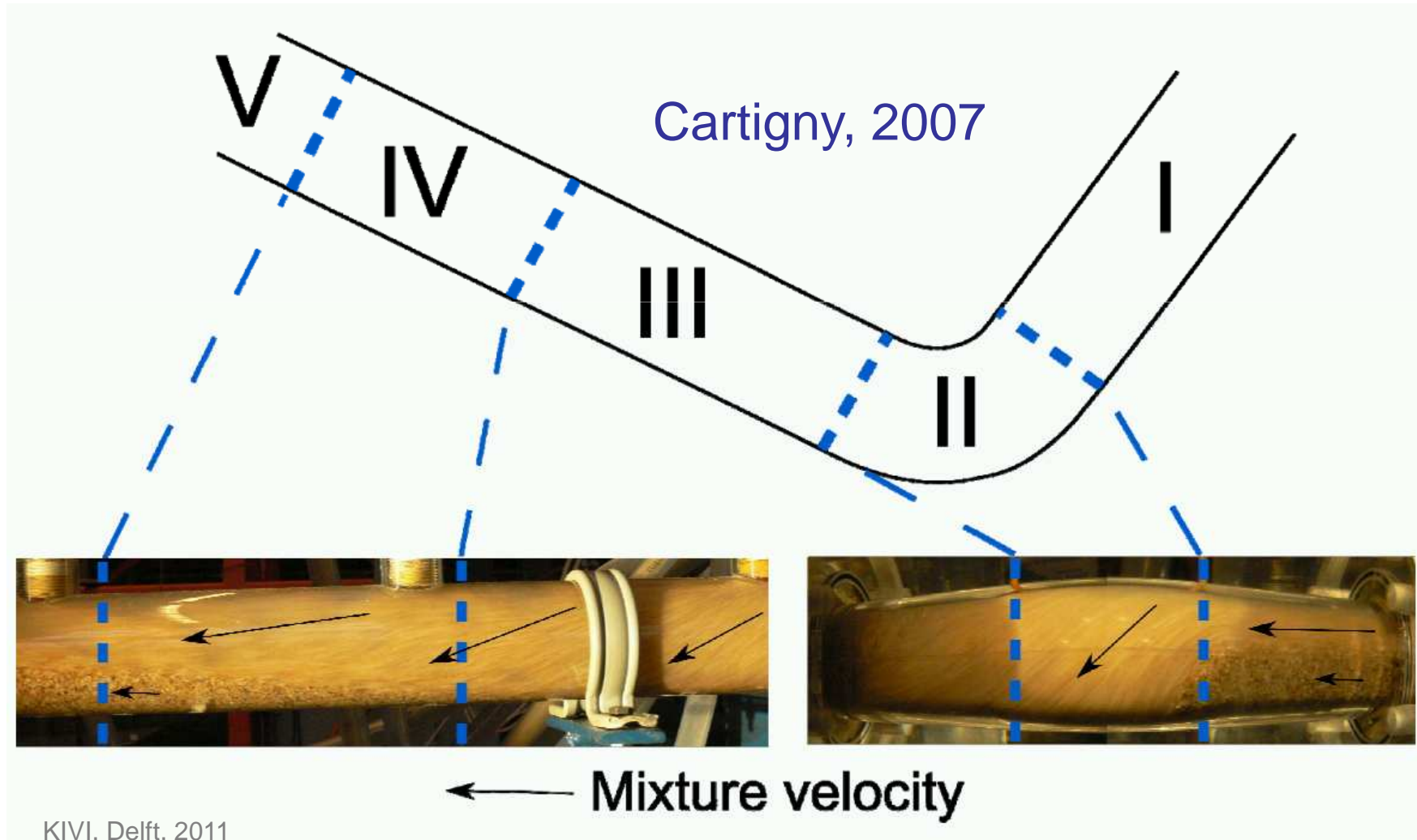


INFLUENCE OF GRAVITY ON WILSON DIAGRAM

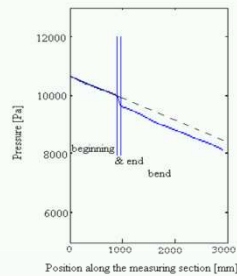


INFLUENCE OF GRAVITY ON WILSON DIAGRAM

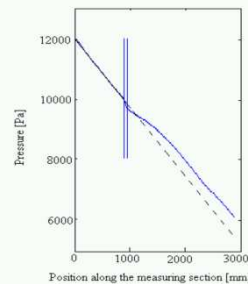




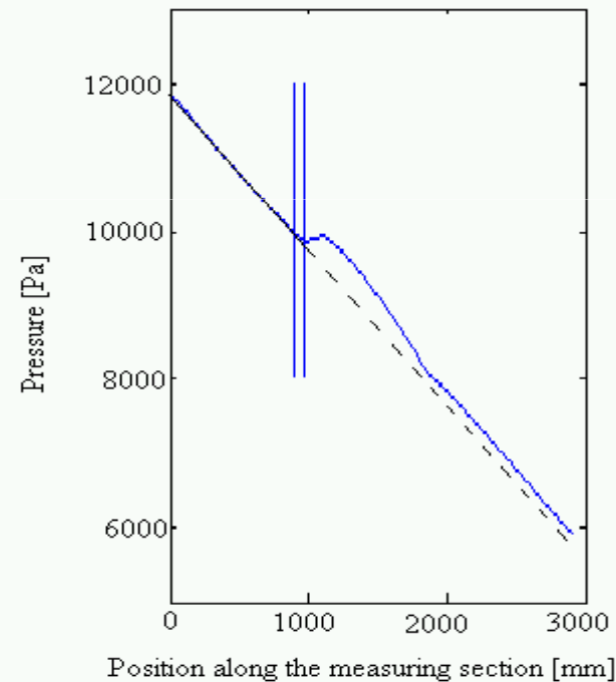
Pseudo-homogeneous regime



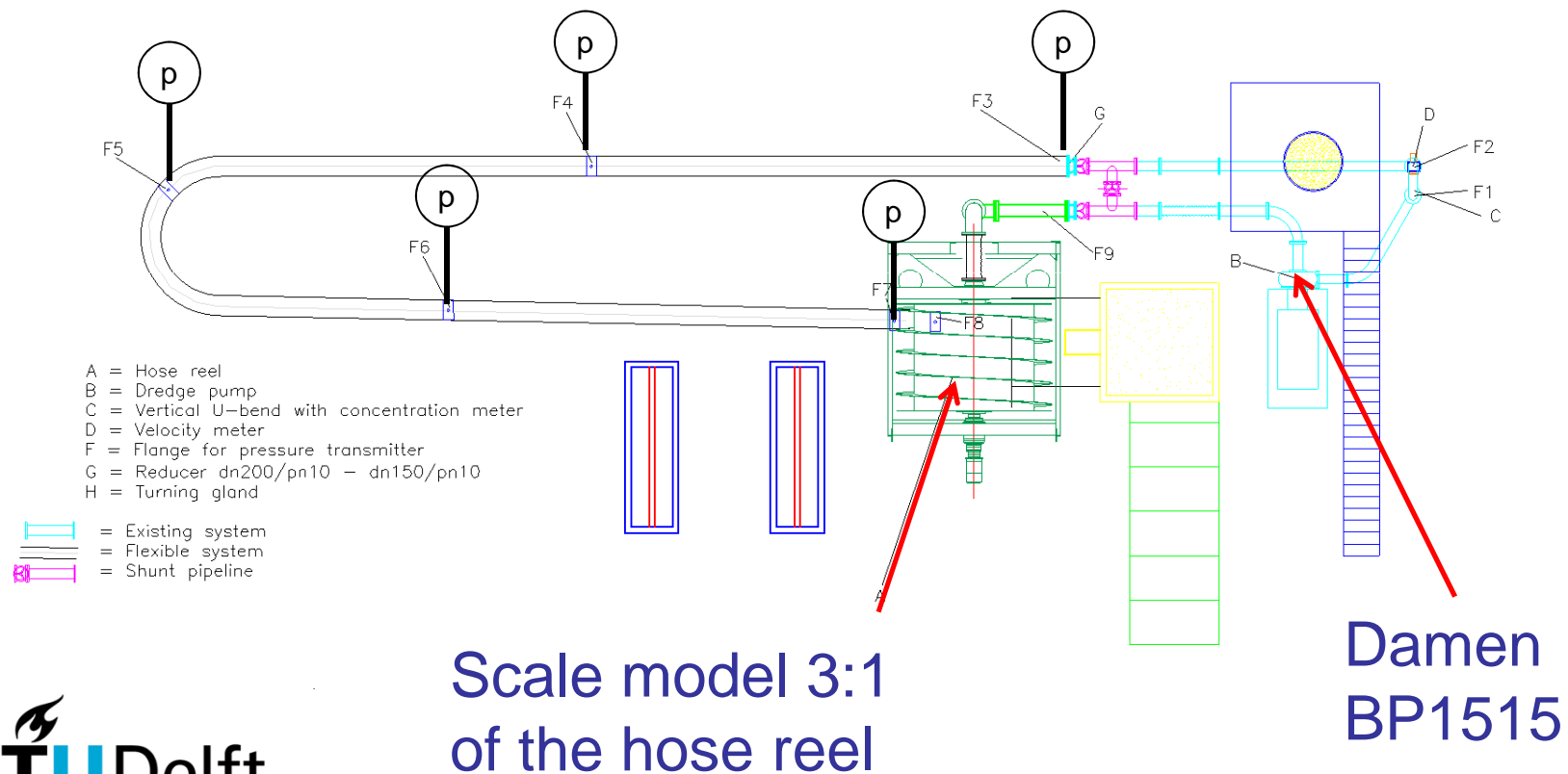
Heterogeneous regime

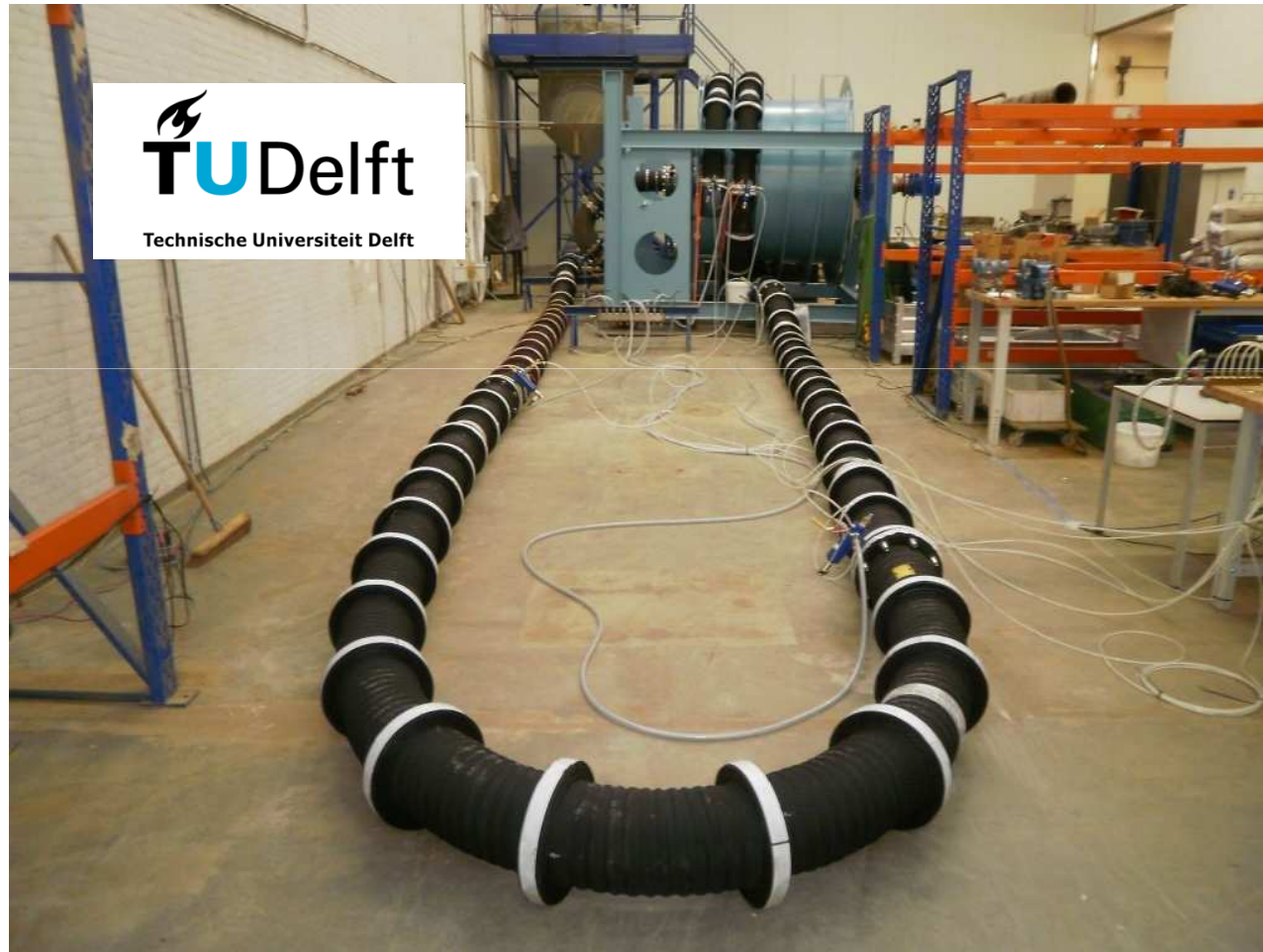


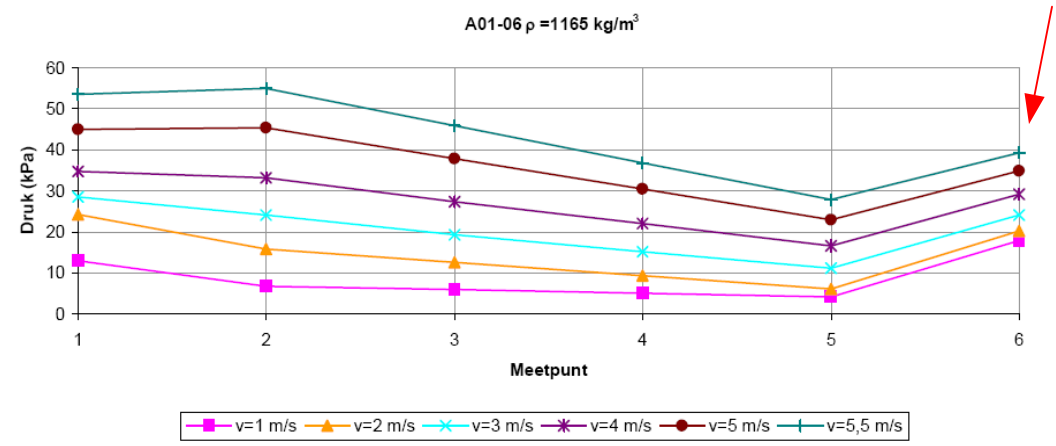
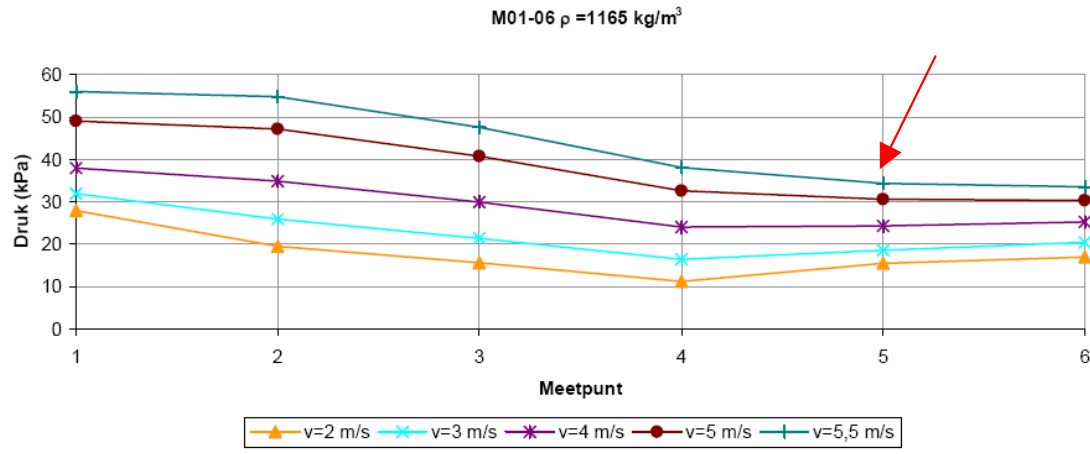
Stratified regime



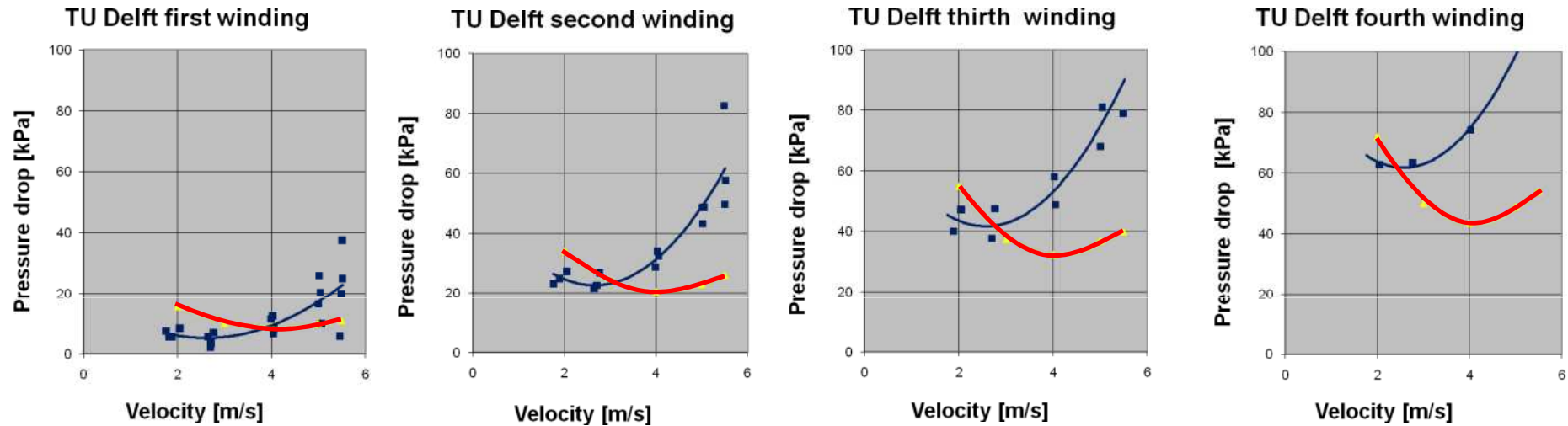
Cartigny, 2007







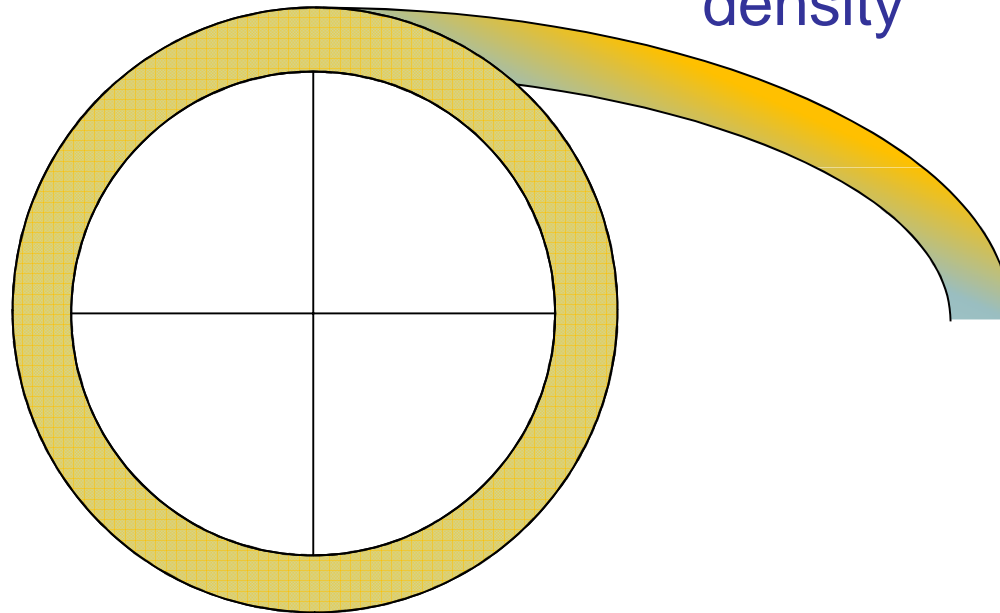
Effects of Cartigny were also measured in 'repetitive bends' or 'loops on a drum'.



Combined effects on resistance:

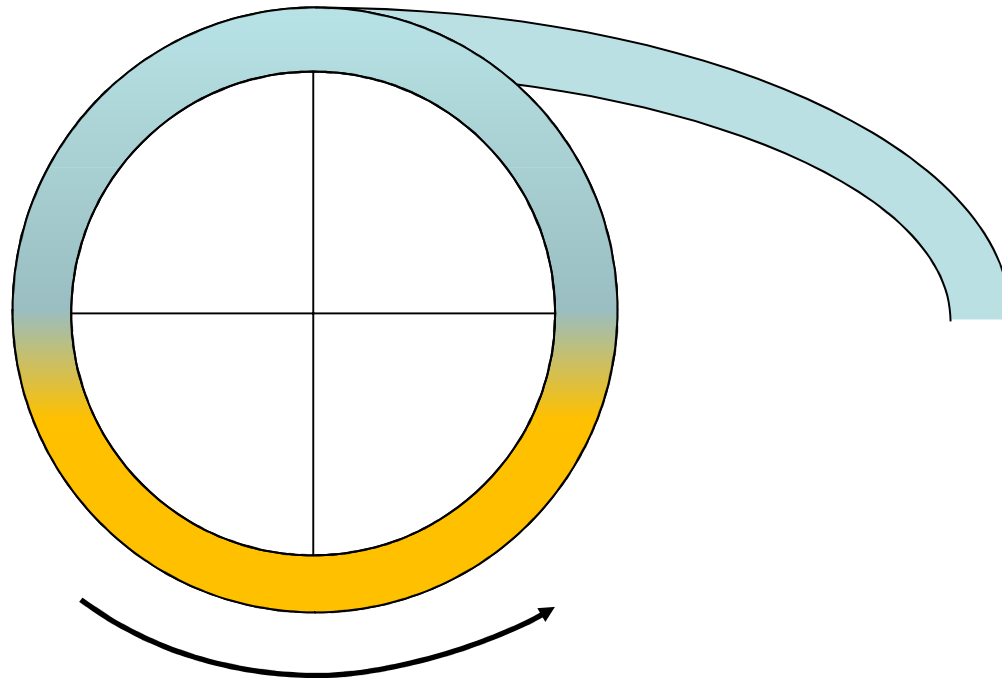
- Increased base resistance due to geometry
- Increased resistance from higher 'gravity'
- Reduction of critical velocity due to remixing in loops

Blob of even higher mixture density

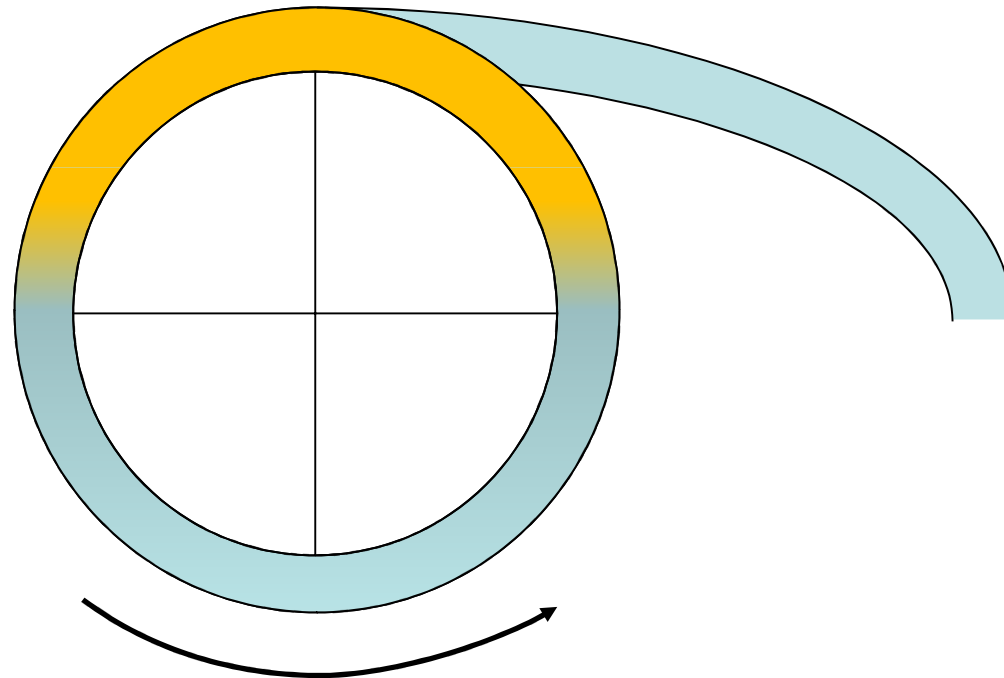


Mixture in loops on drum already under critical conditions

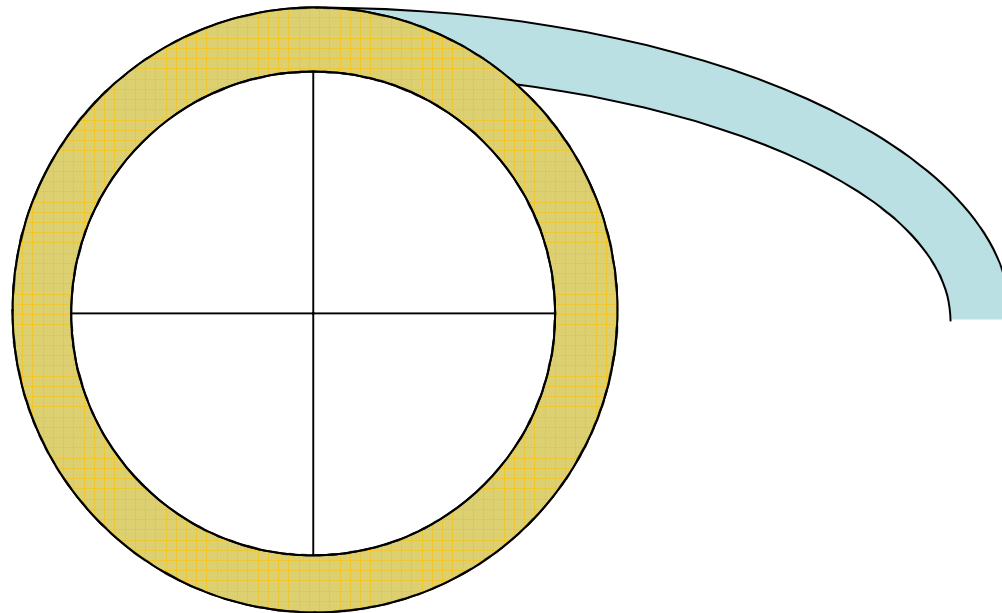
SETTLED SAND IN LOWER HALF OF LOOPS



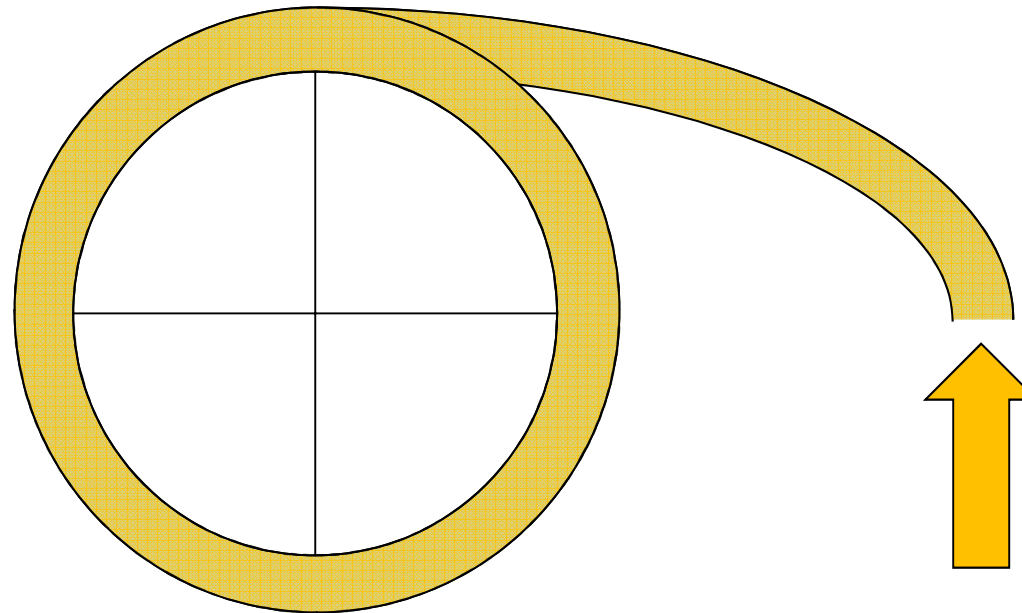
Rotate half a turn



Rotate half a turn



Sediment comes in suspension again



Continue dredging



Spooling of
dredge hose
on the drum

Takes up the
drag forces
from the hose

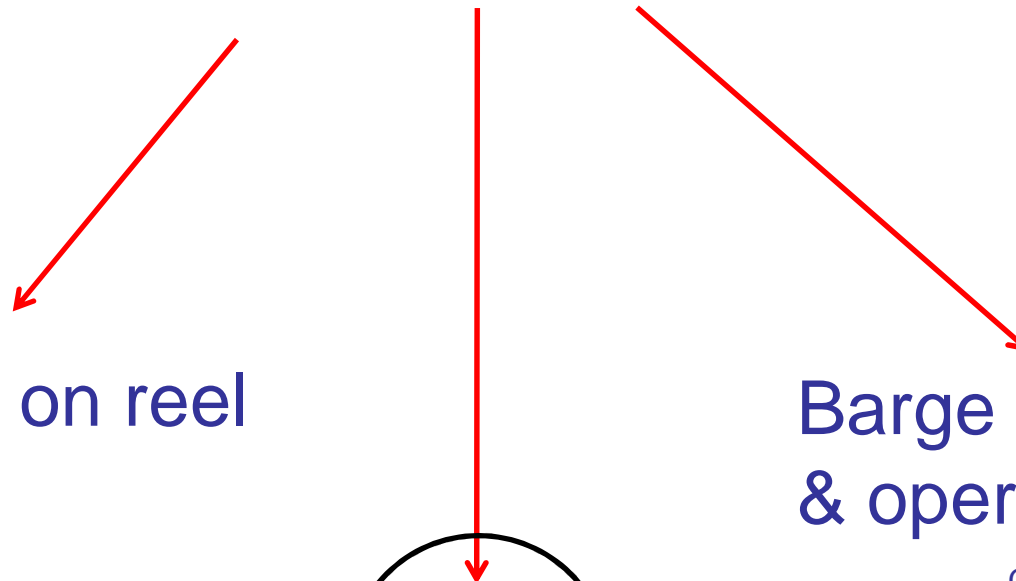
Enables
changing of
the hoses at
sea

Conclusion of the hose reel tests

- Influence of increased gravity is limited
- Repetitive loops resuspend mixture
- Further research on the Cartigny effect

- Blocked hose on reel is easily solved
- Provisions needed for handling at sea
- Reel strong enough for recovery

Does it work?



Mixture flow on reel

WEDA 2011

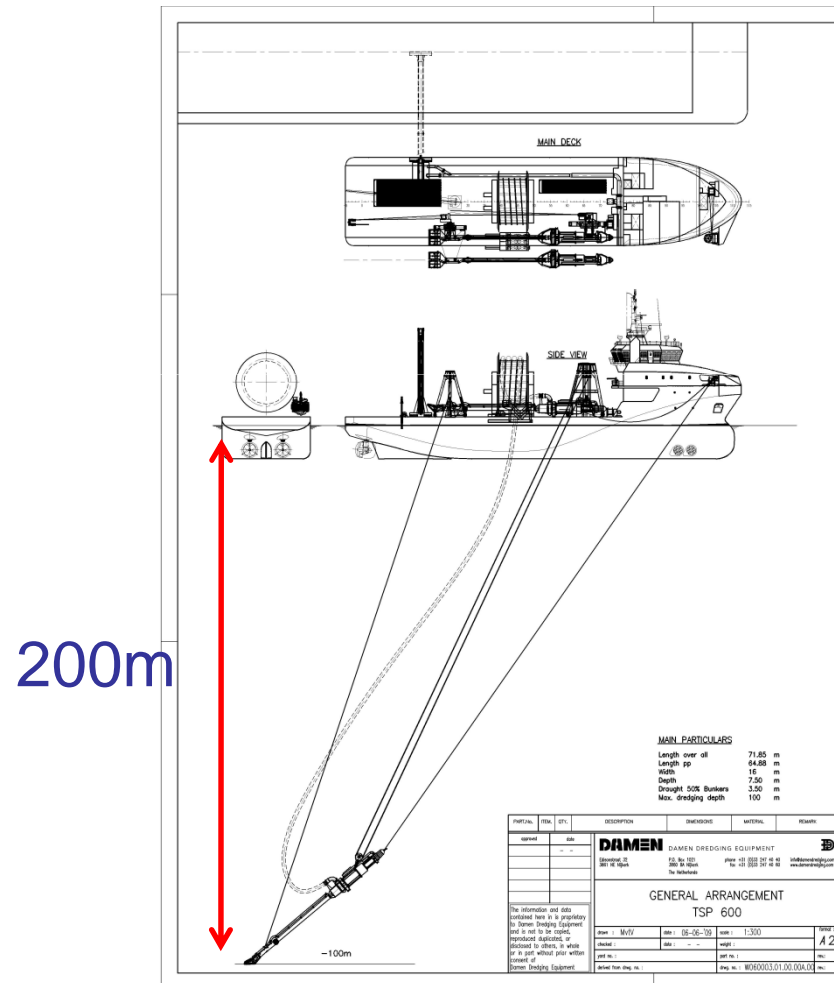
Barge loading & operations

CEDA 2011

Suspension & tracking

OMAE 2011

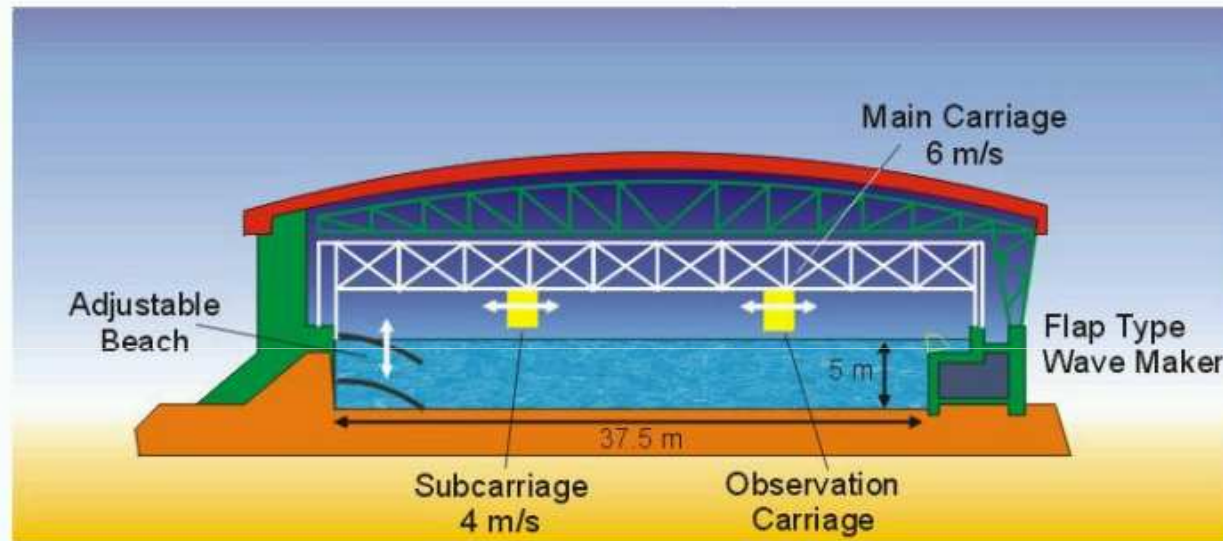
KIVI, Delft, 2011

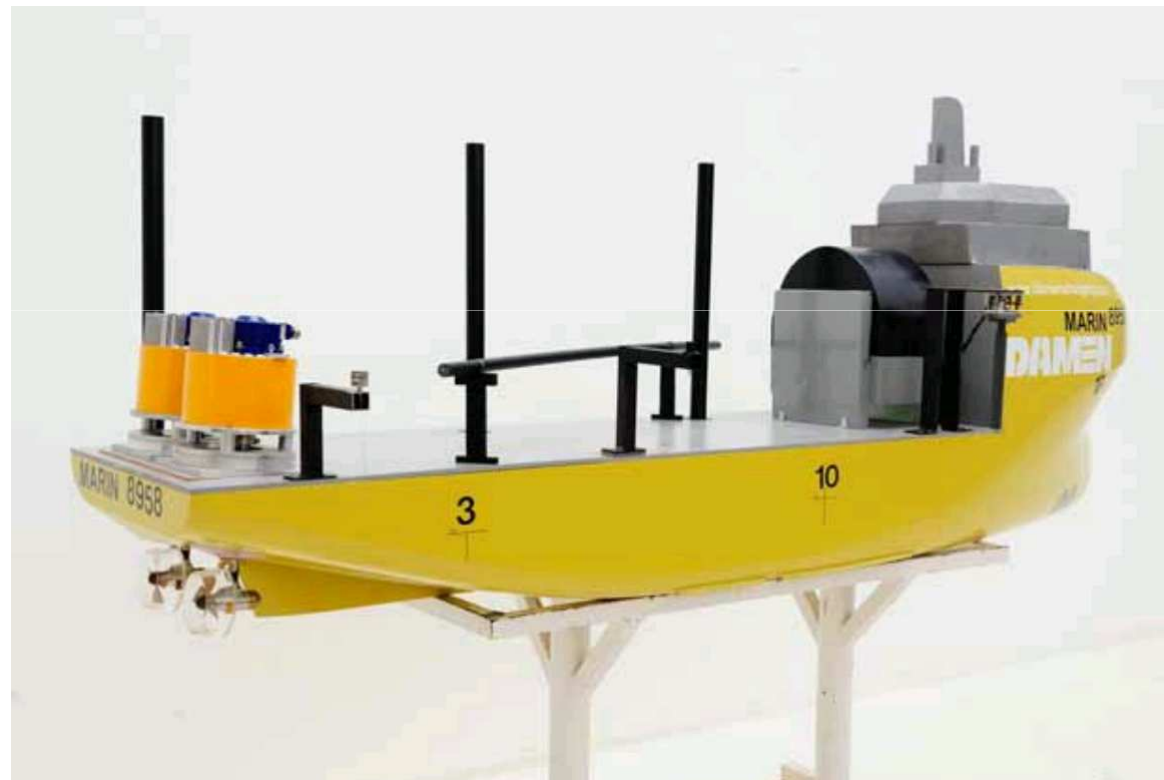


Roll on
Roll of

Dredge hose
on a reel







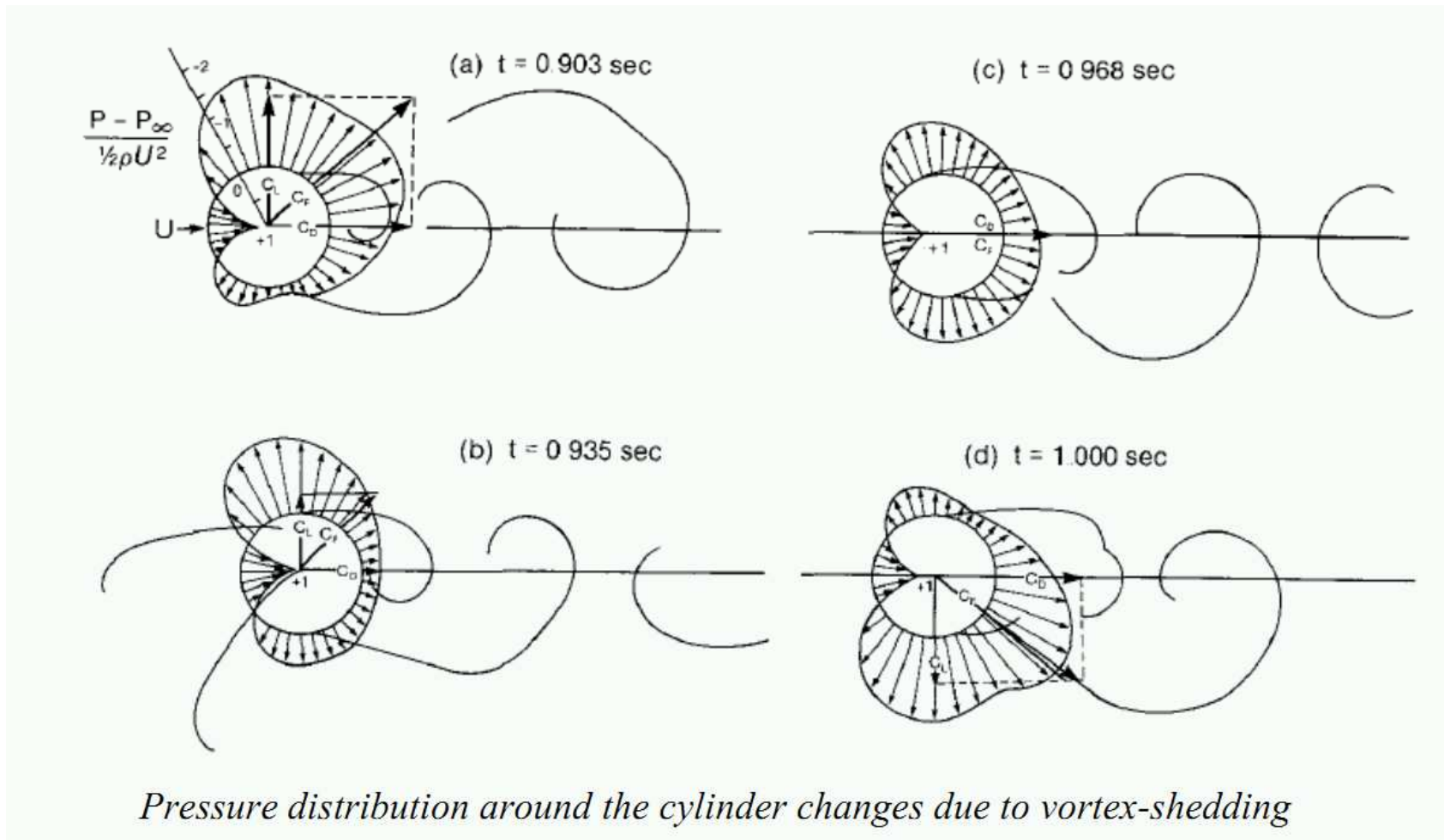
DETAIL OF THE HOSE ATTACHMENT FORCE GAUGE





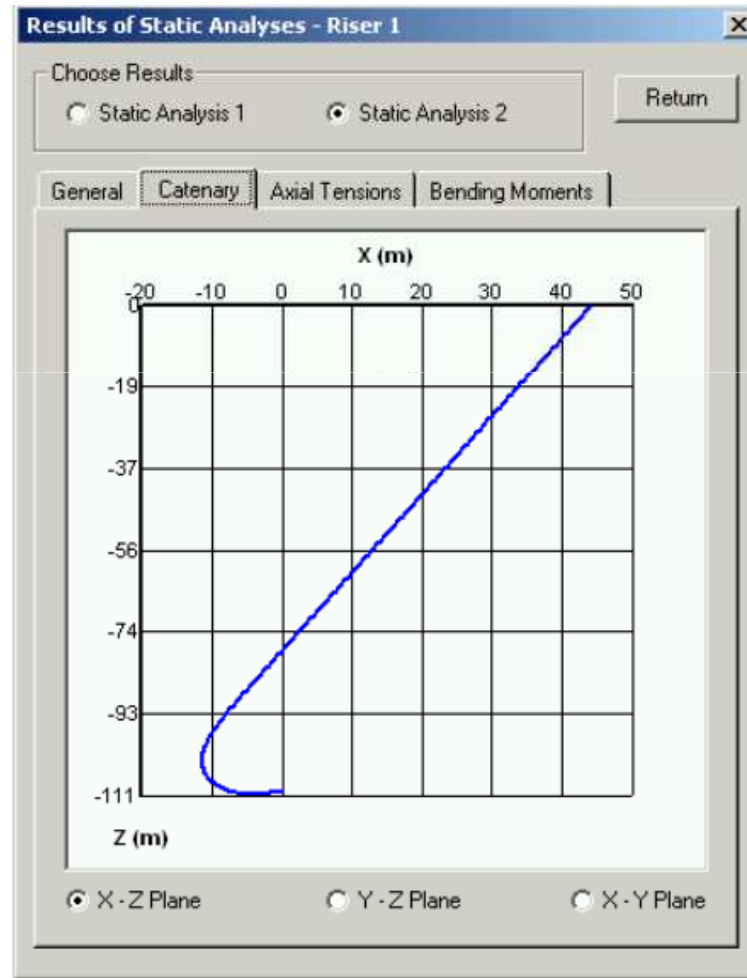
Topics addressed in these tests

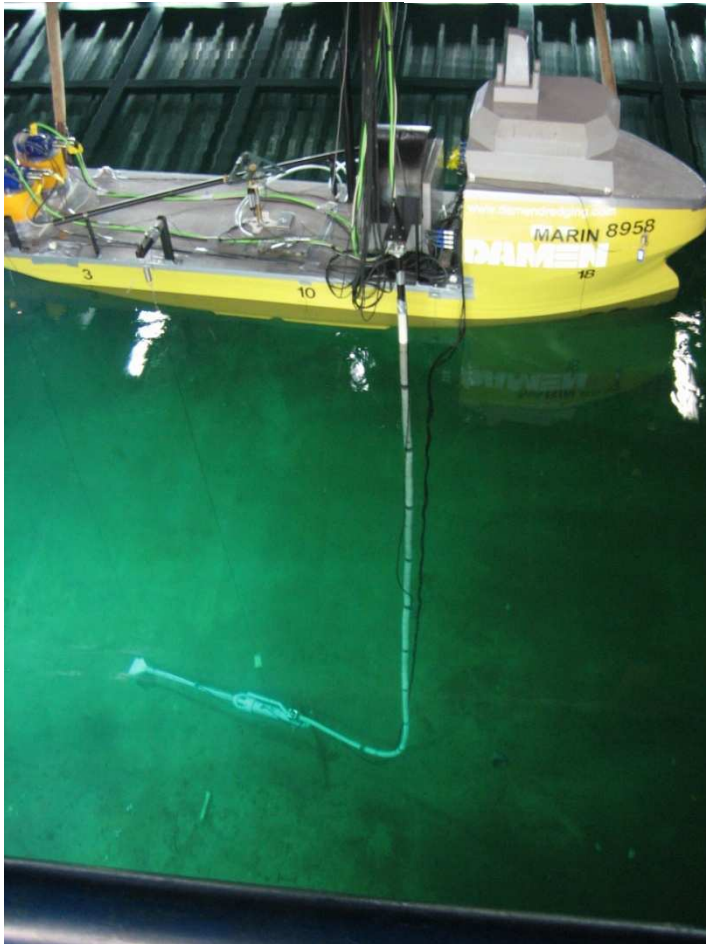
- VIV Analysis dredge hose
- Hose and line, motions and forces
- Dredge track accuracy
- Modeling of test results for engineering



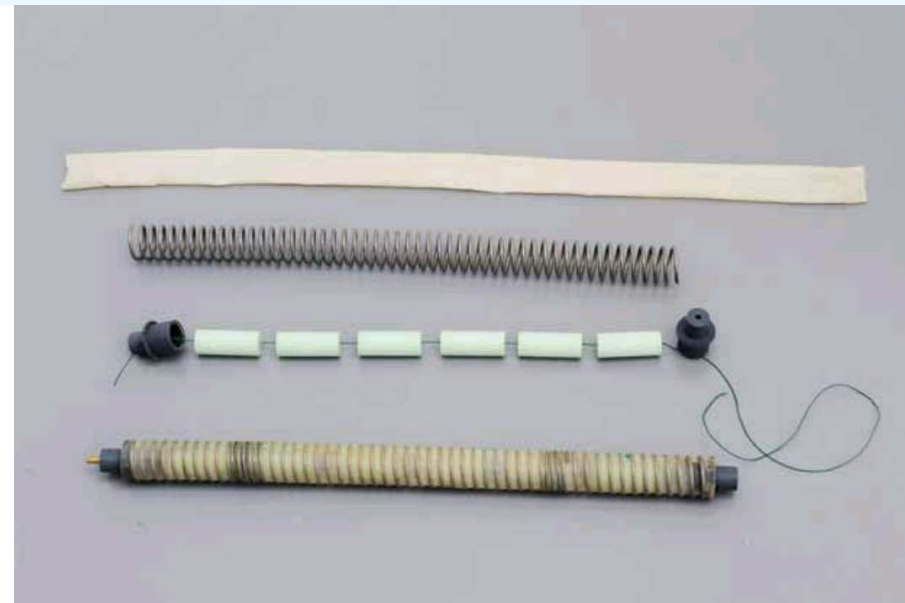


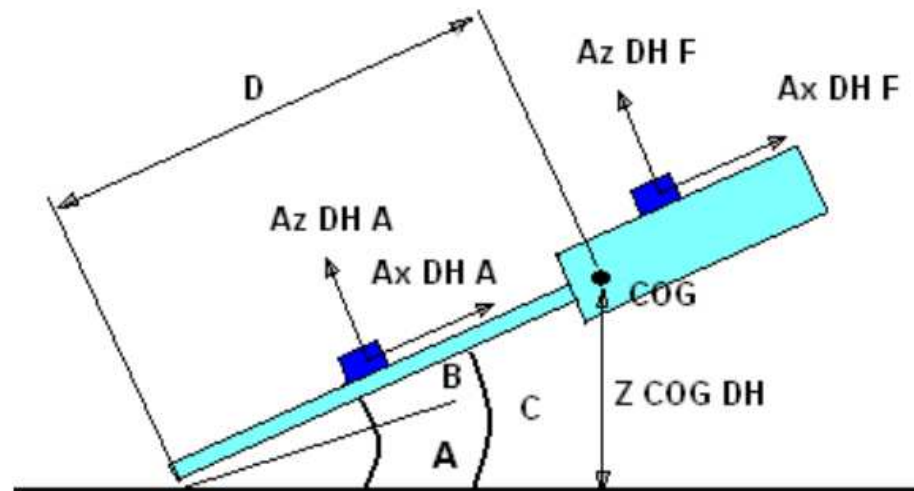
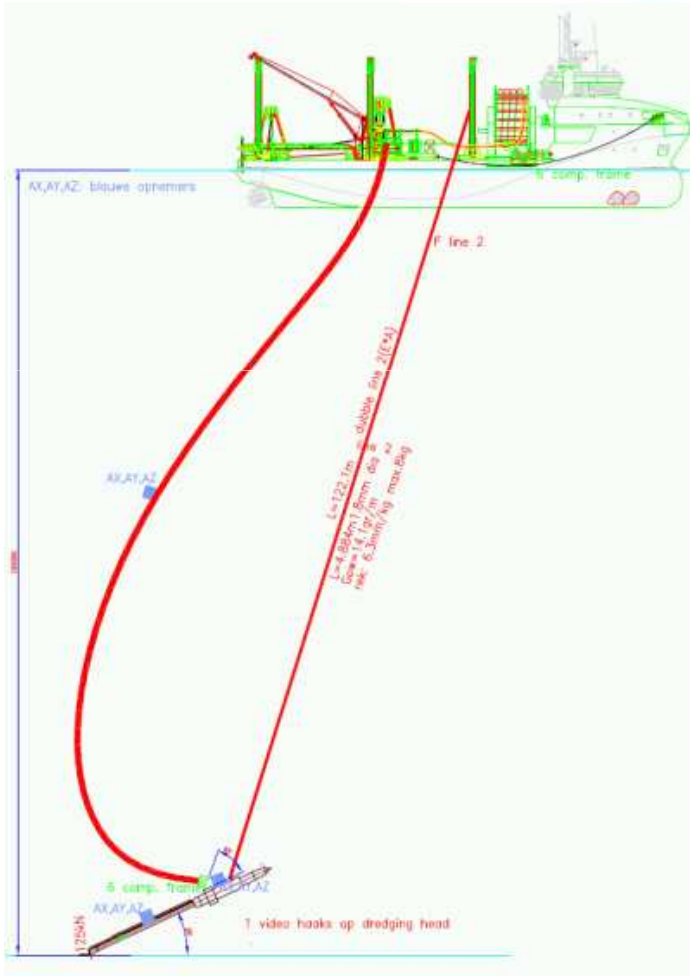


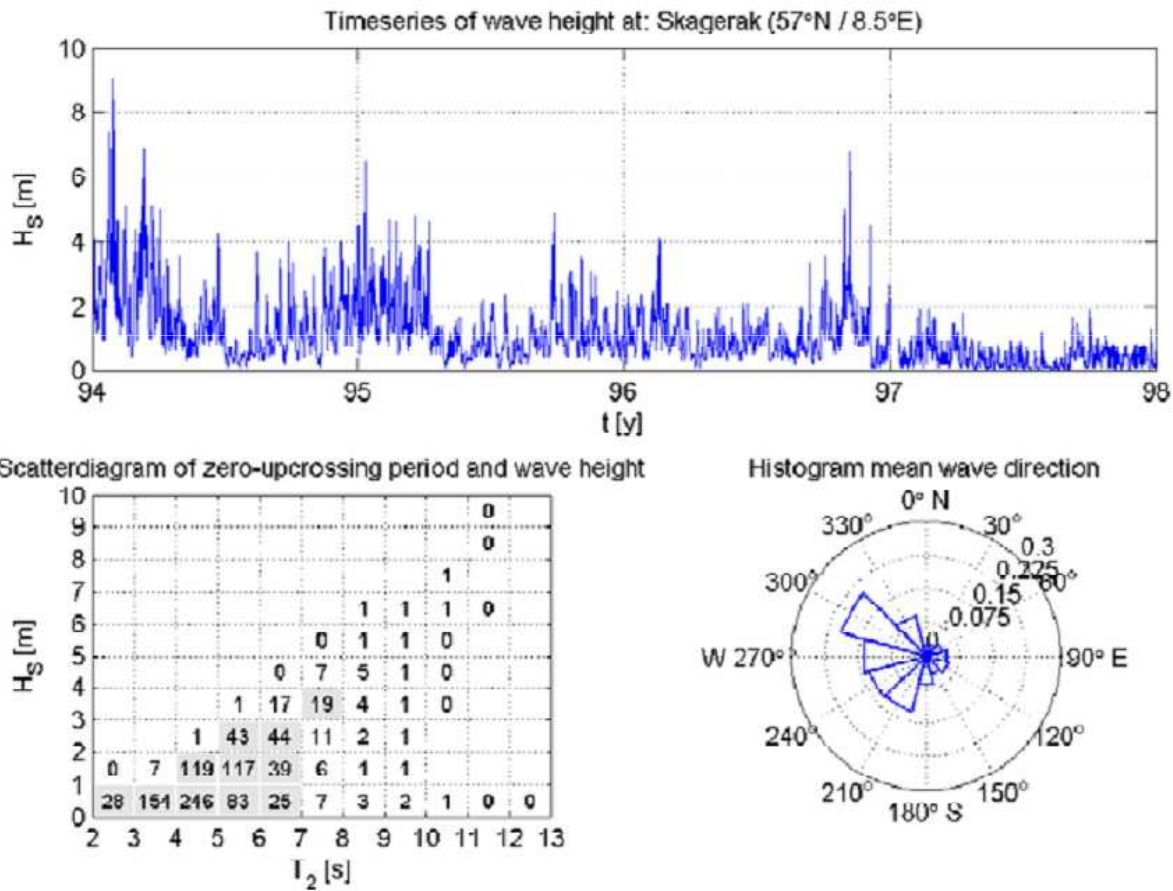




Speed	f_measured	f_Strouhal
2 knot	0.20 Hz	0.27 Hz
3 knot	0.30 Hz	0.40 Hz
4 knot	0.35 Hz	0.53 Hz





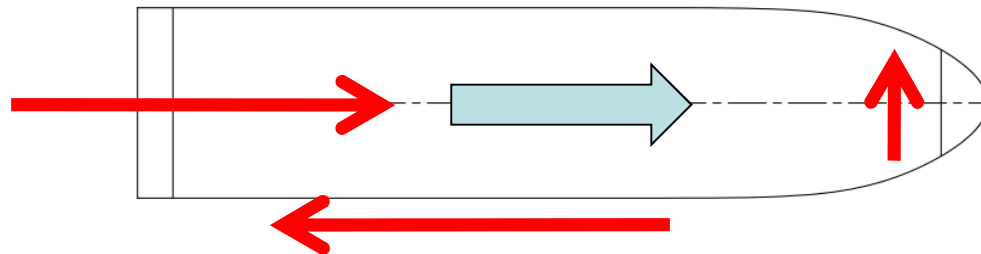


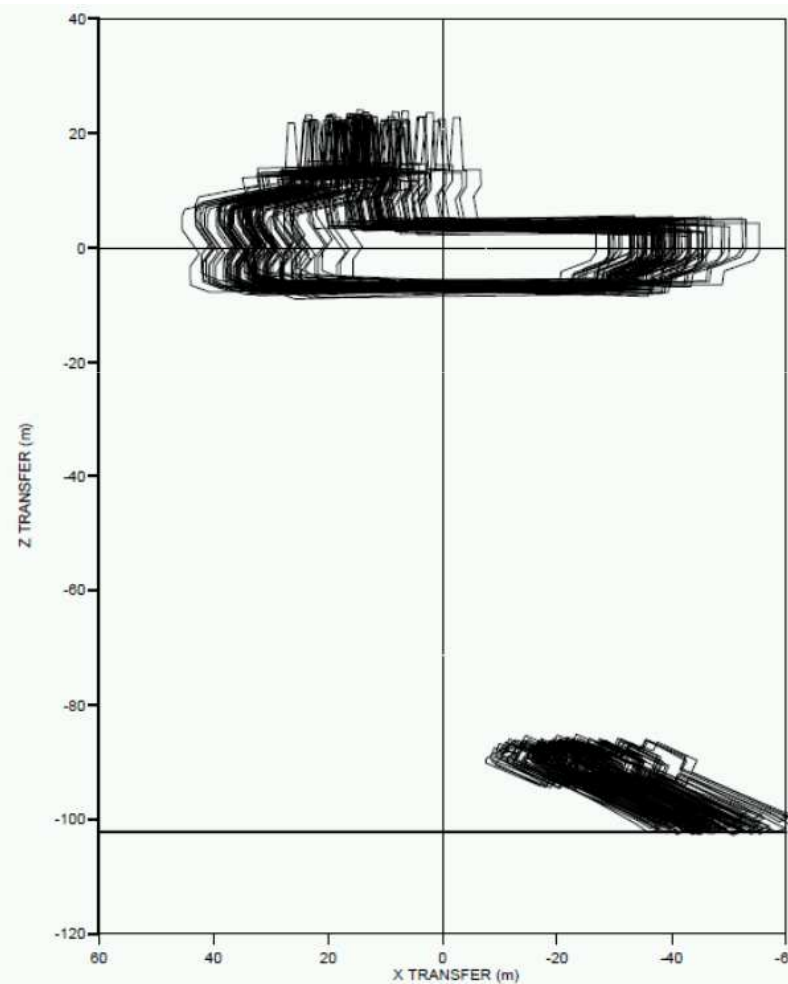
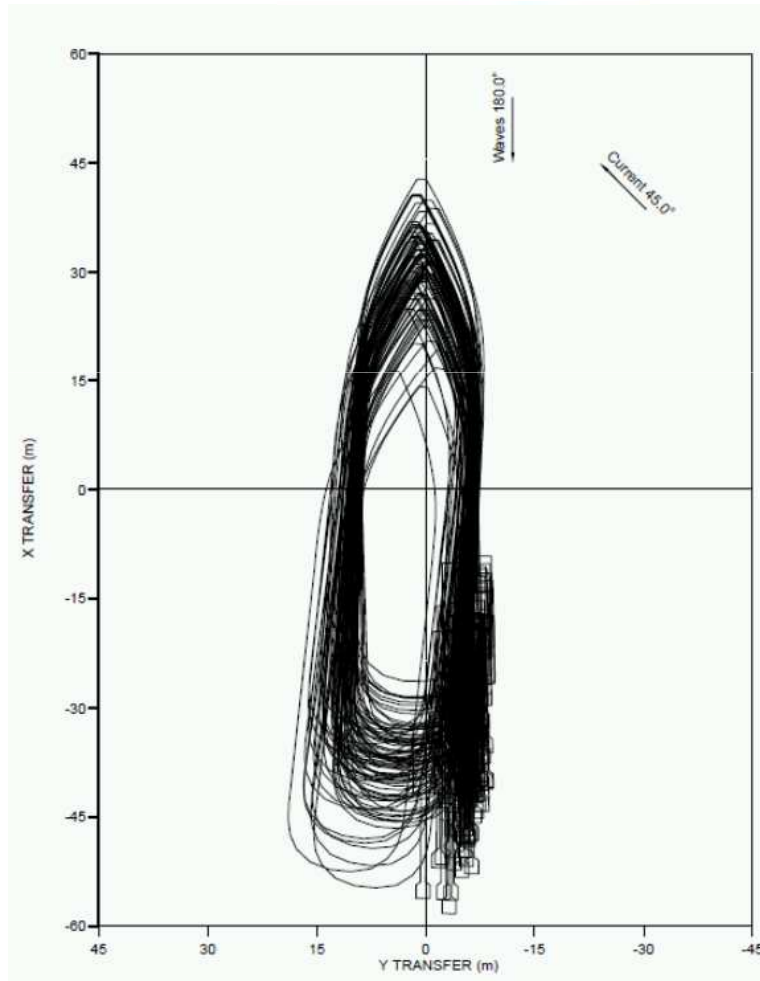


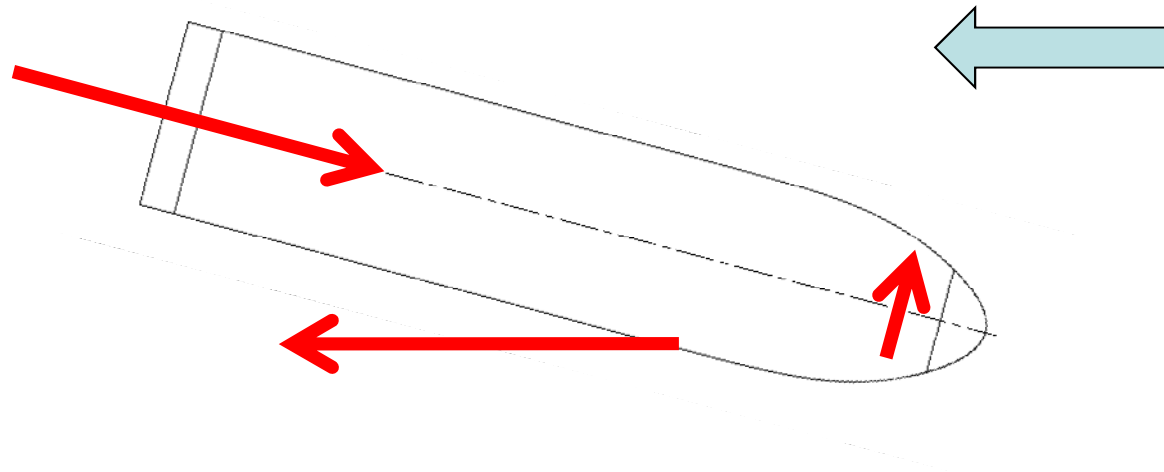
TEST NO.	Hose Length	V SHIP	TOT THRUST kN	FX HOSE	FY HOSE	FZ HOSE	MX HOSE	MY HOSE	MZ HOSE
[-]	[m]	[knots]	MEAN [kN]	MEAN [kN]	MEAN [kN]	MEAN [kN]	MEAN [kNm]	MEAN [kNm]	MEAN [kNm]
302007	132	1.90	126	-92	2	-287	68	67	-2
302008	132	2.98	205	-148	-3	-274	86	98	-29
302004	132	3.96	298	-213	3	-236	213	175	-37

Forces and increase with increase speed, however the forces and moments are also depended on the shape and position the hose takes.

Pitch angle can be used as a control parameter for the behaviour of the under water unit.







aNySIM: Vessel stationary, water moves

DAMEN

New Approach of Deep Sea Dredging

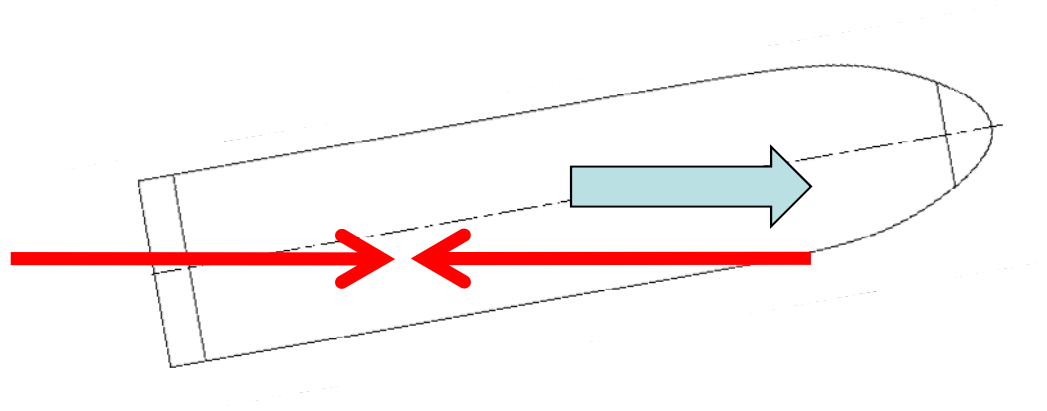
Dredging Equipment

MARIN

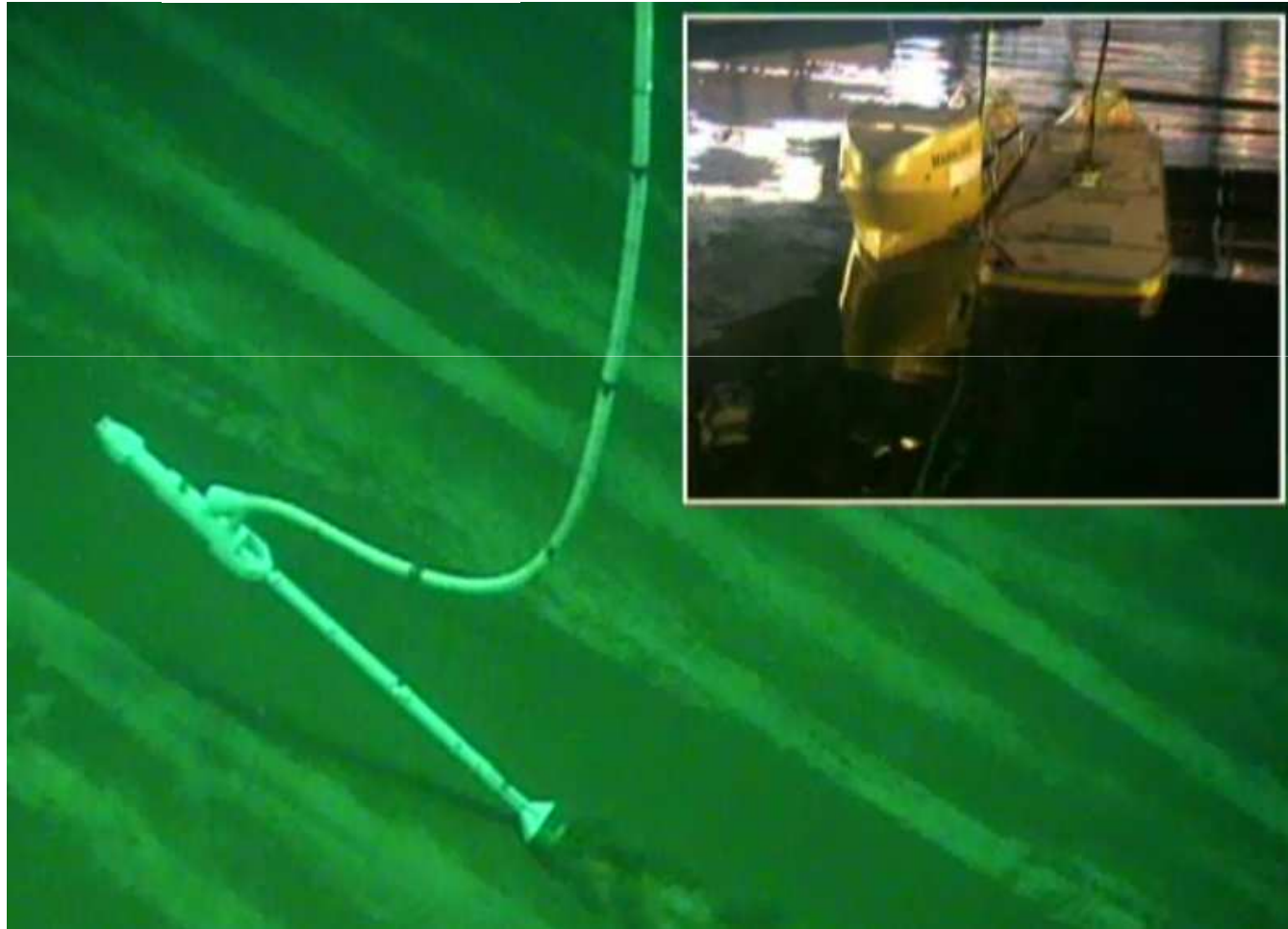
MODEL TEST SET UP IN SMB

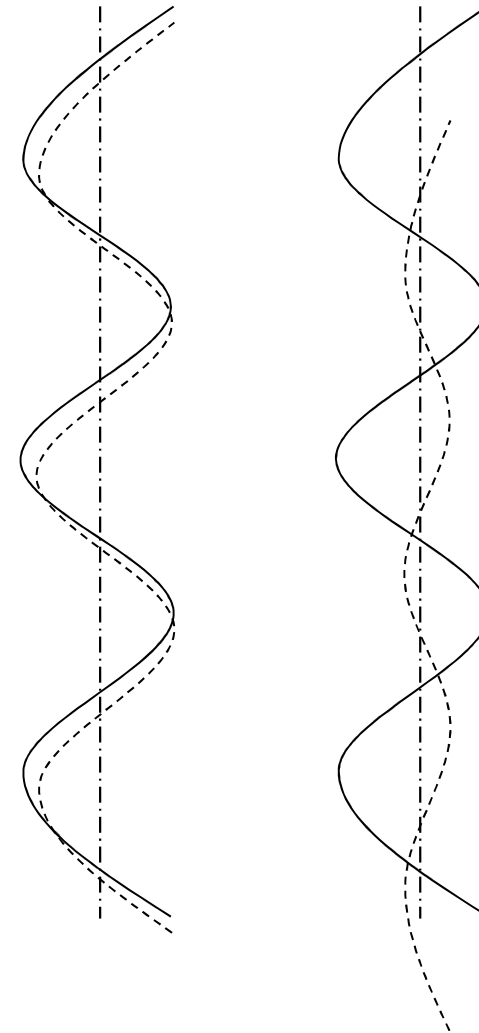
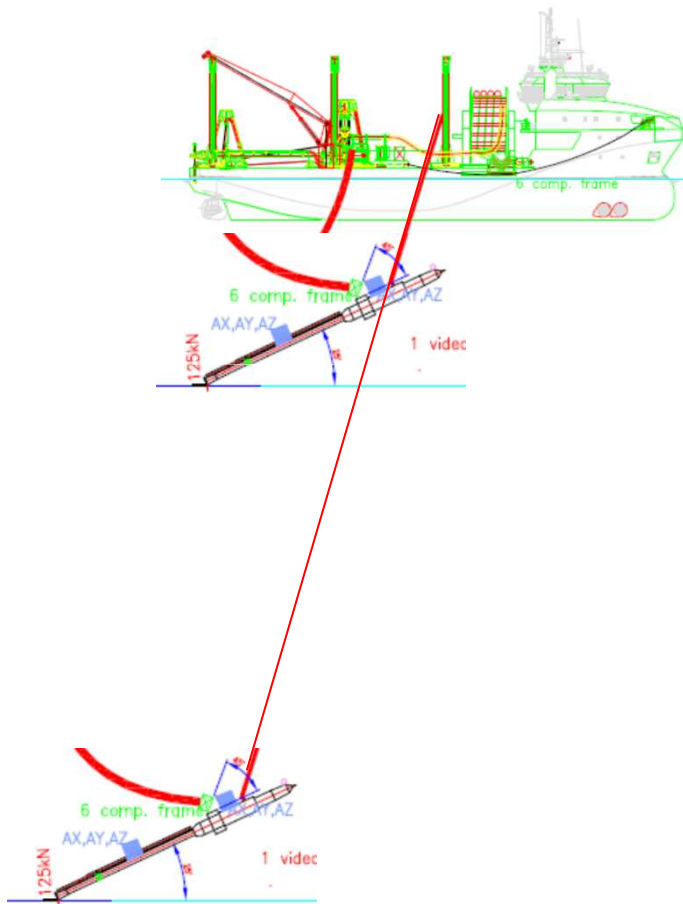


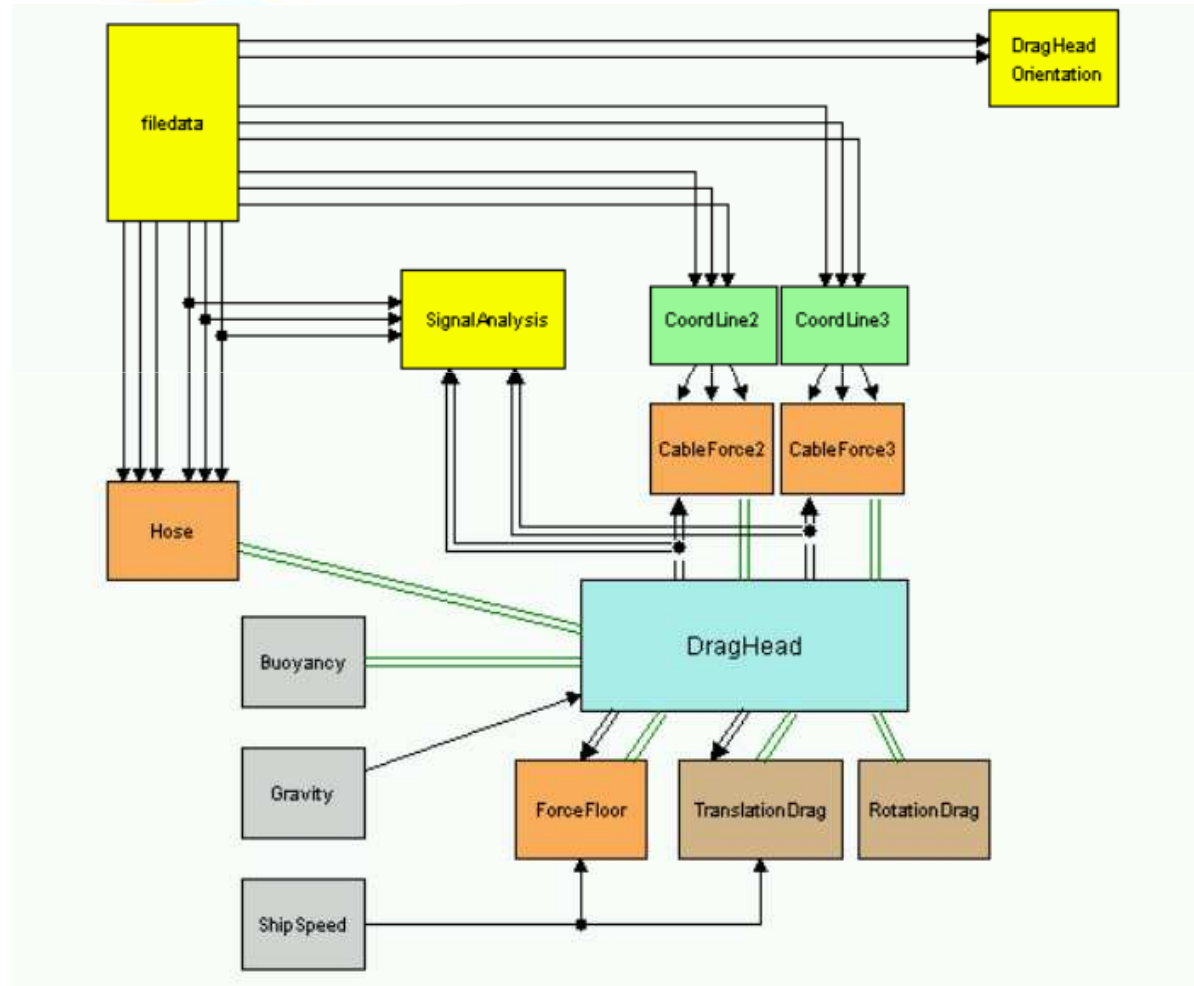
KIVI, Delft, 2011

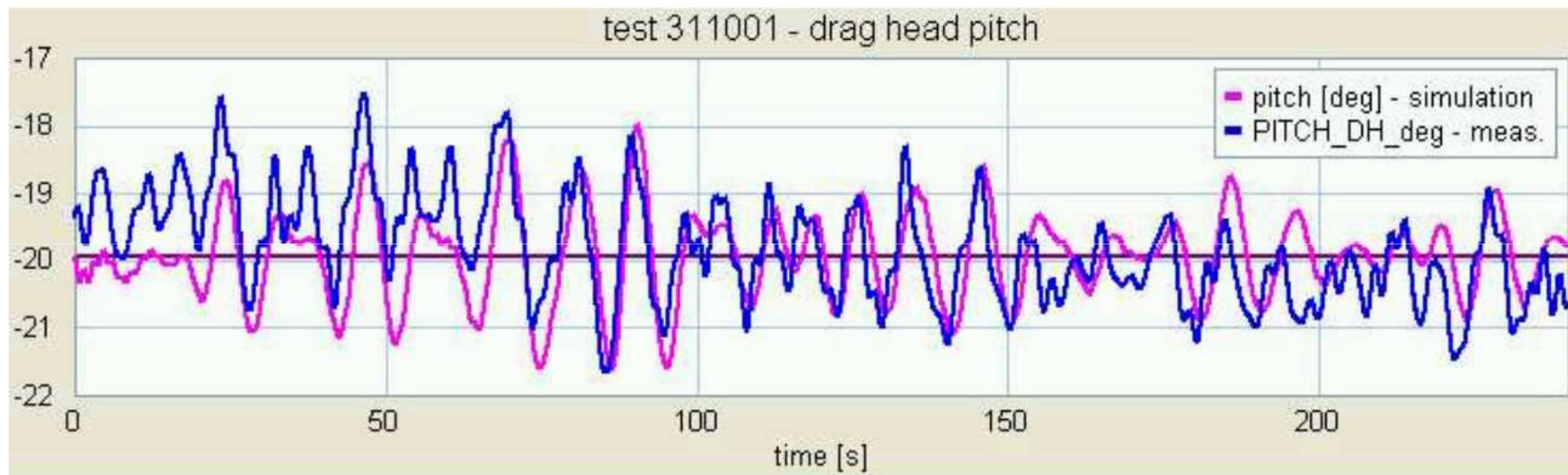


SMB: Water stationary, vessel moves









Application of Reduced Order Modeling for Design of Interacting Maritime Structures

Jan Holterman et al OMAE2011-49260

Tuesday June, 21st: Session 6-2 Marine Vehicles and Structures - I

Conclusions suspension & tracking tests

- VIV will occur, but is manageable
- Suspension forces are engineerable
- Pitch angle to control behaviour of unit
- Course keeping is normal as for TSHD's
- Track accuracy comes naturally
- Engineering model is reliable

DAMEN

New Approach of Deep Sea Dredging

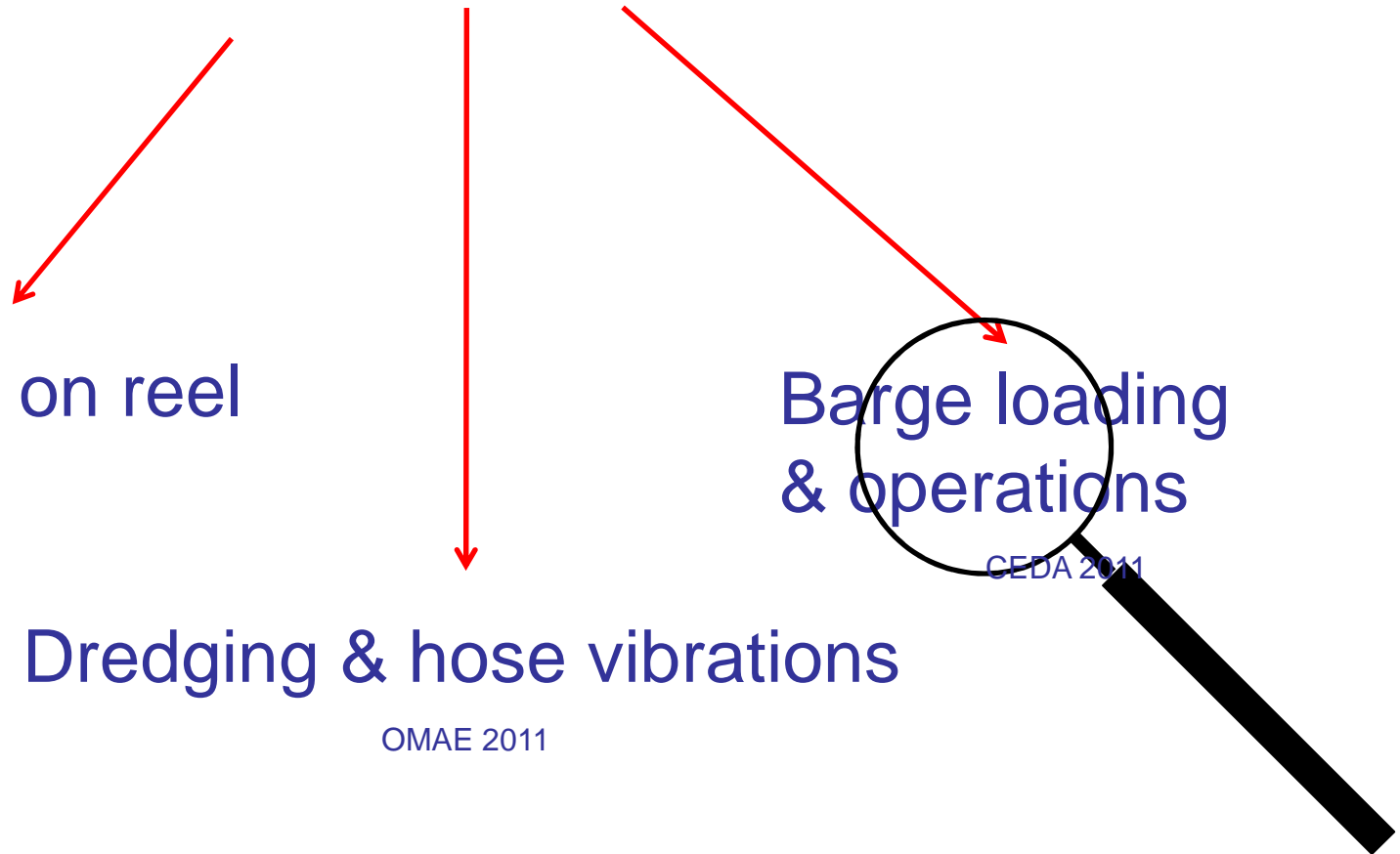
Dredging Equipment

IMPROVED WIRE CONTROL AND SUSPENSION



KIVI, Delft, 2011

Does it work?



WEDA 2011

CEDA 2011

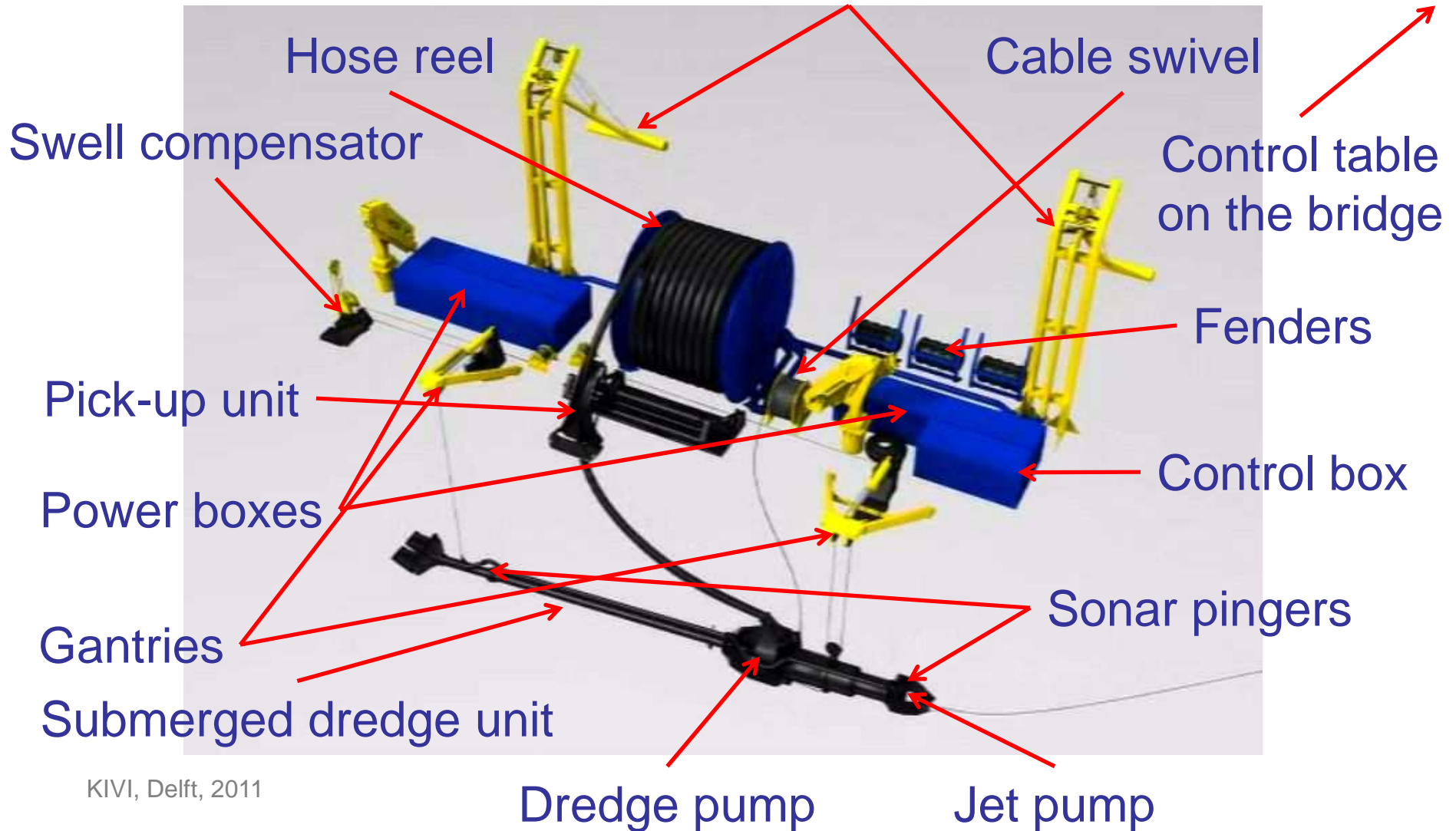
OMAE 2011

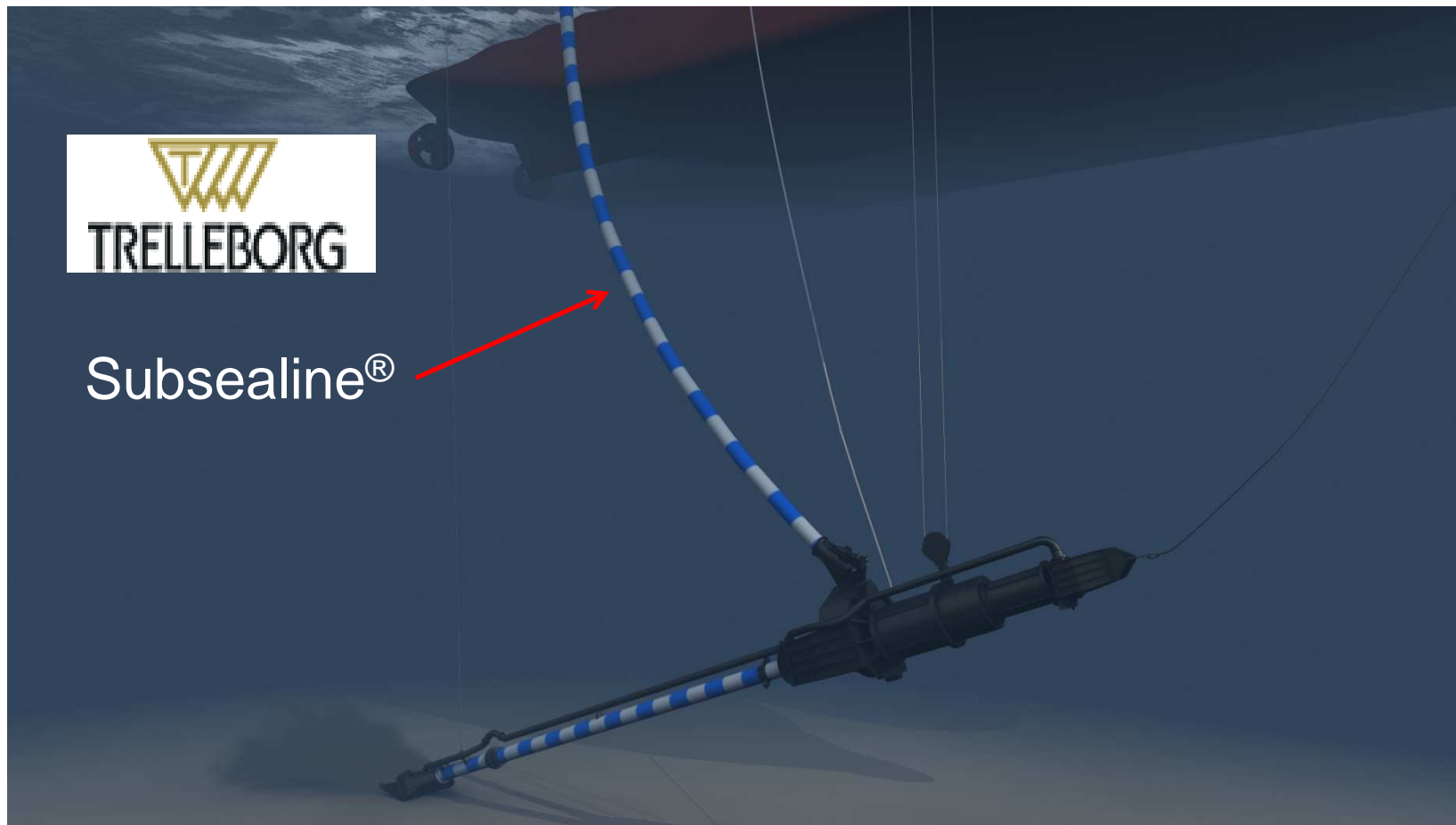
KIVI, Delft, 2011



PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS OF THE RORO DEEP DREDGE SYSTEM

Barge loading spreaders







- Nominal diameter Ø600mm
- Maximum dredging depth 200m
- Pump type BP6055HD
- Installed power 5000kW
- Reel drum diameter 8m
- Storage on drum 225m
- Possible sand capacity 2500m³/h

- Dredging depth up to 200 mtr
- Modulair dredging equipment, can be installed on several platforms
- Well known system elements, minimal adaptation
- Segregation of dredging & transport cycle, resulting in less costs/m³
- Continues cycle, no interruption in the dredging process, no sailing time
- Low investment costs (Platform, Barge & tugs for rental: no direct investment costs)
- Optimum use of invested capital



COMPARE THESE PICTURES



Dredging



Trenching
Leveling
Glory holes
Sampling

DAMEN

New Approach of Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

AVAILABLE ANIMATION

DAMEN

www.damendredging.com

Or



Youtube: [damendredgingcom](https://www.youtube.com/damendredgingcom)

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cG6DfjXNoeE>

New Approach to Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

DAMEN RORO DEEP DREDGE SYSTEM COMBINATION





New Approach to Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

CONTACT

DAMEN DREDGING EQUIPMENT

P.O. Box 1021
3860 BA NIJKERK
The Netherlands

Phone +31 (0) 33 247 40 40
Fax +31 (0) 33 247 40 60
E-mail info@damendredging.com
Website www.damendredging.com



YOUR JOB, OUR TOOLS

KIVI, Delft, 2011



New Approach to Deep Sea Dredging

Dredging Equipment

TITEL VAN DIA